The New-York Times.

VOL. XIX......NO. 5646. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1869. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPE.

A Peaceful "Twenty-sixth" in Paris.

Stansfeld, Mazzini's Ally, Appointed to Office in England.

Threatened Resignation of the Regent Serrano.

THE LATEST MAIL ADVICES FROM SPAIN.

Rapid Progress of the Republican Insurrection.

Extent of the Rebellion and Its Effects.

FRANCE.

Tranquillity in Paris—Precautions by the Government—The Emperor in the Streets in an Open Carriage.

PARIS, Oct. 26—Noon.—The city is entirely tranquil. The Government has taken great precautions to guard against disorder, but no manifestation is likely to occur.

PARIS, Oct. 26—6 P. M.—The city has remained perfectly tranquil up to this hour. The threatened demonstration has not been made, and no disturbance whatever has occurred. The Emperor went out this afternoon in an open carriage, and drove through some of the principal streets.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Appointments to Minor Offices—A Steamship Change.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—ACTON S. AYRTON succeeds Mr. LAYARD as Commissioner of Works and Buildings. JAMES STANSFELD, M. P., has been appointed Secretary of the Treasury, *vice* Mr. AYRTON, and Mr. GORDON replaces the Right Hon. JAMES MONCRIEFF as Lord Advocate of Scotland.

[Mr. AYRTON is member of Parliament for the Tower Hamlets, and has been an office seeker for some years. Mr. GLADSTONE for the first time rewarded his exertions on behalf of his party, which even now are not highly appreciated. Mr. STANSFELD'S appointment is scarcely a promotion, except in point of salary. He will now receive £2,000 a year instead of £1,000.]

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26.—The steamship *Nemesis*, built for the Peninsular and Oriental Company, will sail on Saturday next for New-York, having been substituted for the steamship *China*, which was to have sailed on that day.

SPAIN.

Threatened Resignation of the Regent.

MADRID, Oct. 26.—It is reported that Marshal SERRANO threatens to resign the Regency in case of a rupture between the Unionists and Progressists.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP SCOTIA.

The Cunard steamship *Scotia*, which left Liverpool, Oct. 17, and Queenstown, Oct. 18, reached this port yesterday. Her advices are later by two days than those at hand by the *City of Brussels*.

THE INSURRECTION IN SPAIN.

Progress of the Republican Insurrection—Sanguinary Conflict at Saragossa—Gravity of the Situation as Revealed by the Government Decrees.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MADRID, Wednesday, Oct. 13, 1869.

Some idea of the extent of the present Republican insurrection may be formed from the fact that it has already extended itself to the following Provinces: Barcelona, Tarragona, Lerida, Gerona, Oviedo, Orense, Corunna, Logrono, Huesca, Saragossa, Salamanca, Valladolid, Valencia, Castillon de la Plana, Murcia, Alicante, Albacete, Caceres, Jaen, Cuenca, Ciudad Real, Zamora, Toledo, Granada, Malaga, Cadiz and Seville. The Government reports its decline in the bulk of these, but its statement must be received with reserve. We get no Republican accounts at all, as the heavy hand of the Censor of the Press is laid on all the papers of that party. Many have been entirely suppressed, others suspended, others prosecuted, and all are obliged to write with the greatest caution.

THE FIGHTING AT SARAGOSSA.

The long-delayed mails from Saragossa turned up yesterday, and from the newspapers of that city I extract the following interesting account of the terrible fighting which has been going on there. At 1 o'clock on Wednesday last, the 6th inst., the Civil Governor issued the following string of edicts, which seem to have inaugurated, if they did not provoke, the outbreak. Certainly no measures more calculated to produce it could have been resorted to, especially in a city where the bulk of its 70,000 inhabitants are ardent Republicans.

DECREE.

Don Eduardo de la Lomas y Santos, Governor of this Province, makes known:

That the Republican Party being in arms, and in open rebellion against the form of government which the Constituent Assembly, in the exercise of its sovereignty, has decreed, it has become necessary to suspend the constitutional guarantees, and to prepare to resist with a strong hand the disturbers of public order. In this critical situation all the armed militias which have comprehended their duties, following the loyal example of that of Madrid, have hastened to manifest to the Government their adhesion and to offer it their firm support.

Unfortunately, in Saragossa the same course has not been pursued. A large portion of the citizen militia have maintained rather a suspicious reserve toward the authority which I exercise as the representative of His Highness the Regent of the Kingdom. I would be justified from this single fact, even if I were not in possession of others of a most important and confidential character, in regarding that portion of the citizen militia as adverse to the present order of things and disposed to favor the enemies of public tranquillity and repose. Such a state of things must not continue longer. Comprehending the imperious necessity which exists of reorganizing the citizen forces referred to, and exercising the discretional powers which have been conferred upon me, I decree as follows:

1. The citizen forces of the Volunteers of Liberty, of this city, are dissolved, and will be immediately reorganized.

2. Within the period of six hours, counting from 2 o'clock this afternoon, the hour of the publication of this decree, the Volunteers must deliver up their arms in the Audencia of the University and their park of artillery to the Commissioners of the Provincial Deputation charged to receive them.

3. The Captains of companies in the first place, and the Commandantes of the dissolved battalions in the second, will be personally responsible for the delivery of all the arms they have received, and which must be returned without imperfections, and also for any excesses which the individuals of their respective commands may commit.

4. The tambours, cornets, clarionets and other military effects belonging to the dissolved battalions will be delivered by the respective band masters to the Commissioners in the Artillery Park.

5. Those who in opposition to the foregoing articles resist either actively or passively their exact fulfillment will be arrested and tried militarily, conformably to article 3 of the Martial law of the 17th of April, 1821, put in force by my edict of 4th inst.

EDUARDO DE LA LOMAS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 6, 1869.

DECREE.

Exercising the discretionary faculties which the suspension of the constitutional guarantees confer upon me, I decree as follows:

1. That all clubs, juntas, committees and political associations, no matter what may be their form or regulations, provided they are in opposition to the form of government established by the Constitution of the Spanish nation, decreed and sanctioned by the Cortes Constituyentes on the 1st July, are dissolved.

2. Those who contravene the foregoing order will be dissolved by the public forces, arrested and tried as disturbers of public order.

EDUARDO DE LA LOMAS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 6, 1869.

DECREE.

Contrary to what I had a right to hope, the Corporation of this city, which is a model of sensitiveness and of decision in the cause of liberty and order, have not responded to their traditional antecedents by placing themselves in the present critical circumstances by the side of the Government—a proceeding which would have been an energetic and explicit protest against those evil counselors who under the shadow of the Republican banner seek to destroy the liberty which has cost the country so much blood and so many sacrifices. The silence of the Municipal Corporation at such a time explains clearly that if not all, at least the greater part, of its members approve in their hearts, and would help the scandalous rebellion which, without any justifying reason, is to-day disturbing the public tranquillity.

For this reason, and in the exercise of the discretional faculties which the suspension of the constitutional guarantees gives me, I decree as follows:

1. The Ayuntamiento of this capital is dissolved. I reserve to myself the nomination of their temporary substitutes (interino.)

EDUARDO DE LA LOMAS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 6, 1869.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The following accounts of the subsequent events are thus detailed in the *Gco de Aragon:*

"The Captain-General having ordered the reorganization of the citizen militia, a great deal of agitation was observable among the population. It was increased by the entrance into the city of forty or fifty prisoners belonging to the rebel parties of PEDROLA and GATTUR, in custody of the civil guard. At 2:30 in the afternoon barricades were erected and they opened fire, which continued to the early part of this morning in the Barrios of San Pablo, in which the people fired from the streets which meet at the market, and from the Tower of San Pablo, which they occupied early in the afternoon. The fighting had been prolonged in the parishes of San Miguel and La Magdalena, where it commenced at the same time as in San Pablo, and lasted all the night with short intervals. It was renewed with great intensity during this morning up to 10 o'clock, at which hour it ceased, the people, as we are told, retiring by the port near the Tower of Bruil, from which point they crossed the Ebro on pontoons. We cannot to-day give further details, but will try to do so to-morrow. Neither can we report the casualties, which, we believe, are numerous, and which we deplore, for the blood shed is Spanish blood, and the blood of Spanish Liberals! On both sides the combat was carried on with the valor natural to Spaniards. At midday a battalion of the Ingenieros arrived, and more forces are expected. At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the alarm was revived by firing made from the top of the Corso, but at 6, the hour in which we close this, it has completely ceased."

The same paper reports as follows on the next day:

"Continuing the *résumé* we gave yesterday of the events which have taken place in this capital, what we have it in our power to add to-day may be thus summed up: It was 11:30 and not 10 in the morning when the barricades formed in the Plaza de San Miguel, Calles del Heroismo and Cadena and Puerto del Duque de la Victoria were taken by the troops, after a prolonged struggle, in which the greatest bravery was displayed on both sides. At 3:30 in the afternoon the Captain-General, accompanied by some of his staff and a small escort, passed through the Plaza de Salamero. Some shots were fired at him by the people. This gave rise to the renewal for a quarter of an hour of the combat, which had ceased in the morning. The rest of the afternoon and also the night were passed tranquilly. The troops of the garrison were reinforced by two battalions of Ingenieros, one battalion of Cazadores and a squadron of cavalry, and the city was occupied militarily. In the first hours of the morning some prisoners were taken. Those captured during the combat exceeded 150.

The accounts we have heard respecting the persons said to have been at the head of the movement are so very contradictory that we shall not make any allusion to them to-day.

During the combat some of the peasantry from the neighboring populations made for the city, but bodies of cavalry had been skillfully placed by Captain-General BASSOLS and effectually impeded their entrance. We come now by way of an appendix, which we will amplify if necessary hereafter, to the saddest part of our narrative, for it grieves and distresses us to have to detail the losses on both sides, when we remember that all were sons of one country, and all Liberals, who were yesterday engaged in deadly strife. According to the best data we have been able to procure, the army had eighteen killed and seventy-five wounded. Of these six are officers and two Captains. Of the people, twenty-two killed and nine wounded were picked up in the streets and carried to the Civil Hospital. Among them were some women and children, innocent victims of the struggle. This estimate does not include the dead and wounded in private houses, the number of whom is not known."

The Captain-General, when he took the direction of the city, issued the following proclamation:

PROCLAMATION.

"The Republican Party having risen in open rebellion against the Government established by the Cortes Constituyentes, the latter, in the exercise of its sovereignty, has authorized the Government of His Highness the Regent of the Kingdom to declare the nation in a state of war, and as in the district under my command there have risen in arms small parties, who, although they are approaching their annihilation, do not the less inspire alarm among the peaceful inhabitants, disquietude in property holders, and terror in the minds of the timid, for the rebels abandon themselves to assassination, robbery and all sorts of vandalic excesses, in exercise of the faculties conceded to me by the Government of his Highness the Regent of the Kingdom, and in virtue of the civil Governor having resigned his command to me, I decree as follows:

1. That this city and the territory comprehended in the military district of Aragon are declared in a state of siege.

2. Those who, under any pretence, disturb public order, or try to oppose the decrees of the Cortes Constituyntes and the orde rs emanating from the Government of his Highness the Regent, will be tried by an ordinary Council of War, according to the law of the 17th April, 1821, and punished according to its prescriptions.

3. Those who destroy telegraphic wires and obstruct railways, as also the authorities who fail to give information of the movements of rebel parties, or who fail to give to the columns of the army the intelligence and assistance which may be deemed necessary, will be considered as disturbers of public order and subjected to the said law of the 17th of April, 1821.

4. Those who commit exactions in money or effects which belong to the public finances will be responsible for their restoration and considered as defrauders of the same without prejudice to the personal responsibility which will be exacted from them according to the law.

5. The civil and judicial authorities will continue in the free exercise of their respective functions, although always dependent on the military authorities in respect to the fulfillment of this edict.

JOAQUIN BASSOLS.

SARAGOSSA Oct. 7, 1869.

PROCLAMATION.

In virtue of the powers with which I am invested by this part of the Province of Aragon, being in a state of siege, I decree as follows:

1. In the space of four hours from the publication of this decree, all the arms remaining in the possession of the volunteers subject to reorganization, which have not as yet been delivered to the authorities, must be given up.

2. When the said period has expired, domiciliary visits will be made, and the persons in whose possession arms are found will be delivered to the Council of War, to be tried and punished according to the law of the 17th April, 1821.

3. In view of the outrageous attack committed on a soldier of this garrison, who was severely wounded by various groups in the Calle de Meca, all assemblies of more than five persons are prohibited. The groups which exceed this number will be dissolved by the armed forces if they disobey the first summons to disperse.

Saragossians! As honorable and peaceful men ought not to be confounded with the enemies of order and liberty, apply yourselves to your occupations, avoid those who seek to disturb order, and thus render more explicit and less difficult the fulfillment of the law.

JOAQUIN BASSOLS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 7, 1869.

PROCLAMATION.

The total number of arms received by the volunteers not having as yet been delivered up, and some of the peasantry having been taken in the act of resistance to the troops, armed with muskets and all kinds of weapons, in virtue of the powers with which I am invested I decree:

1. That within one hour, which will conclude at noon to-day, all firearms in the hands of the people must be given up.

2. Those who are authorized to use arms must also present themselves, with their authorization, which will in due time be returned to them if they are persons known for their respect for order and good conduct.

3. Domiciliary visits will be made when the aforesaid period has expired. The inhabitants must have their doors open, that the armed forces may comply with this disposition.

4. Those who infringe any of these articles and with whom arms are found on visitation, even although they may not have made any resistance, will be considered as disturbers of public order, conveyed to prison and delivered to the jurisdiction of the Council of War.

JOAQUIN BASSOLS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 9, 1869.

PROCLAMATION.

SARAGOSSIANS! In a few hours an [illegible] has been conquered which filled this [illegible] time-honored city with consternation [illegible] law will be inexorable toward tho[illegible] getful of their sacred duties, have [illegible] push to the verge of a precipice your precious liberties! Peaceful citizens: Return to your usual occupations! Let tranquillity be restored! Confide in the valor of the brave army and in the zeal and energy which in watching over your security will ever be displayed by your Captain-General.

JOAQUIN BASSOLS.

SARAGOSSA, Oct. 8, 1869.

All was quiet at Saragossa at the last accounts, and the city was occupied militarily.

THE CORTES.

Since the withdrawal of the Republican minority the proceedings in the Cortes have had no interest for your readers, except on yesterday, when the House passed a vote of thanks to the "heroes of Tunas," as they are called. Two of the Porto Rico Deputies spoke on this occasion, being the first on which we have seen the Colonial representatives in the Cortes. But Cuba is quite out of men's thoughts for the moment, for the insurrection at home claims all their attention.

Worthlessness of the Frequent Reports—The Fight at Saragossa—Bravery of the Insurgents—The Terrible Scenes in the Town of Walls—Fright of the People—Destruction of Property and Murders.

From Another Correspondent.

MADRID, Wednesday, Oct. 13, 1869.

The Government accounts which reach you of the progress of the Republican insurrection are, I need not tell you, very little to be depended upon. You will remember that previous to the triumph of the Revolution in September, 1868, the Government organs kept the public mystified up to the last moment, and it was only when the possession of the railway and telegraph lines had passed from the control of the authorities that the actual facts became known. As the Government of ISABELLA did then, the pseudo-constitutional Government of SERRANO, PRIM & Co. is doing now. Here in Madrid we know but little of what is passing in the Provinces, except what the *Gazette* chooses to tell us, and that, I need not add, is almost always one-sided. Thus, on the 9th, that veracious organ informed us that all the insurgents of Catalonia were in full rout, and now we learn that they have again made their appearance in different villages of the Province. At Ternel there has been a fresh rising, and the Federal Republic has been proclaimed. A large body of troops has been sent there. The fight at Saragossa was a sanguinary affair. The insurgents were only 600 in number, while the troops amounted to 1,000. The former displayed the greatest bravery. They captured a cannon after cutting down the artillerymen and soldiers who guarded it. The fight lasted over thirty hours, and was only put an end to by the artillery battering down a number of houses from whence the insurgents kept up a murderous fire. This was a work of some time, for the Spanish houses are built like fortresses. It is stated that upward of 200 men were killed in the struggle, and the number of wounded may consequently be estimated at five times that number.

CRUEL ACTS OF THE INSURGENTS.

The statements which reach us concerning the events which have taken place in the town of Walls, give a highly-colored and perhaps not altogether faithful account of the acts committed by the insurgents. When reduced to the strict limits of truth they will be found bad enough. The "terrorists," for such, it is stated, the members of the Republican Club call themselves, begun their operations by killing in the street two of the wealthiest proprietors in the place. After this, under the pretence of searching for arms, they sacked their houses and burned their furniture on the public square. A notary, named GAY was served in the same manner. From Señor PRAT, a lawyer and a member of the Departmental Council, they took a sum of $3,000, and burned all his papers, including a number of important notarial acts. The manufactory of Señor CASTELLET was set on fire, and the house of Señor ARNET, the lawyer, was also pillaged and burned to the ground. Then, learning that its owner was concealed in a neighboring house, the band hunted him out, and, after dragging him through the streets, put him to death by shooting him. Señor FERRERA, another lawyer, was next taken out and murdered in cold blood. A scene that would have moved any but the hardest hearts followed these atrocities. Señor DASCA, a notary, who had rendered himself obnoxious, had prudently taken to flight, knowing the fate that was in store for him. The terrorists surrounded his house, but on entering it found only Mme. DASCA and her son, an only child. They demanded money from her, and obtained a sum of about $1,000. Not satisfied with this, they insisted on getting more, and as she was unable to comply with their demands they took young DASCA and dragged him through the streets to murder him. The unfortunate mother threw herself between her boy and his assassins, covered him with her body, and told them that to kill him they must first kill her. The scene is described as having been tragic and touching in the extreme. The supplications of the wretched mother were at last successful, and she was allowed to carry her boy home with her. Both are said to be still suffering from the shock of this terrible scene. The house of Señor GRAU, the notary, was next pillaged and burned. Then followed the sack and destruction of the residence of Señor HOUES, notary and advocate. Señor HOUES had concealed himself with a sum of about $600. He was smoked out of his hiding place, dragged through the streets and shot. Señor ONAFRE, a merchant, was shot while he was seated at his supper table. Señors PADIO and Ro[illegible] were killed in the same manner. Fifteen of the richest merchants were stripped of everything they had, and their houses completely gutted.

One of the bankers of the town, M. MONCASSE, was visited by three chiefs of the band, who went to him to demand arms in the name of the sovereign people. As soon as they entered the house they demanded money. He handed to two of the chiefs a sum amounting to nearly $1,100. The third chief guarded the door. When he learned that his two comrades had received the above sum he went and denounced them as thieves, and then consistently got three other terrorists to join him and to go and exact a similar sum. The scoundrels having extorted the amount, went to a *cabaret* to drink and gamble. They were killed while thus engaged, but the banker did not succeed in recovering his money.

THE ASSASSIN MURILLO.

Such are the stories which reach us here of the proceedings of the insurgents. I do not seek to extenuate them, but I am justified in saying that they are to be received with reserve. There would be nothing extraordinary in them, however, in a country one of the most eminent statesmen of which, Señor OLOZAGA, writes to a criminal of the deepest dye a letter expressive of his sympathy and of his intention to try and obtain his pardon. In order to give you some idea of the light in which the crime of assassination is regarded in Spain, let me give you a few particulars respecting this man MURILLO, for whom the Spanish Minister in Paris is interceding.

After committing eight successive murders on the Peninsula, none of them, be it remarked, political, Señor OLOZAGA'S *protégé* succeeded in escaping the civil guards who were on his track, and in crossing the Pyrennees. He had scarcely entered France when he scaled and broke into the first story of a country house inhabited by a master and his servant. On entering the bedroom of the latter he awoke him by plunging a dagger to the hilt in his back, hoping by this means the more readily to overcome the resistance of the master. The wounded man, however, by a desperate effort succeeded in seizing the assassin and throwing him out of the window. The unfortunate young man expired shortly after. This murder, the ninth of Señor MURILLO'S exploits of this character, created all the more excitement from the fact that the victim was a devoted son, and supported an aged mother by his earnings. The French [illegible], more [illegible] or more incorruptible, than those of Spain, pursued an d caught the murderer, and he was brought before the Assize Court at Pau and condemned to death. It is just at this stage that the letter of Señor OLOZAGA to his worthy compatriot mades its appearance. The commencement of this epistle is characteristic.

"You are a Spaniard," writes the Minister, "and you have been condemned to death. I represent Spain in this Empire, and I have been much nearer the gallows than you are near the guillotine. This will explain to you now much I interest myself in your fate, but I ought not to tell you just now of all the steps that I am taking to save your life. It is my duty, and at the same time my greatest desire. Nevertheless I fear that I shall not be able to obtain the pardon that I have solicited from the Emperor."

Further on the Minister says:

I should like to procure you some distraction such as that of smoking, for example, if you are in the habit of it, or some other amusement that might be permitted to you in prison. I have given orders that your desires in this regard may be satisfied at my expense. Do not drink much, for if it seems agreeable in your situation to lose one's reason somewhat, it is a horrible torment to recover it and to see distinctly and close to one the supreme moment.

Think of this last hour, but think also that there is a man to whom his own misfortunes have rendered life bitter, and who, nevertheless, if he can save you, will esteem himself happy, and desire to live to be useful to unfortunates like you.

Your affectionate,
S. DE OLOZAGA.

When I saw this letter first copied from a French paper, I thought it a hoax, but as it has since found extensive circulation and not been repudiated by the writer, I am justified in accepting it as genuine. I leave you to make your own comments upon it.

Let me add that the sympathy of Señor OLOZAGA for "unfortunates" of this class is anything but singular among the political men of Spain. One of the first acts performed by PRIM when he obtained the Ministry of War, was to promote to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel an officer who was condemned to the galleys some eight or ten years ago, for one of the most cold-blooded murders that figure in the judicial records of a country heavily stained with crime. This man, to her credit be it said, Queen ISABELLA resolutely refused to pardon, despite the pressure brought to bear on her by the family of the criminal. He only ventured to return to Madrid after the revolution of September, and is now among the most devoted of the mercenaries who surround PRIM'S person.

THE SECOND EMPIRE.

Louis Napoleon Interviewed—His Hopes for His Dynasty.

The journal *Paris*, in its political column, reproduces the terms of a conversation which, it says, took place in 1867, at the time of the Exhibition, between the Emperor of the French and Mr. R——, the head of a United States family with whom LOUIS NAPOLEON has remained ever since his residence in America on terms of affectionate intimacy. "It was," says that journal, "shortly after an illness of the Prince Imperial. Fears had been entertained that his life was in danger, and the Emperor, who adores his son, was still haunted by the phantoms of the child's malady. "If I had had the misfortune," said His Majesty, to lose him, and if I had been convinced of the impossibility of having another direct heir, I should certainly have put into execution an extraordinary project. I should have given France the privileges, liberties and institutions of a Republic; I should have decided to become the first citizen of my country, after having restored to it all that the necessities of policy have compelled me to deprive it of for a time; in a word, I should have rendered impossible, after me, any other form of government than the republican, the only one which, wisely understood and applied by an energetic Power, suits the temperament of the French people. But the dream must be renounced, as a father has no right to destroy his son's prospects. I shall endeavor to find the means of reconciling two principles which seem incompatible—the Empire and Liberty. My heirs will reign, and France will only lose a distinctive epithet, the name of a Republic."

Victor Hugo on the Crisis—A Present Insurrection Discountenanced.

M. VICTOR HUGO has written the following letter to the Paris *Siècle:*

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12.

MY DEAR FRIEND AND FORMER COLLEAGUE: I receive the *Siècle*. I read your article, which touches me, honors me, and surprises me. I thank you for giving me an opportunity of putting an end to a mistake. In the first place, I am a mere reader of the *Rappel*. I thought I had said so plainly enough to make it unnecessary to repeat it. In the second place, I have not recommended, and do not recommend any manifestation for the 26th of October. I have fully approved of the *Rappel* when it called upon the members of the Left for a manifestation in which the people of Paris could take part—a demonstration essentially pacific and without arms, like the demonstrations of the people of London in such a case, like the demonstration of 120,000 Fenians at Dublin a few days ago—that is what the *Rappel* wanted. But as the Left holds aloof, the people must hold aloof too. The people haven't a standpoint to go to work. Therefore no manifestation. Right is on the people's side: violence on the Government's side. Let us give no pretext to the Government to use violence against right. On the 26th of October no one must go down into the streets. The obvious result of the present state of things must be the abolition of the oath. A solemn declaration of the representatives of the Left releasing themselves from the oath (*i. e.*, the oath to the Emperor,) in presence of the nation, that is the real issue of the crisis—the moral and revolutionary issue. It is purposely I couple these two words. Let the people abstain, and the Chassepot is paralyzed; let the representatives speak out, and the oath is abolished. These are the two recommendations I wish to make, and as you ask me what my idea is, there it is. One word more: When I recommend an insurrection, I shall be there. But on this occasion I don't recommend one. I thank you for your eloquent appeal. I reply to it in haste, and shake your hand.

VICTOR HUGO.

Stone, Nichols & Stone—A Denial.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The following article appeared in to-day's edition of the *World:*

GRANT'S STOCK SPECULATIONS.

Yesterday afternoon our reporter called on GEORGE E. STONE, of the firm of STONE, NICHOLS & STONE, brokers, No. 52 Wall-street. It will be remembered that they are the brokers through whom it is alleged the President bought Government bonds on a margin of four per cent., became a "bull" in Wall-street, and sold out to JAY GOULD at a handsome profit. Mr. STONE said that he had read the statement in the *World* that the firm had bought and sold stocks for General GRANT, but he did not wish to deny it. He did not wish to say anything about the matter unless called upon to do so by the proper (legal) authority. The affair was none of his. He had never done anything himself of which he was ashamed. If there was scandal afloat concerning the President, which might be set at rest by his denying that it was true, he did not propose to make any such denial. He proposed to let matters take their course. He understood the position in which this placed the President.

The facts are: A man called at my office yesterday, and asked if I had read the article in the *Saturday Review*, referring to STONE, *Martin* & STONE as brokers for General GRANT, &c. I told him I had not seen the *Saturday Review*, but that one or two articles had appeared in the *World* and *Sun* implying that STONE, NICHOLS & STONE were Mr. CORBIN'S brokers. He expressed surprise at this, and thought there must be some mistake about it, as he was a reporter for the *World* and had not seen anything of the kind; that on reading the article in the *Saturday Review* he had made inquiry and found that there were but two firms in Wall-street connected with the name of STONE; that he would like to ask whether we were willing to deny acting as brokers for General GRANT. I told him that if the Grand Jury or General GRANT or any party having a direct interest or any transaction through the firm of STONE, NICHOLS & Co., of which firm I was a partner, requested that we would answer fully any proper questions; that we had nothing to conceal, but that we did not acknowledge the right of newspaper reporters to question us in these matters, and that I would neither deny or acknowledge to them anything in regard to the articles that had appeared. He then said that he would be very glad to have a denial from us, as on searching the records in New-Jersey they had found the accusation which appeared against Mrs. GRANT without foundation. My reply was, as before, that we did not acknowledge the right of newspaper correspondents to question us. This is, as near as I can recollect, the whole of the conversation between us. It was the intention of my partners, as well as of myself, to have taken no notice of the several articles which had appeared in the papers, but now I feel it my duty to state positively that STONE, NICHOLS & Co. have never made a transaction of any kind or nature in which they had reason to believe or suppose that General GRANT, either as an individual or as President of the United States, had any direct or indirect interest.

Yours respectfully, GEO. E. STONE.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1869.

WASHINGTON.

The Union and Central Pacific Railroads—Forthcoming Report of the Commission—The Public Buildings and Grounds—General Michler's Report—The New Issue of Legal Tenders—General McMahon on Lopez.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The Commission which is to report finally upon the Central and Union Pacific Railroads is now writing the report, and it will be ready for submission in about a week. Upon this report depends the final acceptance of the roads by the Government, and it is already known that the Commission will recommend such acceptance, and will at the same time point out some details wherein the roads are not fully up to the required standard. To guarantee this it will be recommended that the Government take ample security. The members of the Commission are unanimous in the opinion that the roads on the whole are much better than new roads usually are.

THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

General MICHLER, of the Engineer Department, under whose methodical and practical supervision the duties of the Commissioner of Public Buildings are now performed, has submitted his annual report to his chief, General HUMPHREYS, from which the following extracts, relating to well-known public improvements in and around the city, are taken. In making suggestions respecting the preservation and improvement of the public squares and reservations, and in again calling attention to the establishment of a national park, General MICHLER refers to his last two annual reports, wherein the subject was thoroughly discussed, and no additional recommendations can be made. Their important relation to the hygiene of the capital, the improved appearance offered to the streets and avenues, and the greatly-enhanced value of property, not to dwell upon the means thereby furnished by the cultivation of a taste for the beautiful, are strong and sufficient arguments to continue the bestowal upon them of the care and expense required for their adornment. Owing to the very limited appropriations for the purpose but little more has been done during the fiscal year than to endeavor to keep them in passable order.

The Capitol grounds have changed but very little, owing to the smallness of the appropriation. The extension of these grounds progresses but slowly. The Smithsonian grounds require a great deal of attention, and many additional improvements are needed to make the arrangement complete and in accordance with the original design. It is to be hoped that no further cause may arise for the want of funds, and that the work may progress rapidly toward completion. The grounds of the Agricultural Department are being handsomely arranged and embellished. The monumental reservation remains unchanged. It is susceptible of very great adornment, particularly as it is located in such close proximity to the banks of the Potomac. The proposed plan for the laying out of the grounds immediately south of the White House is being executed to the very utmost limit that the appropriation will admit of. It is very much to be regretted that an improvement which adds so much beauty to the surroundings of the buildings occupied by the Chief Magistrate of the nation, and one which will prove of so great convenience, can only be partially completed for the present by reason of a want of funds. The consideration of the plans submitted for the embellishment and adornment of the different reservations known as "The Mall," with a view of uniting them in one grand drive extending from the Executive Mansion to the Capitol, is respectfully asked. Lafayette, Franklin, Judiciary and Scott squares have been kept in as good condition as the very limited appropriations will admit. A new "circle" has been inclosed at the intersection of Massachusetts-avenue, Connecticut-avenue, and New-Hampshire-avenue. An additional square corresponding to Scott-square has also been laid out near the junction of Connecticut-avenue and K-street. Several triangular reservations at the crossings of Pennsylvania-avenue by some of the lateral streets, have also been inclosed. The great drought of the past Summer has not only killed many of the plants and trees, but has interfered materially with every other embellishment of the different grounds. Fountains in the reservations are therefore suggested.

AVENUES AND STREETS.—In regard to the avenues of the city it is suggested that sufficient provision should be made to pay the proportional part of the expense of any improvements which have actually been or are proposed by the city authorities and which pass by or through any of the public buildings or grounds. From the very nature of the contract between controlling powers entered into at the time the Capitol was located on the banks of the Potomac, the Government is bound to take some action. The repaving of Pennsylvania-avenue is an absolute necessity. For two years Congress has neglected to appropriate any money for attending to the many and needed repairs along it, or even for keeping it in a cleanly and healthy condition. Two men, with a horse and cart, is the entire force engaged in removing the filth which accumulates over a distance of three miles. All the approaches to the Capitol should be placed in the most complete order. Several of these are nearly impassable. The removal of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad depot from its present site will no doubt be again agitated, and with companies that may find it to their interest to unite upon some one central position for the depot.

The White House has undergone very important and necessary repairs. Many more demand attention. Attention is again respectfully called to the report heretofore submitted upon the selection of a site for a new Presidential Mansion. Its thorough completion is imperatively demanded and the necessary appropriation should no longer be withheld. No public building in the District conduces so much toward the health and wants of the permanent residents of the capital, and the comfort of transient visitors and Government officials who seek it for pleasure and business, as the Washington Aqueduct. It is the only safeguard against the destruction of not only private professions, but also of the immense amount of public property accumulated within the limits of a few square miles. There is a wealth of important archives stored away within these boundaries that can never be replaced should they once be destroyed.

In closing his report General MICHLER quotes from that submitted last year in regard to the aqueduct, and ends by stating that its total cost when completed will be less than four millions. The total amount of estimates furnished by General MICHLER, as needed appropriations for his uses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1870, is $1,144,384.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

GENERAL M'MAHON AND THE PARAGUAYANS.

General MCMAHON, late Minister to Paraguay, is now in Washington, on business with the State Department. His proceedings as Minister are approved on the ground that they show his course was marked by commendable diligence, discretion, dignity and firmness. The General confirms the report of the Allies firing upon his party while with the Paraguayan flag of truce. He thinks the present position of LOPEZ is stronger than heretofore, and the announcement by the Allies of the war being ended was simply a pretext for withdrawing the invading troops. The Paraguayans conduct their war without money; make their own cannon and powder and other hostile appliances, while the women plant and gather the crops. The Uruguayans scarcely contributed a regiment to the Allied force; the Argentine Confederation four or five thousand, and the Brazilians twenty-two or twenty-five thousand more. The Paraguayan Legion now guarding, or in possession of Ascuncion, numbers about two thousand men. It is composed in a small part of deserters to the Allies, with Paraguayan prisoners of war who have been compelled to enter the service, together with an equal number of Brazilians. The Provisional Government is regarded as inefficient by all who are familiar with its history, and as not promising stability. LOPEZ is represented by General MCMAHON to be possessed of fine administrative abilities, and not more cruel in war than the most complaining of the Allied Generals. The devotion of the people to their chief is without example. The people are not only obedient, but always ready to incur any risk or make any sacrifice which may be demanded by him. LOPEZ contemplates the restoration of prosperity to his country by immigrants from the United States, to whom he will offer inducements to settle there by the grant of lands.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

A rough estimate, so far as returns have been received, is that the public debt statement for the month ending October will show a reduction of $8,000,000.

AN EXCISE DECISION.

The Commissioner of the Internal Revenue has decided that vintners are not subject to the special tax as liquor dealers for selling their own products at the place of manufacture.

GENERAL BUTTERFIELD.

His Resignation as Assistant Treasurer—Premature Reports about the Appointment of a Successor—General Butterfield's Reasons for His Resignation.

On Monday evening, as already announced, General BUTTERFIELD forwarded his resignation as Assistant United States Treasurer to the Secretary of the Treasury, having previously notified the latter of his action by telegraph.

After his resignation become known in this City numerous persons were mentioned as having been selected to succeed him, among others Mr. JACOB D. VERMILYE, President of the Merchants' National Bank; Mr. VAN DYCK, the former Assistant Treasurer; Hon. CALVIN T. HULBURD, the Superintendent of construction of the new Post Office, and Mr. JACOB RUSSELL, Cashier of the Gold Exchange Bank. A rumor was prominently circulated to the effect that Mr. VERMILYE was the fortunate man; that he had been waited on by District-Attorney PIERREPONT and Collector GRINNELL, and that the latter gentleman had tendered him Mr. BUTTERFIELD'S position on behalf of Secretary BOUTWELL. This was found to be without the slightest foundation, however, the fact being that no definite action whatever was taken in Washington yesterday in regard to the resignation or the appointment of a successor in place of General BUTTERFIELD. An official telegram to the above effect was received in this City early last evening, which may be regarded as the most authentic intelligence in the matter. Several motives were assigned for General BUTTERFIELD'S action, after it became publicly known, all of which had the appearance of being mere invention.

General BUTTERFIELD first demanded, as an officer of the United States Army, to have the charges which have been made against him investigated by a Court Martial. Mr. BANFIELD, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, was accordingly sent here to find if such a plan was feasible, but subsequently came to the conclusion that it would be almost impossible to appoint a military tribunal to inquire into the alleged misconduct of General BUTTERFIELD in the discharge of his duties as a civil officer. The General then decided to present his resignation, as the best means for securing the desired investigation. He courts inquiry, and says he has no fear of the result. He says that his resignation will remove all obstacles in the way of an investigation, and that it will give the Government an opportunity to proceed in a fair and impartial manner in the premises.

The Case of General Butterfield in Washington.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—General BUTTERFIELD'S letter of resignation as Assistant Treasurer was received by Secretary BOUTWELL this morning, and laid before General GRANT prior to his departure for Philadelphia. The letter is withheld from publication at present by the Secretary, though General BUTTERFIELD may make it public. No action was taken on the resignation, and probably none will be for several days; but there is little risk in saying that it will finally be accepted. It is understood that General BUTTERFIELD resigns because he cannot have an investigation in the only manner in which he conceives the facts can be fully shown. Being a military man, with military notions, he looks upon a Court of Inquiry as the only competent means whereby he can be vindicated, as well as the only tribunal under United States authority that can take sworn testimony or compel the attendance of witnesses. There is no charge against him, even at the worst, which could form a basis of action in the Courts, and an examination by the officers of the Treasury Department could not be complete or thorough enough to inculpate or vindicate him with the public, although it might answer as a basis for official action. Being still Colonel of the Fifth Infantry, he will retire upon that position, and it is understood that he will then insist upon the Court of Inquiry, which will unquestionably be granted, and the proceedings will partake very much of the same nature officially as did those of the celebrated Dyer Court. As to who will succeed to the position nothing can yet be said with accuracy. A number of names have been talked about, generally men who would probably hesitate to accept. If such a man as GEORGE S. COE, or JOHN E. WILLIAMS, or Ex-Senator FOLGER would take it, the Department and the country could feel secure that it was safe. Some such man will be looked for, and the Sub-Treasury in New-York and the Sub-Treasury in San Francisco, around which also hangs a cloud of rumored disrepute, must and will soon be placed on a footing which will command the respect and confidence of the whole country. The President, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Treasurer of the United States all seem determined to accomplish this.

The Avondale Relief Fund—Action of the Trustees.

From the Scranton (Penn.) Republican, Oct. 26.

The Trustees of the Avondale Fund for the relief of widows and orphans, met yesterday at Plymouth, E. C. WADHAMS, President, in the Chair. The Treasurer gave security in the sum of $50,000 and the Assistant Treasurer in the sum of $10,000 for the faithful performance of their respective duties. The salary of the Secretary was fixed at $200 per annum, and that of the disbursing officer at $400 per annum. The Board adopted the following:

Resolved, That all persons and corporations having moneys collected for the aid and relief of the sufferers of the Avondale calamity are requested to forward the same to HENDERSON GAYLORD, Esq., Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of the said fund, at Plymouth, Penn. And that all persons holding unpaid subscriptions are respectfully requested to collect and forward the same as speedily as may be practicable.

H. GAYLORD, Treasurer of the fund, has acknowledged receipts up to Oct. 18, 1869, inclusive, $36,139 19. He has received since, up to Oct. 23, inclusive, amounts as follows:

Oct. 22—Journeymen Bookbinders of Washington City, through C. DENHAM, $130 50; J. STERN, Wilkesbarre, from his friend in New-York, $105; Don ALONZO CUSHMAN, Treasurer, check on the Broadway Bank, New-York, for collections made in that City for Avondale Relief Fund, $23,625 61; total, $23,861 11.

Oct. 23—JAS. ARCHIBALD, JR., $25; additional from Union Railroad and Transportation Company, New-York, per J. L. GOSSLER, $31; Stamford, Conn., through New-York *Evening Post*, $2; Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, per THOMAS DICKSON, Esq., Superintendent, $3,000; C. F. TORREY, per THOMAS DICKSON, $300; THOS. DICKSON, for himself, $500; total, $3,858. Total received to Oct. 23, 1869, $63,850 30.

The Board directed the investment of $45,000 of the fund as follows:

$25,000 in registered five-twenty bonds of 1868.

$10,000 in bonds of the Pennsylvania and New-York Canal and Railroad Company.

$10,000 in first mortgage bonds of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company.

It was resolved by the Board that the report of the Committee appointed to confer with a Committee of the Miners' Association be received and ordered filed; and that, while the Trustees of the Avondale Fund warmly sympathize with the object of the Miners' Association, and will give them all the influence [illegible] their power as individuals, they cannot convey any of the Avondale Relief Fund to any other persons than those connected with, and dependent upon those who were killed at Avondale on the 6th of September, 1869. Adjourned.

THE RACES AT JEROME PARK.

Immense Attendance and Brilliant Racing—Oysterman Wins the Steeple Chase, Niagara and Rapture the Sweepstakes, and Cottrill the Mile-Heat Race.

Mr. LEONARD JEROME may justly be congratulated on the brilliant success which has attended his suggestion of an extra day's sport, in which a steeple chase should be the distinguishing and most attractive feature. Postponed from last Saturday, the immense assemblage of visitors yesterday, more numerous than has ever been seen at Jerome Park since the memorable inauguration day, showed how irresistible is the temptation of an exciting steeple chase, with first-class horses and riders taking part in the contest. That the steeple chase was the great attraction yesterday to the thousands present cannot be doubted, and we hope the Jockey Club, seeing plainly the direction of the public taste, will cater to it at their subsequent meetings, and give us races of this description more frequently. A steeple-chase sweepstakes of $100 each, play or pay, with $1,000 added, and ten subscribers to fill, at each Spring and Fall Meeting, would be a popular race with owners of horses, and highly gratifying to the public. The race yesterday was won by a complete outsider, after perhaps the finest and closest finish in such a contest ever witnessed, there being only a neck between first and second, and a head between second and third. Mr. SANFORD'S filly *Niagara* won the Sweepstakes in such commanding style that her owner has just reason to think the wretched start she got in the Annual Sweepstakes, won by *Vespucius*, lost her the race. *Cottrill* won the mile-heat race in such style as stamps him a race horse of the highest quality. The wonderful burst of speed he displayed in the first heat in coming up the homestretch fairly electrified the vast assemblage. Should the proposed sweepstakes of $1,000 each, two miles, between *Cottrill*, *Vespucius* and *Niagara* be run this week, and another steeple chase be given, we shall witness a most exciting day's sport.

THE STEEPLE CHASE

was the first race on the card of the day's sport, and was by far the most interesting event to the great majority of the assemblage. It was a handicap sweepstakes of $25 each, play or pay, with $1,000 added, of which $250 went to the second horse, and the distance money to the third horse in the race. The distance was about two miles and a half, and there were twenty-two leaps in the course, which, commencing on the inside three-quarter mile course, opposite the grand stand, ran upward, rounding the inside of the regular course, thence over the rails into the inclosure, over the several jumps arranged, taking the circuit of the inclosure, leaping the water jump in front of the grand stand, thence running upward and around the clump of trees, back into the track, across the inclosure into the regular course, and finishing at the stand on the quarter stretch. The betting on this race was very heavy, and in proportion to the deep interest felt in the issue by all who witnessed it. *Mitchell*, ridden by HUGH GAFFNEY, and carrying 130 pounds, was the favorite, bringing $550 in the pools, to *Bohannon*, ridden by his owner, Captain ELWES, 144 pounds, $370; *Lobelia*, ridden by CAHILL, 149 pounds, $70; *Eminence*, with DOWNING up, 140 pounds, $150; *Zigzag*, ridden by BELAND, 150 pounds, $75; and *Gayo*, 138 pounds, and *Oysterman, Jr.*, 138 pounds, coupled, ridden by GRIFFIN, $140. *Mitchell* and *Lobelia* went off in front, and together they jumped the first hurdle, *Eminence* next, and the rest in straggling order. *Lobelia* was on even terms with *Mitchell* at the next jump, *Eminence* close behind them. *Lobelia* then took the lead, with *Mitchell* close up, *Eminence*, *Oysterman* and *Bohannon* following, and they ran in this order for some distance, all the horses jumping beautifully, amid the delighted acclamations of the vast concourse of spectators. *Mitchell* took the lead at the lower end of the inclosure, and as the water jump in front of the grand stand, the most exciting leap of the race, was taken, *Bohannon* and *Mitchell* were in the air together, *Eminence* close at their quarters. *Eminence* took the lead as soon as the horses were landed, but bolting out of the proper course as they crossed the regular track at the drawgate, he carried *Mitchell* and *Lobelia* with him, thus permitting *Oysterman*, who kept the proper course, to take the lead. Ascending the hill crowned by the clump of trees, *Eminence* again bolted and threw his rider, just when he was looking most dangerous, and the race for the remainder of the course was left to *Oysterman*, (who had now gained a strong lead,) *Mitchell*, *Bohannon* and *Lobelia*. They reëntered the regular track at the foot of the Clubhouse hill in the order named, and a most exciting race home ensued. *Bohannon*, who had laid too far behind, now came with a rush, and *Oysterman*, *Mitchell* and *Bohannon* were nearly all together as they cleared the last hurdle. The finish was truly magnificent, but *Oysterman* kept his position in front to the string, and won a splendid race by a neck only, *Bohannon* beating *Mitchell* by a head for second place. Time—5:07½.

SUMMARY.

FIRST RACE.—Steeple Chase, Handicap sweepstakes of $25 each, play or pay, with $1,000 added, of which the second horse received $250, and the third horse the entrance money; about 2½ miles.

D. McDaniels' br. h. Oysterman, Jr., 5 years, 138 pounds, (Griffin)	1
J. McLeod's b. g. Bohannon, 5 years, 144 pounds, (Captain Elwees)	2
C. Littlefield's b. g. Mitchell, 3 years, 130 pounds, (H. Gaffney)	3
R. W. Walden's br. h. Zigzag, aged, 150 pounds, (Beland)	0
J. Thompson's br. m. Lobelia, 6 years, 149 pounds, (Cahill)	0
R. Shea's br. h. Eminence, 4 years, 140 pounds, (Downing)	0
D. McDaniels' b. h. Gayo, 5 years, 138 pounds	0

Time—5:07½.

THE FREE HANDICAP

was a sweepstakes of $25 each, play or pay, with $600 added; the second horse getting one-half the entrance money; one mile and three-quarters. Eight horses accepted, but *Lancaster* and *Cottrill* drawing out left six to run. *Cottrill's* rider, C. MILLER, was unable, after severe wasting, to get down to the weight, (90 pounds,) so Captain MOORE reserved him for the mile heat race, and Mr. SANFORD did the same with *Lancaster*. The runners were *Metairie*, 108 pounds; *Jubal*, 99 pounds; *Sarah B.*, 96 pounds; *Albuera*, 93 pounds; *Niagara*, 87 pounds, and *Tasmania*, 85 pounds. In the pools *Metairie* sold for $520; *Niagara*, $250; *Tasmania*, $250; *Jubal*, $155, and *Sarah B.* and *Albuera*, $160, coupled. *Metairie* and *Niagara* took a decided lead for nearly three-quarters of a mile, with *Jubal* six lengths behind and *Tasmania* fourth. Opposite the grand stand, *Tasmania* rushed to the front, and led under the string a length before *Metairie*, with *Niagara* as far behind the latter. At the turn, *Tasmania* bolted, and *Jubal* took the lead around the hill with *Niagara* two lengths behind, and *Metairie* third; nothing else near. When the horses reappeared in sight, *Niagara* was leading two lengths, *Jubal* as far before *Metairie*, whose bolt was shot, and his chance of the race hopeless at this point. *Niagara* at the turn into the stretch had the race safe, and galloping home won in a canter by two lengths from *Jubal*; *Sarah B.* third, and the rest unplaced. Time—3:17¼.

SUMMARY.

SECOND RACE.—Free Handicap Sweepstakes, $25 each, play or pay, with $600 added; one mile and three-quarters:

M. H. Sanford's b. f. Niagara, by Lexington, dam Bayleaf, (W. Miller)	1
J. W. Weldon's b. g. Jubal, by Balrownie, dam Julia, (Emile)	2
D. McDaniels' b. f. Sarah B., by Planet, dam Adelgasia, (Hadley)	3
R. W. Walden's ch. h. Metairie, by Star Davis, dam Katonah, (Hennessy)	0
Purdy & Withers' ch. f. Tasmania, by Australian, dam Mattie Gross, (W. Gray)	0
D. McDaniels' b. f. Albuera, by Jeff Davis, dam Ninette, (Charles)	0

Time—3:17¼.

THE SELLING SWEEPSTAKES

of $15 each, play or pay, with $300 added, one mile and an eighth, had nine runners: *R. B. Connolly*, *Sleety*, *Bonny Doon*, *Tycora*, *Spotted Fawn*, *Jubal*, *Simple Simon*, *Rapture* and *Ouida*. *Connolly* was the favorite against the field, selling for $825, *Sleety* $310, *Ouida* $160, *Jubal* and *Simon*, together, $75, and *Rapture* $60. The race lay entirely between *Rapture*, *Connolly* and *Simple Simon*, the former making the winning from the fall of the flag, and running cleverly by two lengths from *Connolly*; *Tycora* third. Time—2:02¼.

SUMMARY.

THIRD RACE.—Selling Sweepstakes of $15 each, with $300 added; one mile and an eighth.

L. Jerome's b. f. Rapture, 82 pounds, (McLaughlin)	1
J. O'Donnell's br. h. R. B. Connolly, 104 pounds, (C. Miller)	2
J. Thompson's ch. g. Tycoora, 90 pounds, (W. Gray)	3

Sleety, Bonny Doon, Spotted Fawn, Jubal, Simple Simon and Ouida also ran, but were not placed.

Time—2:02¼.

THE MILE-HEAT RACE—SUMMARY.

FOURTH RACE.—Purse $500; all ages; mile heats.

T. G. Moore's ch. c. Cottrill, by Daniel Boone, dam Maggie (G. C. Miller)	1	1
D. McDaniels' ch. f. Lizzie Rogers, (Adkins)	2	2
M. H. Sanford's b. h. Lancaster, (Hayward)	3	3
R. W. Walden's ch. c. Sanford, (Hennessy)	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. W. Weldon's ch. g. Simple Simon, (Welch)	dis.	
J. O'Donnell's br. h. R. B. Connolly, (Henry)	[illegible]	[illegible]

Time—1:48¼, 1:47¾.

NEW MAGAZINES.

—The *North American Review* for October is just out, and contains articles on "The Genesis of Language," "The Writings of Mr. ROWLAND G. HAZARD," "Indian Migrations," "Civil Service Reform," "The Coast of Egypt and the Suez Canal," "Paraguay and the Present War," and the usual variety of "Critical Notices." Perhaps the most interesting paper is "Indian Migrations," although Mr. ADAMS is quite forcible and ingenious in his treatment of the Civil Service topic; a topic whose discussion is, we fear, for the present only academical. The Paraguay article seems a little anachronistic. Important events have occurred since it was written, and important books which the *Review* does not name have been published. Such drawbacks are, however, inseparable from Quarterlies, and must be accepted with the peculiar advantages which such periodicals likewise enjoy. Mr. JOHN FISKE's paper, "The Genesis of Language," has an appearance of elaboration and research, and we shall endeavor to give it more than a cursory examination hereafter; and the article on the Suez Canal, besides being timely and cleverly written, is rendered more intelligible and attractive by illustrations.

—The LEONARD SCOTT reprint of *Blackwood* for October has reached us, and contains several articles of attractiveness and importance. "The War in Paraguay" is a graphic review or rather epitome of Colonel GEORGE THOMPSON's excellent book on the subject. "Juventus Mundi," of course, pays its respects to Mr. GLADSTONE, and the "Great Whig Journalist" is our dear old friend—however dimmed his escutcheon by those dreadful de la Fay letters—DANIEL DE FOE. The concluding article on CHARLES READE's novels, although highly eulogistic, is undoubtedly in the main just, and it is likewise a very good piece of work in the way of critical analysis.

—The *Catholic World* for November contains a variety of articles grave and gay. Among the former are a review of the proceedings of the Free Religious Association, held in Boston last May, and a very courteous and interesting criticism upon the reply of the Presbyterian Assemblies to the Pope's letter, written by the son of a former Moderator of one of these Assemblies. "The Immutability of the Species" is the first of what promises to be an elaborate series of articles designed to show the weakness of the views of DARWIN and SPENCER in respect to the origin and development of species, and the other papers in the magazine are for the most part entertaining and instructive.

—The October number of *The Biblical Repertory & Princeton Review*, edited by CHAS. HODGE, D. D., and LYMAN H. ATWATER, D. D., opens with a controversial article upon "Revelation and Inspiration," followed by readable papers upon "Christian Work in Upper Egypt," and "Recent Scholarship." The remainder of the number is occupied with the discussion of subjects which are of special interest to the Presbyterian public which this Review represents, and a brief essay upon "Materialism," and an excellent summary of foreign literary intelligence.

—*Harper's* for November comes to us richly laden with good things and ballasted with few indifferent or weak ones. The three opening articles are of the illustrated adventure type, the best being perhaps the final installment of "A Health Trip to the Tropics," by Mr. T. C. EVANS, whose style is admirably adapted to please the readers of this popular magazine. Dr. CARROLL's contribution, "On Digestion and Food," is a capital paper, and Mr. CONWAY's, "The International Boat Race," is thoughtful and suggestive. The least satisfactory components of the number are the short stories, but we all know how very difficult a department this is to fill. None can say in buying *Harper's* that he does not get his money's worth, and possible short-coming in one respect is now, as almost always, amply made up for in others.

—Always a favorite with young people, the *Riverside Magazine* for next year is heralded by announcements that betoken greater popularity than ever. The November number is full of choice matter, and the letter press and pictures are worthy of each other. It is satisfactory to find the standards of our juvenile magazines steadily rising, affording, as it does, the solid promise of an improved literary taste for the future. Books, magazines and newspapers of the worst sensational sort would command a much worse chance in the community than they now enjoy, had the children's literature of the last generation been at once as good and as widely circulated as it is to-day.

VERMONT.

Proposed Amendments to the State Constitution—Woman's Suffrage.

The Council of Censors of Vermont have concluded their labors, and have called a State Convention, to be held on the second Wednesday in June, 1870, to act upon certain amendments to the State Constitution, which they have promulgated. These proposed amendments forbid special legislation; provide for biennial sessions of the Legislature, the State officers holding office for two years; provide for the appointment of the Judges of the Supreme Court by the Governor instead of the General Assembly, and extend their term of office to six years, or (if this be rejected) that they shall be elected biennially; abolish the Council of Censors; and finally declare that "hereafter women shall be entitled to vote, and with no other restrictions than the law shall impose on men." Alluding to the work of the Censors, the Burlington *Free Press* says:

"The amendments, if all should be adopted by the Convention, would make more extensive and radical changes in the Constitution of our State than any or all before adopted—would, indeed, without doubt work important changes in our social as well as political fabric.

On these amendments, under our present undemocratic form of adoption or rejection, freemen of the State cannot vote. The best, and all they can do, is to select men whom they believe they can trust to represent them in the Convention, and by the vote of such representatives, one for a town, the amendment will stand or fall. Having the constitutional power to call a Convention of such members and composition as they chose, the Council took warning by the experiment of the Council of fourteen years ago. The Convention called at that time, having been constituted on a different basis from the ancient one of a delegate from each town, did no business when it assembled except to declare itself not a properly constituted Convention, and to adjourn forthwith. The late Council has avoided risk of such a result, by calling a Convention on the old basis of a delegate from each town. The delegates will be elected at a special election next May, and will meet in June.

Without claiming any special insight or gift of prophecy, we hazard a guess that the amendments will be disposed of about in this wise:

The amendment forbidding private corporations will be likely to be rejected, on the ground that the end sought can be reached just as well by ordinary legislation, as by an amendment of the Constitution.

That for biennial sessions will be "nip and tuck," with the chances in favor of its adoption.

That for change in the mode of appointment of the Judges, we fear will be rejected. Had it been confined to a lengthening of the term of office to six years, it would probably have been adopted; but the Convention will be hardly ready, we fancy, to take the selection of the Judges from the General Assembly and give it to the Governor.

That for abolishing the Council we cannot doubt will be adopted.

That for woman suffrage will be rejected.

Conclusion of the Trial of Dan Noble—The Jury Disagree.

From the Elmira Advertiser, Oct. 25.

Mr. DAN NOBLE has just undergone his third trial for the Royal Insurance bond robberies. He has been tried twice in this county, on both of which occasions the jury failed to agree upon a verdict. The place of trial was then changed to Tioga County, and a special term of Court convened at Owego last week, with Judge MURRAY presiding, for the purpose of disposing of the case. Court convened on Tuesday, but the defendant did not appear until Wednesday, and the trial was not commenced until the afternoon of that day. The testimony was not as voluminous as on either of the previous trials, and the case was given to the jury on Saturday evening.

It is understood that the jury, on retiring, stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal. No change took place for several hours, during which time they repeatedly applied to the Court for instructions. Finally, three of the four who voted for acquittal joined the eight for conviction, and the jury then stood eleven for conviction and one for acquittal. As neither the eleven nor the one would change their position, the jury returned into Court at 12 o'clock yesterday noon, (Sunday,) and were by the Court duly discharged, having been out sixteen hours and a half. Thus three trials and three disagreements have been had on the indictment. In what county the next trial is to take place we are not yet advised.

On the second trial in this county the defendant was a witness in his own behalf, and his testimony, given at that time, was given to the jury on the late trial, by the prosecution as a part of their case, but he was not sworn as a witness, either for or against himself, at Owego. On the previous trials an *alibi* was also proved or attempted to be. On the late trial none was attempted. In several other particulars the testimony on the part of the defence was materially cut down, though not perhaps weakened, showing that they had less fear of the case on the part of the prosecution, or more faith in the jury, than on former trials.

BOSTON LITERARY MATTERS.

The Week's Publications—Jarves' "Art Thoughts"—Attractive Juveniles—Morris' "Earthly Paradise"—Extracts from Advance Sheets—"The Building of the Ship"—Hennessey's and Gifford's Illustrations.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, Sunday, Oct. 24, 1869.

The booksellers have reached their busiest season. Every week brings fresh announcements and new issues, and both in such bewildering profusion as to render a simple repetition of their titles a matter of considerable labor. The most important publications announced yesterday, came from the presses of LITTLE, BROWN & CO., and your New-York house of HURD & HOUGHTON, which has a branch in this city, or rather at Cambridge, where, it is needless to remark, the famous Riverside Press is situated. The former house issued Dr. PARKMAN's *Discovery of the Great West*, from which I have once or twice given extracts, and Mr. GLADSTONE's *Juventus Mundi*. The latter book has become thoroughly known among scholars and all who are likely to be interested by it through the reviews in both English and American journals, and of the present edition it is only necessary to say that its references to HOMER have all been carefully verified, and that it contains two hundred typographical errors less than the London edition of which it is a reprint. Messrs. HURD & HOUGHTON published yesterday a very important and exceedingly interesting volume by JAMES JACKSON JARVES, entitled

ART THOUGHTS.

It chronicles the experiences and observations of an American amateur in Europe, and nearly all is now, for the first time, made public. The reader will, however, notice that the writer's remarks on American sculpture and on the genius of DORE have appeared in the *Atlantic Monthly*, and I believe that certain other portions of the book have been published in English magazines. The Dore article was in the *Atlantic* for September, but since its appearance there a very striking closing sentence has been added. It will be recollected that Mr. JARVES' criticism of the great French artist is, on the whole, adverse—he is great in the eye of the critic, but not good. He is neither natural, truthful, nor humane, nor has he the indispensable instinct of the beautiful. The general tendency of his art is "to deepen and strengthen those proclivities of the French school which most require pruning and reforming," and here the *Atlantic* paper ended. In his book Mr. JARVES has added: "If the devil has ever created such an office as designer-in-chief to hell, it is now filled by DORE." It is very difficult to look through the pages of this book without making extracts,—every page contains something quotable, but as it is before the public, I must content myself with a single excerpt, and that a very brief one. In speaking of equestrian statues, Mr. JARVES says:

"It would be folly to consider some sculpture seriously. CLARK MILLS' equestrian statues look like prodigious Congressional jokes on art, or amiable weaknesses, similar to the commission for a heroic statue given to a young miss who had never seen a real one, and which must be constructed out of her own consciousness. The nation now looks for this by-play periodically at the hands of its Conscript Fathers. But the humor becomes too broad when it puts the grave WASHINGTON astride a Bucephalian burlesque, with the horse's tail curling so tightly between his legs as to make him recoil, as if bracing firmly against a whirlwind. This, too, when BROWN had already shown his capacity to treat the subject so worthily in the dignified and spirited 'Washington' of Union-square, New-York. BALL's in Boston, does more justice to the action of the horse than his rider, who sits well, is conscientiously and patiently modeled, giving a fair likeness of the original as to form and costume, but is no adequate appreciation of his greatest qualities, beside showing a fiddler-like movement of the right arm with the drawn sword. BALL's realism is too sturdy. His subjects are so intensely homely and external as to make one, while looking at them, all but disbelieve in the immortality of the soul. JACKSON's realism is broader and more inventive. He realizes character, and hints at considerable undeveloped force in himself. His allegorical group, to be placed over one of the gates of the reservoir of New-York, is a well-composed, decorative work, appropriate and forcible, in detail and mass."

I did not select this paragraph for its covert allusion to Miss VINNIE REAM, nor yet for its reference to a Boston sculptor and a Boston statue. Neither, I will confess, did I choose it for what it says or implies alone. It is copied here because when I read it I was reminded of a remark I once heard Mr. SUMNER make when speaking of MILL's Jackson statue in Lafayette-square at Washington, which is almost directly opposite the Senator's residence. "I never think of that statue," said Mr. SUMNER, "without half-promising myself that I will employ the first dark night that comes in blowing it up with gunpowder." And, continuing the same subject, he said: "When Mr. THACKERAY visited this country he was my guest at Washington. When we approached my house for the first time the Jackson statue was the most prominent object before us. But that wonderfully polite man," said Mr. SUMNER, "never betrayed by a single word or look his knowledge of its existence. He couldn't speak of it except in condemnation, and he preferred to pass by it without remark, thinking, probably, that I might be sensitive on the subject of its merit. I think this incident a most delicate and yet a most forcible illustration of THACKERAY's gentlemanly politeness." But before I leave this delightful book let me transcribe the author's high praise of some recent works of THOMAS GOULD, the sculptor, whose busts of MICHAEL ANGELO and the Elder BOOTH, as well as his little book on the character and genius of that eminent tragedian, have made his name not unfamiliar in literary and art circles:

"GOULD's breezy 'West Wind' is another ingenious attempt to escape from the bondage of effete personifications into fresher, pertinent styles; and his colossal head of 'Christ,' as an opposing conception to that of 'Satan,' also by him, both now in his studio at Florence, is one of the finest felt and conceived idealisms in modern sculpture. GOULD has shown the rare faculty, genius it really is, of throwing into form, in a broad, interpenetrative way, the essential feeling and character of the tempter and of the Saviour, as the impersonifications of the evil and good principles inherent in humanity, irrespective of any tamperings with his own individuality, or being misled into the little or pretty. They are positive conceptions; both of a high, although widely differing quality of physical beauty; intellect paramount in the 'Devil,' love in the 'Christ;' each largely treated, Shakespearean in force of personality. So far as my observation extends, they are the most complete and profound idealisms in our sculpture; and the time will come in America when, as with BLAKE's compositions in England, their merits will be appreciated, if not by the multitude, by those who comprehend what high art aspires to render."

ATTRACTIVE JUVENILES.

The other two books which this firm issued yesterday, were juveniles,—if I may use the word, for it is included in the *Index Expurgatorius* of some scholarly journals,—and are called *Stories from My Attic*, and *A Little Boy's Story*, (*Mémoires d' un Petit Garçon*.) The first is the work of Mr. HORACE E. SCUDDER, the editor of the *Riverside Magazine*, although his name does not appear on the title page, and if the body of the book is one-half as charming as the preface, the children who will read it have a rare feast in store for them. The other volume is, as suggested, a translation from the French, and tells the story of the every-day life of a little French boy and girl, giving a good idea of the difference in habits and surroundings of French and English children. Both books are profusely and excellently illustrated. The same firm have in press and will publish this week, perhaps, another book for the young folks, entitled *An American Family in Paris*. It tells how a family of American children saw Paris, and how they learned its history, and in so charming and admirable a manner that the readers of the book cannot fail to combine the acquirement of much useful knowledge with the enjoyment of a genuine pleasure. Its illustrations are numerous, generally representative of historical monuments and familiar scenes—the palaces of the Tuileries, Luxembourg, Fontainebleau and Versailles, the Louvre galleries, Notre Dame, the Dome and the Hotel des Invalides, the palace of the Corps Legislatif, and the like. The name of the author is not given, but he evinces a thorough knowledge of Paris and its treasures of art and architecture.

To-morrow ROBERTS BROTHERS will publish three books for children—for very little children, but they are as elegantly dressed as any that older readers will be likely to get. The first is called *Letters Everywhere*, and contains twenty-six poems and twenty-eight illustrations, each of the latter concealing a letter, while the verses serve the same purpose. The pictures are exceptionally good, being original in conception, artistic in execution, and wearing the delicate softness that American engravers find it almost impossible to produce. The second volume is *Little Lasses and Lads*, a handsome quarto with colored illustrations by the famous German artist, OSCAR PLETSCH. They are not quite so good as some of the exquisite etchings descriptive of child-life which I have seen from the same artist's hand, but they are still exceedingly charming. *Frölich's Picture Book* is the third and last of these publications. The thirty-four engravings are printed in a purple-brownish tint, and are characteristic and entertaining, reminding of that paragon of children's books, the *Voyage Round the World*. This house will have ready some time in November JOHN NEAL's *Great Mysteries and Little Plagues*, an odd sort of a book, but as sure to be brilliant in some respects as it is to be eccentric in others.

THE EARTHLY PARADISE.

The Autumn Period of WILLIAM MORRIS' fine poem, *The Earthly Paradise*, is announced for publication in England some time during November, and ROBERTS BROTHERS will follow closely with their American edition. I have seen the English sheets of the first "month" of the new period which will contain September, October and November. There are first these graceful stanzas to

SEPTEMBER.

O come at last, to whom the Spring-tide's hope
  Looked for through blossoms, what hast thou for me?
Green grows the grass upon the dewy slope
  Beneath thy gold-hung, gray-leaved apple tree
Moveless, e'en as the Autumn fain would be
    That shades its sad eyes from the rising sun
    And weeps at eve because the day is done.

What vision wilt thou give me, Autumn morn,
  To make thy pensive sweetness more complete?
What tale, ne'er to be told, of folk unborn?
  What images of gray clad damsels sweet
Shall cross the sward with dainty, noiseless feet?
    What nameless shamefast longings made alive
    Soft-eyed September will thy sad heart give?

Look long, O, longing eyes, and look in vain!
  Strain idly, aching heart, and yet be wise,
And hope no more for things to come again
  That thou beheldest once with careless eyes!
Like a new-wakened man thou art, who tries
    To dream again the dream that made him glad
    When in his arms his loving love he had.

Following this are a few descriptive lines, showing the travelers seated beneath the shadows of the trees, watching the young folk harvesting; and then comes "The Death of Paris," which is the tale for the month. When "Paris" was wounded he had himself borne up into Ida, that he might see the nymph "Œnone," whom he had once loved, and who alone could heal him. But she refused to save her old lover, and finally left him to die alone:

Alone, for she and ruth had left him there;
Alone, because the ending of the strife
He knew, well taught by death, drew surely near;
Alone, for all those years with pleasure rife
Should be a tale 'mid Helen's coming life,
And she and all the world should go its ways,
'Midst other troubles, other happy days.
And yet how was it with him? As if death
Strove yet with struggling life and love in vain,
With eyes grown deadly bright and rattling breath,
He raised himself, while wide his blood did stain
The linen fair, and seized the horn again,
And blew thereon a wild and shattering blast
Ere from his hand afar the thing he cast.
Then, as a man who in a failing fight
For a last onset gathers suddenly
All soul and strength, he faced the Summer light,
And from his lips broke forth a mighty cry
Of "Helen, Helen, Helen!"—yet the sky
Changed not above his cast-back golden head,
And merry was the world though he was dead.

Mr. HENY W. LONGFELLOW's familiar poem,

THE BUILDING OF THE SHIP,

is the second in importance on the illustrated list of FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO. It will be published in about a month, and will make a small quarto, red-line border, of less than eighty pages, or uniform with the *Flower de Luce*. The drawings made for it are twenty in all, twelve by HENNESSEY and eight by GIFFORD, the latter, of course doing all the sea pictures, some of which are exquisite beyond description. For instance, the little drawing at the bottom of page 67, hardly an inch wide and not three inches long, is as perfect a poem as ever was written or painted, and fascinates one with strange power. "The Fortunate Isles" it is called, and the sweet, unutterable feeling which the name suggests is perfectly embodied in the picture. All of GIFFORD's contributions are excellent, but those which portray foreign scenes are the best and most poetic; witness "Pascagoula's sunny bay," "The magic charm of foreign lands," and "In foreign harbors." Mr. HENNESSEY has in several instances done better than I had been led, by his recent efforts, to expect of him. The frontispiece, the figure of the old shipmaster, is natural, simple and effective, with much less of the artist's offensive mannerisms than any of the other eleven which follow it. The "Old man and the fiery youth" is tame and unsuggestive, although the background is finely and delicately drawn. "He saw the form of his promised bride" is also weak and prosaic—almost conventional; but "The shipyard," which follows it, is better, even if a little inadequate to a proper representation of its title. The little tail-piece is quite as interesting as anything which Mr. HENNESSEY contributes. It is as classic and clean cut as a Roman medal. Mr. LONGFELLOW's poem of "The Building of the ship" is universally admired as one of his best, and it is quite deserving of this exquisite setting, and Mr. HENNESSEY would have been obliged to do a good deal worse than he has in "The silent group in the twilight gloom," or in "And at the bows an image stood," to hurt its popularity in its present form. Both artists owe much to the excellent workmanship of Mr. LINTEN and Mr. ANTHONY.

OAKHAM.

German Independent Central Organization of the Sixth Senatorial District.

This organization held a meeting at No. 41 First-avenue on Monday night, Mr. F. V. EURING presiding, when the following nominations were indorsed: Nelson W. Young for Coroner, John R. Brady for Judge of the Supreme Court, Charles Goepp for Judge of the Superior Court, Michael C. Gross for Judge of the Marine Court, Frederick W. Loew for Judge of the Common Pleas Court. Mr. GOEPP having been introduced to the meeting, made an address in which he stated that in the present campaign the party of honesty and that of dishonesty were struggling with each other, and he gave the organization credit for having a plank in their platform by which they demanded honesty and purity in public affairs. Mr. YOUNG having been afterward introduced to the meeting made an address, pledging himself to faithful performance of his duties, if elected, and showing what good could be done to the public in the Coroner's office. Three hearty cheers were given to the speaker. The meeting having then adjourned, the delegates from the Tenth and Seventeenth Wards met in convention again, Mr. JACQUES SCHMITZ presiding, when they nominated FRANCIS V. EURING for Judge of the Fourth Judicial Police District. Mr. EURING having been introduced addressed the meeting, pledging himself to true fulfillment of the duties of his office, if elected. Three cheers having been given to the candidate the meeting adjourned.

Changes in the Navy Yard.

In the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday Mr. BRINCKERHOFF, the Civil Engineer, surrendered his place to Mr. HASTINGS, formerly of the Boston Navy Yard. Mr. BRINCKERHOFF is a Democrat and his successor a Republican.

The following changes have also been made; DANIEL HERRICK, to be foreman of teamsters, *vice* JACOB B. STRAUT, removed; JOHN WALKER, to be foreman of boiler makers, *vice* WILSON EVANS, removed; JAS. HARE, to be foreman of pattern makers, *vice* J. A. O'BRIEN, removed. The officers removed are Democrats, the new appointees Republicans. Mr. HERRICK was formerly master machinist in the yard. There are over 2,600 men employed in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and their wages amount *in toto* to over $5,000 per day. This vast sum is principally carried on in the repairs of old vessels which have been lumbering the yard for years, and in refitting five or six others for active service.

PROBABLE HOMICIDE.

A Police Officer Dangerously Wounded by a Bowery Saloon Keeper.

At midnight of Monday Patrolman LAWRENCE McDONALD, attached to the Sixth Ward Police, was relieved from post duty, and entered the basement saloon kept by DIEDRICK M. KERR, at No. 208 Bowery. Being in full uniform, McDONALD called for lager, and he and the inmates became somewhat intoxicated, when the officer made insulting overtures to one of the women, which she rejected. Persisting in pursuing the woman, McDONALD became enraged at the interference of the proprietor, who says that McDONALD drew a pistol and fired one shot at him. Under these circumstances KERR seized a revolver and fired at the policeman, who was dangerously wounded in the groin. The saloon keeper then ran out of the saloon and concealed himself in another, kept by a friend, where he remained until 9 o'clock, and then surrendered himself to the Tenth Ward Police.

The shooting occurred a few minutes after 3 o'clock, and McDONALD managed to reach the street, where he gave an alarm which was responded to by two of the Fourteenth Ward Police, and subsequently by Officer O'BRIEN, of the Tenth Precinct, who, with the others, conveyed McDONALD to the Station House in Spring-street, and afterward to Bellevue Hospital, where he was visited during the forenoon by Coroner KEENAN. The patient was found in an exhausted condition, the House Surgeons expressing but slight hopes of his recovery.

McDONALD gave his testimony in a very low voice, and with considerable difficulty, as follows:

This morning, between two and three o'clock, I was on my way up the Bowery, from the Sixth Precinct Station House; near Tony Pastor's, I went into a beer saloon in a basement, kept by Diedrich Mahnken Kerr; I had four glasses of lager beer, which was served by the man now present; he was intoxicated at the time; after drinking the beer he came and asked me for payment; I asked him what authority he had to sell beer at that hour, and told him I would arrest him for selling it; on saying so he looked at me for some time, and then drew a revolver from his pocket; on seeing the pistol in his hand I ran toward the street door, and got up one or two steps when he fired and shot me; I was going up sideways, and he shot me on the left side; on getting to the street I cried out "murder" and "Police"; two of the Fourteenth Precinct Police came to my assistance; by them I was removed to this hospital; the man now present I recognize as being the one who shot me.

The jury rendered a verdict against KERR, in having inflicted the wound sustained by Mc DONALD. KERR was locked up in the Tombs for further developments. McDONALD was appointed on the Police force August, 1869.

The Work at Hell Gate.

The coffer dam at Hallett's Point, which the Government has been building, is now finished and ready for drilling operations, which will commence in a few days. The rock is to be excavated to the depth of twenty-five feet, and then chambers to be run out under the point for the purpose of blasting it away. The dam is large, and the amount of rock to be removed in sinking the shaft or excavation is 6,000 cubic feet. After the loose surface is blasted out, the Burleigh drill will be employed for the bulk of the work.

General NEWTON has also in process of construction a submarine drilling machine, with which to operate on the sunken rocks in the channel. The principle of it is partially new, and the General expects that it will answer its purpose better than any drill yet devised. By means of it, he proposes to blow out thirty tons of rock at once.

M. MAILLEFERT continues his surface blasting, and carries to shore at intervals a large quantity of rock which he claims to have removed by his method of operating. The Government will make no surveys of his work until the contract expires, or M. MAILLEFERT requests it.

Fatal Accidents.

HENRY O'NEIL, the laborer who fell on Monday at the old building corner of Greenwich and Morris streets, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital from the effects of the injuries, his skull being fractured. An inquest will be held to-day by Coroner KEENAN.

On the 19th inst. AUGUSTUS BUCKER, aged 6 years, residing at No. 22 Stanton-street, was run over near his residence by one of the Dry Dock cross-town cars, when he sustained such injuries as led to the amputation of his left leg at Bellevue Hospital. Death ensued yesterday, and Coroner KEENAN was notified to hold an inquest.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner KEENAN, at Bellevue Hospital, over the remains of LOUIS SCHALLER, a little boy who came to his death in rather a singular manner. It appears that the boy was, several days ago, sitting on a low bench near the fire in his parents' residence, No. 94 Henry-street, playing with a piece of sharp-pointed iron. He slipped and fell forward, the iron entering the skull at the orifice of the eye. Convulsions subsequently ensued, and death occurred yesterday. Verdict in accordance.

CONRAD LEITCH, aged 50 years, a native of Germany and a carpenter, accidentally fell from the third story into the cellar of a new building up town on Monday afternoon. Three of his ribs were broken, and he sustained internal injuries also. Mr. DEITCH was removed to his residence, No. 41 First-street, where he died yesterday.

Resignation of Marshal Barlow—His Successor.

General FRANCIS C. BARLOW started for Washington, on Saturday last, for the purpose of tendering his resignation as United States Marshal for the Southern District of New-York to the President in person. It is understood that he retires from the position because he found that it greatly interfered with his private law practice, and because the duties of the office were not congenial to his taste.

Mr. SAMUEL R. HARLOW, who has been appointed to the position just vacated by Mr. BARLOW, has heretofore acted as Chief Deputy Marshal. In 1856 he commenced the publication of the Kingston *Democrat*, a Republican paper, issued in Ulster County, this State. He subsequently entered the office of the Secretary of State in Albany, remaining there under Messrs. BALLARD, DEPEW and BARLOW. In the Winter of 1867-68 he was nominated for Port Warden of this City by Governor FENTON. The nomination was not confirmed, however. He was deputy clerk during the last session of the State Legislature, and was also appointed to a position in the Insurance Department at Albany. Mr. HARLOW is about 36 years of age.

Proposed New Buildings.

The following plans for new buildings were approved during the week ending Tuesday, Oct. 26, 1869:

Two second-class dwellings southwest corner Tenth-avenue and Twentieth-street; 20x37 feet, three stories. ANDREW EWALD and B. LANG, owners.

One store and tenement east side of Tenth-avenue, north of Sixty-fifth-street; 25x50 feet, three stories. JOHN F. DININGER, owner.

One second-class dwelling No. 306 East Twenty-seventh-street; 17x40 feet, two stories. F. W. DECKER, owner.

One factory south side of Forty-eighth-street, east of Tenth-avenue; 37½x30 feet, three stories. PETER D. BROWER, owner.

One foundry, north side of Twenty-sixth-street, west of Eleventh-avenue; frontage, 200 feet and 100 feet; depth, 197½ feet, one story; body of building to be of frame work, front of corrugated iron. J. B. and W. W. CORNELL, owners.

One first-class storehouse, Nos. 15 and 17 Harrison-street; 42.11x96 feet, four stories. JOHN ADRIANCE, owner.

All the above, except the foundry of Messrs. CORNELL in Twenty-sixth-street, are to be of brick, with brick fronts.

Recapitulation—Total buildings, 7; second-class dwellings, 3; store and tenement, 1; factory, 1; foundry, 1; storehouse, 1.

Extinguishing Fire with Carbonic Acid Gas.

The Empire Fire Extinguishing Company gave their second experiment of extinguishing fire by means of carbonic acid gas at the Battery yesterday, and it was a complete success. A frame building about fifteen feet square and twenty-five feet in height, was erected, filled with tar barrels, cotton soaked in kerosene, and fine shavings saturated with the same material. This aggregation of combustibles was then fired, the flames were allowed to get under complete headway, and at a given signal the gas was turned on from the receiver, located about 100 feet distant. In about 30 seconds the flames subsided and the conflagration was completely at an end. The Fire Marshals of this City and Brooklyn, Messrs. BRACKETT and KEADY, were present at the experiment, and give their indorsement to the practicability of the invention.

Serious Riot in Elizabeth.

At about 1 o'clock yesterday morning a disturbance took place in Elizabeth, N. J., which culminated in a riot and almost in murder. Some young rowdies were expelled from Arnold's Hall, where the ball of the Teutonia Singing Society was in progress. They returned in a few minutes with a mob of sixty or seventy ruffians, and rushed into the hall. Officers DESMOND and FADDE were at the door, and they met the attack of the rowdies with blows from their clubs, which for a time kept the latter at a standstill. But the officers were soon overpowered and knocked down, and two other gentlemen were severely injured in their efforts to assist the officers. The mob then entered the ballroom. Mr. MARTIN LINDENBERG, Mr. RAPP, and three others were knocked down and badly beaten. The ball was broken up, and several ladies were crowded out of doors by the ruffians. Officer FADDE's injuries are of a serious character. He received a blow from a club, upon the head, which rendered him insensible for a considerable length of time. No arrests were made, for the only persons who were known in the mob have disappeared.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER AND ROB

The Cashier of the Citizens' Savings Bank Assaulted with a Pistol—Attempt to Rob the Bank.

A few minutes before 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon, a most desperate attempt was made to commit robbery and murder. It appears that a laborer, named JAMES LILLIES, has been for some time a depositor in the Citizens' Savings Bank, corner of Canal-street and the Bowery, and had the misfortune to lose his bank book. He refused to comply with the requirements of the law in such cases, but made frequent and noisy demand for his money. The bank officers were very willing to pay the money, but they naturally declined to do so until the necessary affidavits were made out. At each refusal LILLIES seemed much excited, though he never manifested any disposition to use any violent measures to secure his cash.

Yesterday morning he again called at the bank and made a fresh demand for his money, the Paying Teller, Mr. CHAS. W. HELD, as usual refusing to give it. This so excited LILLIES that he drew a Sharpe's pistol, and astonished every one in the bank by deliberately discharging two shots at Mr. HELD, one of the bullets passing through his coat sleeve. The few persons who were in the bank at the time immediately ran out of the building, and their example was closely followed by some fresco painters, who lent a deaf ear to the appeal for help made by Mr. CHARLES REYNAULT the receiving teller. As soon as Mr. HELD recovered from his surprise at the sudden and unexpected assault made upon him, he sprang under the counter, when LILLIES clambered over the counter and immediately pulled open the money drawer. As he soon started out with a roll of bank bills in one hand and the pistol in the other, Mr. REYNAULT made a rush upon him and seized him by the collar. LILLIES endeavored to use his pistol when the receiving teller knocked the weapon out of his hand and held the fellow until Officer KING, of the Twenty-fifth Precinct, ran in and arrested LILLIES. The prisoner was soon after arraigned before Justice DOWLING at the Tombs, when Mr. HELD preferred a charge of felonious assault against him, and Mr. REYNAULT made one for robbery, the roll of bills being found to contain $200.

The prisoner was committed for trial without bail. He is 34 years of age and a native of Ireland. Despite his age and the fact that the bank has only been in existence some eight years, LILLIES insisted that he had been depositing money in that institution for thirty-five years, and he explained his motive to be merely to get his money, adding that a man had a right to get his own in any way.

The Baron de Riviere.

In the case of HELENE C. STILLE against Baron H. A. DE RIVIERE, the plaintiff has filed her complaint in the Superior Court. The larger portion of this document is a reiteration of her affidavits published in connection with the order of arrest which has been vacated by Judge JONES. She renews her charges as to the defendant being a *chevalier d'industrie*, and as such, while being a married man, engaging her affections, seducing her, and inducing her to cohabit with him as his wife, and that while such relations existed he obtained possession of the money for the recovery of which this action is brought. She further alleges that she had a child born of the defendant; that she had accompanied him to Lima, Peru; that he acknowledged her as his wife at the time of their cohabitation; that he abandoned her and her child since January, 1867; that he had promised to maintain the child in a princely style; that he concealed his marriage from her when she first cohabited with him, and that she did not discover that he was married until long afterward.

Exhibition of a Steam Brake.

An exhibition of the practical use of the new Loughridge steam brake was made on the Erie Railway yesterday afternoon. The exhibition was made at the request of the managers and judges of the American Institute. The brake is designed for steam cars, and is constructed in such a manner as to enable an engineer to stop a train at pleasure, without the aid of brakemen. It is entirely worked by steam, but is easily attached to the ordinary hand brake without dispensing with the latter. It is claimed to possess several advantages over other brakes, chief among them being the saving of time in stoppages, and prevention of sliding of wheels, together with its great security against accidents. It is also asserted by Mr. THOS. B. OAKLEY, agent of the Brake Company, that the motion of an express train can be completely checked in about eighteen seconds by means of the new brake. The brake is now in use on the Morris and Essex Railroad, where it gives great satisfaction.

The Funeral of John W. Farmer.

The funeral of JOHN W. FARMER, the well-known philanthropist of this City, took place yesterday afternoon from the Embury Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Herkimer-street and Schenectady-avenue, Brooklyn. There was a very large attendance of the friends of the deceased, among whom were the members of Normal Lodge No. 523, F. and A. M., Diamond Lodge I. O. of O. F., and of Lincoln Council No. 10, U. L. A., of which bodies he was a member. The sermon of the occasion was preached by the pastor of the church, Rev. THOMAS STEPHENSON, who alluded to the many beautiful traits in the character of the deceased, and to the numerous charitable deeds of his life. The services were very impressive.

The Wall-Street Conspirators.

The Grand Jury still has the case of the alleged Wall-street conspirators under consideration. But little additional testimony was taken yesterday, the jury adjourning at an early hour. It is understood that the prosecuting authorities find some difficulty in bringing the acts of the "Bulls" within the operation of the letter of the statute. A rumor prevails that it is not intended to strike the real conspirators, but to bring in an indictment which will operate to the advantage of the Democratic Party in the coming election.

Seven Distilleries Seized in Brooklyn.

Under the orders of General PLEASONTON, yesterday, a force of eighty men, divided into detachments, led by his deputies, Colonel CLIFFORD THOMSON, Colonel WILLARD BULLARD and RICHARD COONEY, seized seven distilleries in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn, near the Navy Yard, for violations of the Revenue laws. Colonel BULLARD was assaulted by an employe of one of the distilleries, who was overpowered and arrested.

Seventh Senatorial District Republican Convention.

The Seventh Senatorial District Republican Convention, representing the various Republican factions, met at No. 435 Fourth-avenue Monday evening. Mr. WM. LAIMBEER presided. The nomination for State Senator was unanimously conferred on Hon. RUFUS F. ANDREWS, after which the meeting adjourned.

Highway Robbery in Water-Street.

About 10 o'clock on Monday night as JAMES McCAFFRAY, of No. 86 Roosevelt-street, was passing through Water-street on his way home, he was suddenly assaulted by JAMES GIBBONS and several other men, who knocked him down and robbed him of $31. GIBBONS was subsequently arrested and offered the complainant $10 if he would not appear in Court. Justice DOWLING held the accused for trial.

Strike of Telegraph Operators.

Thirty operators in the New-York office of the Franklin Telegraph Company stopped work yesterday. Some days since the operators of the Company in this City, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and Boston demanded, in a petition to their General Superintendent, an increase of twenty-five per cent. on the salaries now paid by that Company, ($1,000 per annum.) The Company offered, by way of compromise, an advance of fifteen per cent., which the men declined accepting. Only two of the employes remained at work.

A Singular Suicide.

Yesterday afternoon WM. BURNANN, a blacksmith, 28 years of age, who resided in Brooklyn, committed suicide by throwing himself into the Bay from the Battery wall, near Castle Garden. The act appears to have been deliberate, for the Police report that being on the wall in company with his cousin, he fully undressed himself before taking the fatal leap. The body has not been recovered.

Reunion of the Presbyterian Church.

The editors of the New-York *Observer* have received returns from more than two-thirds of all the Presbyteries ratifying the reunion of the Presbyterian Church, by the required majority. The two General Assemblies will meet in Pittsburg, Nov. 10, to count the votes and declare the result.

The Rumored Proposed Erection of a Chinese Temple.

On inquiring in the proper quarter, it has been ascertained that the rumor that the Chinese of this City propose to erect a temple or josshouse here is utterly without foundation. There are less than 250 Chinese residing permanently in New-York; all of them are poor, though some are earning fair wages as cigar makers and in other trades. A few are opium eaters, and are believed to be totally irreclaimable. Many of the others have embraced the Christian religion, and attend school at the Five Points House of Industry and other places regularly. There is no Chinese priest resident in this City.

Little Wanderers at the American Institute Fair.

The Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, No. 40 New-Bowery, sent a deputation of children and teachers to the Fair of the American Institute, by the courtesy of its managers, yesterday afternoon. Mr. THEODORE E. PERKINS, the musical instructor of the Mission, was with the party, and after an hour's inspection of the many objects of interest in the Exhibition, the children gathered about one of the pianos, and under his lead, sang several of their charming songs, to the delight of a crowd of visitors.

Desperate Assault.

About 7 o'clock yesterday morning a quarrel occurred in the coal yard No. 334 West Eighteenth-street, during which JAMES SMITH, of No. 4 Horatio-street, was assaulted by FRANCIS HETHERTON with a coal shovel, and received dangerous injuries about the head.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I—AND OYER AND TERMINER.

Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.
1437—Merriam vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1951—Faron vs. Howard.
1061—Moody vs. Fiske.
2025—Smith vs. McLelland.
1491—Van Allen vs. Amer. Nat. Bank.
1943—Walbridge vs. Haight.
1977—Schultz vs. Westcott.
2053—Thurman vs. Reed.
2055—Snyder vs. Home Ins. Co.
2061—Robbins vs. N. Y. & Santa Fé Mining Co.

Nos.
2063—Cornish vs. Jones.
2067—Sprague vs. Jennison.
2069—Mallory vs. McCready.
2071—Block vs. Cozzens.
2073—Waterhouse vs. Stevens.
2075—Ackerman vs. Wilson.
2077—Speiden vs. Russell.
2079—Pequot Machine Co. vs. Carson.
2085—Webster vs. Rea.
2089—Jackson vs. Jackson.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part II.—Held by Sutherland, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.
340—Wood vs. Lefferts.
1400—Edesheimer vs. Beck.
1486—Rosenthal vs. Pecare.
484—Hand vs. Williamsburg City Fire Ins. Co.
880—Hatch vs. Dorti.
1120—Clark vs. Gardiner.
1434—Miller vs. Haines.
1488—First National Bank of Cincinnati vs. Kelly.
1540—Hatch vs. Zessinger.
1316—Williams vs. Ely.

Nos.
1524—Gordon vs. Solomon.
1566—Weeks vs. Russell.
1570—Zinn vs. Landauer.
1572—Wright vs. Holbrook.
1580—Wilton vs. Sturges.
1198—Uhl vs. Minaldi.
498—Howe vs. Warren.
564—Baltimore Mining Co. vs. Haydens.
802—Gallup vs. Lederer.
1564—Bank of North Amer. vs. Peniston.
1546—Judge vs. New-York and Albany Propeller Line.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.
208—Gilman vs. McLellan.
292—Challis vs. Central Branch of Union Pacific Railroad.

Nos.
293—Same vs. Same.
142—Vose vs. The Florida Railroad Co.
417—Rancy vs. Laing.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Cardozo, J.—Calendar called at 11 A. M.

Nos.
117—Bartlett vs. Shirley.
163—Pollard vs. Blair.
195—Hoyle vs. Plattsburg and Montreal Railroad Co.

Nos.
237—General Credit and Discount Company vs. Gould.
313—Hunting vs. Cronin.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Barbour, Ch. J.

Nos.
1169—Hodgman vs. The Smith and Rand Powder Co.
1103—Sheehan vs. Edgar.
1057—Finnegan vs. Samuels.
581—Brown vs. The St. Nicholas Ins. Co.
1229—Schmidt vs. Smith.
1231—Moran vs. Lent.

Nos.
1223—Hedgman vs. Conlin.
1235—Hoffman vs. Bishop.
1237—Eten vs. Luyster.
1239—Chester vs. Don.
1241—Speed vs. Brodhead.
1243—January vs. Garnis.
1245—Potter vs. Miller.
1247—Martin vs. Blyarts.
1249—Beck vs. Sindorf.

MARINE COURT.

Part I.—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
3762—Sweeney vs. Hubbard.
4116—Jackson vs. Porter.
4117—Same vs. Roberts.
4125—England vs. Boyle.
4126—Hellmeyer vs. McKenna.
4130—Reed vs. Quee.
4132—Robe vs. Hyde Park Bank.
4145—Geltner vs. Pfiefer.

Nos.
4136—Delong vs. Chamberlain.
4137—Beringer vs. Waite.
4143—Decker vs. Dodworth.
4146—Mace vs. Smith.
4149—Smith vs. Carley.
4148—Edinger vs. Feller.
4150—Framan vs. Guardian Life Ins. Co.
4155—Same vs. Same.

Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.

Nos.
4099—Eckstein vs. Schuster.
4107—Merritt vs. Miller.
3959—Shea vs. Bryan.
3986—Blackman vs. Felter.
4071—Scholeman vs. Karwise.
3911—Rosenbaum vs. O'Neil.
3913—Same vs. DeLacey.

Nos.
4123—Barstow vs. Smith.
4154—Schmahl vs. Brandt.
4157—Campbell vs. O'Brien.
4159—Roane vs. Drake.
4160—Berry vs. Jex.
4161—Sarkreuter vs. Crucy.
4162—Clark vs. Kennedy.
4163—Williams vs. Connelly.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

THE YERGER CASE.

In the Supreme Court of the United States this morning Mr. Phillips said: "On account of the arrangement in progress between the Attorney-General and the counsel for E. M. Yerger, it is thought best that no motion should be made this morning for further proceedings. If, therefore, there is no objection on the part of the Court, I will postpone moving until a subsequent day of the term."

The Chief Justice replied they would consider the matter and answer to-morrow.

The case before the Court to-day was No. 185.—The Materials, &c., of the Monitor *Comanche vs.* The Coast Wrecking Company of New-York.—It involves salvage.—John E. Ward for appellants; Senator Casserly for the Wrecking Company.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

The United States vs. Vernon K. Stevenson.—NELSON, C. J.—This is a writ of error to the United States District Court of the Southern District of New-York. The suit is an action of trover brought by the United States against Stevenson to recover the value of a large quantity of cotton, which, it is alleged, belonged to the plaintiff, and had been converted by the defendant to his own use. The cause was tried before a jury, and, on the trial, it appeared that the defendant, being a resident and citizen of Tennessee when the recent civil war broke out, remained in the State, and took part with the insurgent States; and was the President of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, and ran the road in their service; and, that while thus engaged he bought cotton within these States, and shipped it with the knowledge and assent of the so-called Confederate States from Wilmington, N. C., to foreign ports in violation of the United States blockade. It also appeared that as the Union army approached Tennessee and Nashville he removed cotton that he had bought, and cotton also that belonged to others, further into the interior, to prevent the same from being captured by the forces of the United States. There is no proof in the case that any part of the cotton was ever in the possession of the United States, or that they ever had any title to the same, or that it ever belonged to the so-called Confederate States, but, on the contrary, that it was purchased in the Confederate States by the defendant, and shipped by him abroad in violation of the existing blockade, and sold, or sold within the said States. The Court below, at the close of the testimony, being of opinion that no case was made out on the part of the plaintiff, directed a verdict for the defendant. The act of July 13, 1861, section 5, made it lawful for the President of the United States, where a state of insurrection existed, to declare it by proclamation, and thereupon all commercial intercourse by and between the same and the citizens thereof and the citizens of the rest of the United States should cease and be unlawful, &c., and the goods, &c., coming from said State or section into other parts of the United States, &c., should be forfeited to the same. (12 U. S. Stat., 1,255.) The act supplementary passed May 20, 1862, (ib., p. 404,) section 3, confers on the Secretary of the Treasury, the power, upon satisfactory grounds of belief that the goods, &c., are intended for any place in the possession or under the control of the insurgents, in all cases where he may deem it expedient to do so, to require security that they will not be carried to such place, nor used to give aid or comfort to the insurgents, and a transportation in violation of the act or of the regulation will work a forfeiture. The act of Aug. 6, 1861, (ib., p. 319, sec. 1,) provides that, during the insurrection, goods purchased or sold with intent to use or employ the same, &c., in aiding or promoting the insurrection, shall be subject of prize and capture, and it is made the duty of the President to cause the same to be seized and confiscated. The act of 17th July, 1862, (12 ib., 591, sec. 6,) makes the property of persons engaged in the rebellion, who will not return to their duty in sixty days after warning by proclamation of the President, subject to seizure, and it is made the duty of the President to seize, &c. The only remaining act that it is material to refer to is that of March 3, 1863, section 1, (ib., p. 820,) which authorizes the appointment of agents to collect captured and abandoned property. We need hardly say that neither of these statutes, or any provision in them, have any bearing on the facts as disclosed in the case, or afford any ground for an inference or conclusion that the cotton in question, sold and converted to his own use by the defendant, belonged to the United States. Certainly not, unless all the property of citizens or people in the Confederate States belonged to the United States during the war. There is another branch of this case that furnishes, perhaps, the grounds for its original institution, which, as has turned out in proof, has utterly failed. The original information, as it is called, went on the ground that the defendant had fraudulently converted the cotton to his own use, and that the proceeds were disposed of with intent to secrete the same and defraud the Government; and prayed for process of attachment against the property of the defendant; whereupon process of attachment issued, and a large amount of real and personal estate was attached, and still remains under the said process. The affidavit upon which this process was issued is remarkable when compared with the facts of the case as proved before the jury. The affiant states that he was the person who filed the information against the defendant, which was on the 17th December, 1866. That 3,000 bales of the cotton, or thereabouts, being in the States of Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee, were the property of the Confederate States, when the defendant took possession of it, and that in the Summer of 1865, he transported the same to the City of New-York, within the Southern District of the same, to be sold and disposed of at this City, and converted the cotton into money, the proceeds of which, amounting to $1,000,000 or thereabouts, the defendant received and has converted the same into real or personal estate in this City; that the cotton was brought into the State of New-York from the insurrectionary States, in violation of the proclamation of the President of the 16th August, 1861, and of the acts of Congress (referring to them,) and that it was the property of the United States. It was upon this affidavit that the process of attachment issued, and seems to have been in some way regarded as a seizure, not of the cotton, but of the real and personal estate of the defendant as a substitute for the same, and yet the case has been tried as a simple action of trover and conversion *in personam*. The case as tried in the Court below, and, as ruled by the learned Judge, is a very simple and plain one; and, in every aspect in which it has been presented, on the testimony, can lead to but one result, and that is that the United States showed no title to the property, or possession of it which was indispensable to maintain this action. And as it is shown that the affidavit on which the process of attachment issued was wholly untrue and false, or mistaken, the process of attachment must be set aside and discharged. Instead of the cotton belonging to the Confederate States it belonged to the defendant; and instead of being shipped to New-York in violation of the acts of Congress, it was shipped from a Confederate port to a foreign country, in violation of the blockade of the port of Wilmington; but this fact could not change the title of the property or work a forfeiture of the same to the United States, unless seized as prize of war.

The judgment below affirmed and the process of attachment set aside and discharged.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 26.

Before Judge Cardozo.

THE BALDWIN WILL CASE AGAIN—MOTION GRANTED TO CONTINUE INJUNCTION UNTIL FINAL JUDGMENT.

Sampson and Romer, Executors, &c., of the last Will and Testament of John H. Baldwin, deceased, vs. Cecilia F. Wood.—This was a motion to restrain the defendant, Mrs. Wood, from proceeding with an action in the Surrogate's Court, to have the probate of the will of Mr. Baldwin, deceased, revoked, and also from proceeding to open judgment in the Supreme Court. The case was argued at length last week, and to-day the following decision was rendered.

CARDOZO, J.—Reflection has only strengthened and confirmed the opinion which I expressed on the argument of this motion. The plaintiffs seek the enforcement of a covenant entered into in settlement of a disputed claim. The making of the covenant is not denied by the defendant, Wood, and it is of that character—setting at rest claims likely to lead to protracted litigation, and enabling the estate of a deceased person to be the more speedily closed—which is of the highest interest and of the greatest public importance (as it quiets titles and ends suits) to favor, and, when fairly made, to sustain. The defendant, Wood, notwithstanding her covenant, is proceeding to assert rights inconsistent with it, and to assert them in part in a court where, at least, it may be questionable whether the covenant can be available to the executors. That presents precisely such a case as calls for the interposition of the equity powers of this Court to stay such proceedings, and to oblige the parties to litigate the question which arises on the validity of the covenant in one action, which, like the present, affords opportunity to do full and complete justice to all. If the covenant were fairly entered into, the defendant Wood should be perpetually enjoined from setting up any claims inconsistent with it, and that is what this action seeks. Presumptively the covenant is binding. The defendant Wood seeks to avoid it by charging fraud. Her charges are denied by the plaintiffs, and until she establishes her case, her solemn act, under her hand and seal, must stand and bind her. Whether her charges be true or not, should not be tried upon affidavits on a preliminary motion, and I therefore refrain from reviewing the affidavits or expressing any opinion here upon the facts. The motion to continue the injunction until final judgment must be granted. The other motion for judgment upon failure to answer, and for want of an appearance, passes as of course upon filing the requisite proofs of service and of a default. That will not prejudice the defendant Wood, as she can apply upon proper papers to open the default, and to be allowed to come in and answer. Motion granted.

THE BRITISH COMMERCIAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—THE INTERESTS OF THE POLICY HOLDERS TO BE PROTECTED.

Mooney &c., vs. The British Commercial Life Insurance Company.—In this case, the particulars of which have been reported, the Court to-day rendered the following decision:

CARDOZO, J.—The insolvency of the British Commercial Life Insurance Company cannot be doubted on the papers before me, and it is equally clear that its affairs should be closed up, and the fund within our jurisdiction administered so as to protect the best interests of the policy-holders, either by reinsuring or otherwise. The Company has not done any business here since about 1862, its authority to collect the interest on the deposit in the Insurance Department having been revoked in 1861 in consequence of the "unsatisfactory condition of the affairs of the Company." The Superintendent does not suggest that its affairs have improved since, the plaintiff charges that it is insolvent, and the agent, who ought to know, and knowing to state the fact plainly and positively, only avers that it is not insolvent, "as he is informed and believes." It is plain enough that the only way to protect the policy-holders is to apply the funds here to their reinsurance. The statute creating the office of Superintendent of the Insurance Department, and the amendatory act of 1869, only refer to proceedings taken by the Superintendent. They do not prevent others interested in the Company from moving, when the Superintendent does not, and when they proceed the practice is the same as governs and applies to any similar action. The motion is granted.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 26.

By Judge Cardozo.

Johnson *vs.* The Kansas Pacific Railroad Company et al.; motion denied.

Mooney *vs.* The British Commercial Insurance Company; motion granted. See opinion.

Sampson et al. *vs.* Cecilia F. Wood, &c.; motion to continue the injunction until final judgment must be granted.

Kellinger *vs.* The Forty-second-street and Grand-street Ferry Railroad Company; motion denied.

Manning, Jr., *vs.* Goodenough; motion granted.

Goodenough *vs.* Kevlin; motion granted.

COMMON PLEAS—CHAMBERS—OCT. 26.

By Judge Daly.

Augustus F. Smith *vs.* Charles H. Durfee; stay of proceedings denied.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 26, 1869.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$11,000	U. S. 6s, '81, R.	119⅝
2,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C...	119⅝
10,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '62.	114⅞
500	U. S. 5-20 C., '64.	118⅛
7,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '62.	120⅝
1,000	do..........	120⅝
10,500	do..........s3	120⅝
1,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65.	119⅜
7,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new........s3	117⅛
69,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '67.	117⅛
10,000	do..........c	117⅛
6,000	do..........	117⅛
11,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C..	107⅞
9,000	U. S. 6s, Cur...	107⅞
10,000	N. C. St. 6s, new, special tax...	40
300,000	do.........s30	40
15,000	do..........	39½
1,000	do..........	39½
10,000	Mo. State 6s...	88
1,000	do..........	87½
5,000	do.....2d call	88
2,000	N. Y. St. 7s, '70.	100
1,000	Hud. R. 2d S. F. Bds.	103
1,000	Cen. Pac. R. R. gold bonds....	92½
1,000	do...bet. call	92
1,000	A. & T. H. Inc.	76
5,000	P., F. W. & C. 2d	94
1,000	M. & St. P. 1st	87¾
5,000	Mil. & St. P. 1st Iowa div.....	86
2,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	100
1,000	Col., C. & I. C. R. 1st M.	76
5,000	C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s.........	94¾
$4,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st.	88¼
1,000	Gt. West. 2d M.	82½
10	Bank of Republic	110
100	West. U. Tel......	36¾
100	do........b30	37
10	Pacific Mail......	60
100	Adams Ex.. b. c.	55
100	U. S. Ex. bet. call	56
200	Reading........b10	96¾
200	do..........	96⅝
500	do........b60	97¼
200	do........b10	96⅞
650	L. S. & M. S......	92¼
300	do.........b3	92⅞
100	do..........	92
50	Mich. Cen.... b. c.	123
50	Ill. Cen..........	139
100	Mil. & St. P. Pf...	81¼
200	Clev. & Pitts......	99⅞
600	do..........	100
25	C., C., C. & Ind. R..	78
10	do..........	77⅞
500	Chi. & N. W......	71⅜
6	do..........	71⅜
300	C. & N. W. Pf......	84
100	Chi. & R. I........	106
100	do..........	106⅛
100	Tol., W. & W......	65
357	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. guar..........	85
100	do..........	85⅛
100	do...bet. call	85⅛
100	N. J. Cen..........	97¾
100	Han. & St. J. R. Pf.	109¾
200	Col., C. & I. C. R..	22
200	Mar. & Cin. 1st M. bet. call.......	13

SECOND BOARD—12 M. AND 2½ P. M.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C., s3	119⅝
3,000	do..........s3	119⅝
24,000	U. S. 5-20 C., 62...	120⅝
20,000	do..........b3	120⅝
5,000	do..........	120⅝
2,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '64..	118⅛
15,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '65, new........s3	117
2,500	U. S. 5-20 C. '68.	117⅛
$500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new..........	117⅛
5,000	do..........s3	117⅛
151,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, s3	117⅛
5,000	do..........	117⅛
13,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C...	108
10,000	do..........	108⅛
13,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 R..	107⅝
20,000	do..........b3	107⅝

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$7,000	N. C. St. 6s, n..	38
6,000	do. spec. tax	39½
5,000	do..........	39
1,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jos. Is.	87½
5,000	B., N. Y. & E. 1st	86
10	Pacific Mail......	60
900	West. U. Tel....b.c.	36⅞
900	do........b60	37⅛
100	Adams Ex........	55⅛
200	do..........	55½
12	Am. Mer. U. Ex.	35⅛
200	U. S. Ex..........	56
100	N. Y. Cen..........	188⅝
100	Erie..............	30⅞
100	Hudson R..........	172½
200	Reading..........	96⅝
400	Mil. & St. P......	69
200	Lake S. & M. S....	92⅛
200	do..........	92⅛
200	Clev. & Pitts......	101
25	C. C., Cin. & Ind.	78
1500	Chi. & N. W......	71⅛
25	do..........	71⅜
100	H. & St. Jos. R..	109⅛
100	do..........	109⅛
40	Chi. & R. I........	106⅛
100	T., W. & W........	65
17	P., Ft. W. & Chi., guarant'd.....	84⅞
200	do..........	85
50	do...bet. call	85⅛
100	Ohio & Miss........	28⅛
100	H. & St. J. R. Pf.	109
100	do..........	109⅛
8	N. Y. & N. H. R. R.	140

NEW NATIONAL BOARD—NOON.

$10,000	Amer. Gold..b3	130⅛
100	Cumberland......	28⅛
100	Mariposa Pf......	17⅛
100	do..........	17⅛
100	Am. M. U. Ex......	35⅛
100	West. U. Tel....b3	36⅜
200	do..........	36⅜
700	Reading..........	96⅜
200	do.........s3	96⅝
100	Quick. M. Co......	13⅛
100	L. S. & M. So..b3	92⅝
100	do..........	92⅝
100	do........s60	92⅝
500	Canada Min. Co...	55
200	Pacific Mail......	59⅝
100	do.........s3	59⅝
100	Chi. & N. W......	71⅜

TUESDAY, Oct. 26—P. M.

This was another very dull day in the Wall-street markets. Money was cheap and easy strictly on call to the Brokers, while all time engagements rule from 8 to 10 ₱ cent. per annum, including Merchant paper of the best class when negotiated outside of Bank. The Banks, we believe, are doing a fair amount in the way of discounting for their regular dealers. In Gold there is a downward reaction to 130⅜ ₱ cent., on the readiness of the Treasury to cash the November interest on United States 5-20s, coupon or registered, without abatement. The $1,000,000 Gold sold by the Treasury Office at noon was awarded a fraction over 130 ₱ cent. The Public Funds were dull and ¼@⅜ ₱ cent. lower in the forenoon, but the decline induced a little more business later in the day in the 5-20s of 1862 and 1867 at 120⅝@120¾ and 117⅛@117¼ ₱ cent. respectively. The 5 ₱ cents 10-40s were steady at Monday's quotations. The Foreign Exchanges were in fair demand for the Cunard steamer to-morrow, the sales by Bankers being at 109⅛@109¼ for 60-days London and 109⅝@109¾ ₱ cent. short sight, and on Paris 5.18¾ francs 60 days and 5.15 francs short sight. There is a good offering of Bankers' Bills on these terms, while Merchant Bills, drawn against Cotton, &c., may be quoted ½@1 ₱ cent. lower, according to the classification of credits.

The Stock Exchange market for the Railways was a limited one in point of actual business, and the prices on the Western Roads weaker than last night, while New-York Central, Hudson River and Reading were comparatively [illegible]. The Western [illegible] were chiefly in Lake Shore, which fell to 92½, and then recovered to [illegible] ₱ cent.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, OCT. 26.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States 10-40s	108⅜	108
United States 5-20s of 1862	120⅞	120⅞
United States 5-20s of 1867	117¼	117¼
American Gold Coin	130⅛	130⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	109½	109½
New Bonds of Tennessee	53¼	53¾
Old Tennessees	61½	61½
North Carolina Bonds, new	37¾	38
Old North Carolinas	47	48
New-York Central	188⅜	188¾
Reading Railway	96⅜	96⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	106⅝	106¼
Northwest Common	71½	71¼
Northwest Preferred	84½	84
Pacific Mail Company	59⅝	60
St. Paul Preferred	82	81½
St. Paul Common	69¼	69
Hudson River	173	172¾
Lake Shore	93⅛	92⅝
Erie	31	30⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	26⅜	26⅜

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. reg'd, 1881	119⅛	5-20 coup., 1867	117⅛
6 ₱ cent. coup., 1881	119⅛	5-20 coup., 1868	117⅛
5-20 coup., 1862	120⅛	10-40 registered	107⅛
5-20 coup., 1864	118⅛	10-40 coupon	108
5-20 coup., 1865	119⅛	6s Currency	107⅛
5-20 coup., n. i., 1865	117⅛		

And the following for the State Bonds:

Ohio 6 ₱ c., '81	100	Louisiana 6s	65
Ohio 6 ₱ c., '87	100	La. 6s, levee bds	63½
Illinois coup. 6s, '77	101	California 7s	123
Illinois coup. 6s, '79	101	Connecticut 6s	99
Indiana 5 ₱ c.	98⅛	Rhode Island 6s	99
Tenn. 6s, ex coup	61½	Alabama 8s	90
Tenn. 6s, new bds	53½	N. Y. reg. B'ty Loan	107
Va. 6s, ex coup	48	N. Y. coup. B'ty L'n	107
Va. 6s, new bds	56	N. Y. 7s, C. Loan, '70	100
Ga. 6s, new bds	80	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '72	100
N. Car. 6s	48¼	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '73	100
N. Car., new bds	38	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '74	100
N. Car., special tax	39¼	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '75	100
S. Car. new bds	67¼	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '77	100½
Missouri 6s	87⅛	N. Y. 6s, C. Loan, '78	101
Mo., H. and St. Jo. Iss.	86	N. Y. 5s, C. Loan, '74	98½

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. C. 6s, 1887	88	Gt. Western 2d M., '93	82
N. Y. C. 6s, R. E.	88	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	98
N. Y. C. 6s, Sub'n	88	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	97¼
Erie 7s, 3d Ind., '83	88	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	94¼
Erie 7s, 4th Ind., '80	79	Morris & Essex 1st M.	100
Erie 7s, 5th Ind., '88	77¼	Morris & Essex 2d M.	91
B., N. Y. & E. 1st M., '77	84	Clev. & Tol. S. Fund	99¼
H. R. 7s, 1st M., '69-70	98	N. J. Central 1st M.	99¾
H. R. 7s, 3d M., S. F., '85	103	N. J. Central 2d M.	99¼
Harlem 1st M.	101	N. J. Cen. new bonds	98⅛
C. B. & Q. 8 ₱ c., 1st M.	107¼	P., Ft. W. & Chi. 2d	92¼
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c., 2d M.	91¾	Clev. & Pitts. 4th M.	72¼
M. S. & N. I. S. F., 7 ₱ c.	98⅛	Chi. & Alt. 1st M.	99¼
P. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	92	Chi. & Alt. Inc.	89
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c., 1870	116	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	91
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	91½	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	92¼
Alt. & T. H. 2d M., Pf.	80	St. L. & Iron M. B'ds	81¼
Alt. & T. H. 2d M., In.	75¼	Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 8s	100½
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	92¼	M. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10	89
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds	88¼	Mil. & St. P. 1st M.	87¾
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	88¼	Mil. & St. P. I. & M. d.	85¼
H. & St. Jo. L. G.	105½	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	87¼
H. & St. Jo. Con.	105	Chi. & Gt. Eas. 1st M.	77
Lack. & West. Bds	93	Col., Chi. & Ind. 1st	75¼
Del., L. & W. 1st M.	96	Col., Chi. & Ind. 2d	68
Del., L. & W. 2d M.	92	N. Y. & N. Haven 6s	93
T., W. & W. C. Con. S. F.	85¼	Central Pacific Bds	92
Gt. West. 1st M., '88	85		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	139	Hanover	109
Manhattan	143	Irving	113
Merchants'	128	Market	124
Mechanics'	140⅛	Nassau	105½
America	143	Continental	100
City	210	St. Nicholas	114
North River	95	Commonwealth	111
Tradesmen's	150	Importers'&Traders'	140
National	114	Manuf's' & Merch'ts'	100
Seventh Ward	112	Central National	110
State of New-York	112	Fourth National	104
Commerce	124	Ninth National	113
Broadway	280	Tenth National	80
Ocean	93	Oriental	150
American Exchange	108	Gold Exchange	30
Chatham	170	B'kers'&Brok'rsAs'n	100
Bank of the Republic	117		

AWARDS OF GOLD, OCT. 26.

Edward Sweet & Co.
5,000...130.05
Kent & Co.
10,000...130.15
10,000...130.12½
10,000...130.10
10,000...130.06
3,000...130.01
D. J. & Z. S. Ely & Co.
30,000...130.03
Dutell & Knowlton.
5,000...130.02
Sylvester Brush.
5,000...130.06
5,000...130.04
5,000...130.02
Cunningham & Mead.
5,000...130.05
Vermilye & Co.
20,000...130.12
3,000...130.01
Blake Brothers & Co.
50,000...130.02
50,000...130.03
Wilmerding, Hoguet & Co.
15,000...130.15
J. L. & D. S. Riker & Co.
10,000...130.05
Gibson, Beadleston & Co.
25,000...130.13
20,000...130.08
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.
10,000...130.13
10,000...130.07
5,000...130.02
O'Brien Brothers.
20,000...130.07

Carter, Hawley & Co.
10,000...130.08
3,000...130.01
J. B. Summerfield.
10,000...130.03
G. C. Magoun.
50,000...130.03
50,000...130.02
33,000...130.01
White, Morris & Co.
25,000...130.03
W. T. Hatch & Son.
25,000...130.13
60,000...130.02
Elliott, Dunn & Co.
20,000...130.13
10,000...130.05
Trevor & Colgate.
20,000...130.08
20,000...130.06
50,000...130.05
Robinson, Cox & Co.
50,000...130.05
Walker & Bulkley.
10,000...130.11
5,000...130.01½
H. F. Verhaven & Co.
23,000...130.01
Lee, Bliss & Co.
3,000...130.01
J. J. Pardee & Co.
3,000...130.01
Linder, Kingsley & Co.
5,000...130.01
G. D. Arthur & Co.
16,000...130.01
Budge, Schiff & Co.
25,000...130.01
Phelps, Dodge & Co.
8,000...130.01

Total...$1,000,000

PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD, OCT. 26.

Telegraphed to Messrs. Smith, Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	97	..
City 6s, New	100½	100 5-6
Camden and Amboy	119½	120
Pennsylvania Central	55⅝	55¾
Reading	96½	96⅝
Lehigh Valley	52¼	52½
Catawissa preferred	36½	..
Philadelphia and Erie	..	28½
Northern Central	47¼	47¾
Lehigh Navigation	33⅝	33¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	94⅞	95

The week's exports of domestic produce have been to the currency value of $3,997,794.

The National City Bank has announced a half yearly Dividend of *eight per cent.* for the first of November; The American Exchange National Bank a half yearly Dividend of *four per cent.;* The Fulton National Bank a half yearly Dividend of *five per cent.;* the Mechanics' & Traders' National Bank a half yearly dividend of *five per cent.;* the National Mechanics' Banking Association a half yearly Dividend of *five per cent.*

Messrs. KISSAM & Co., No. 36 Wall-street, advertise that they have been defrauded out of $45,000 Brooklyn City Assessment Bonds, the numbers of which they advertise in another part of this paper.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY LOAN.—Secured by a Land Grant of Three Millions of Acres in Kansas and Colorado, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon the proposed extension of the great Kansas Pacific Railway from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado, and a mortgage upon the road now in successful operation for 437 miles, and *earning more than enough to pay the interest on this new loan.* This loan runs thirty years; pays seven per cent.; Principal and Interest PAYABLE IN GOLD. There is no better investment in the market. For Maps, Pamphlets and Circulars, address DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., No. 53 Exchange-place, and M. K. JESUP & COMP'Y, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

☞ BANKING HOUSE OF KISSAM & CO.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 23, 1869.
OBTAINED BY FRAUD.
$45,000 Brooklyn Assessment Bonds:
Nos. 1,454, 1,455, 1,456, 1,457, 1,458, 1,460, 1,461, 1,462, 1,463, $5,000 each, dated June 15, 1869.
All persons are cautioned against negotiating the same.
KISSAM & CO.

☞ FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT BONDS of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company. 7 per cent. gold interest, free of United States taxes We recommend these bonds as a safe and profitable investment, producing nearly 10 per cent. per annum in currency, and in exchange for 5-20 bonds, yielding an increase of 45 per cent. in net annual income. Present price 95 and interest.
Full particulars furnished by
JAY COOKE & CO.

☞ NEW-ORLEANS CITY BONDS. Six per cent. coupon, interest payable in this City January and July, due 1st January, 1875, for sale at 75 and accrued interest by
MORTON, BLISS & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.

☞ DEAS & ELLIOTT, BROKERS IN STOCKS, Gold and Government Securities, No. 36 Broad-st., New-York. J. C. DEAS, Gold Board; R. S. ELLIOTT, New-York Stock Exchange.

[illegible]

☞ LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY-YEAR SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The railroad connecting Louisville and Nashville, Ky., is, with its branches, 397 miles in length. The cost of the road and equipment has been $15,268,000. Its bonded debt is but $[illegible]. Its stock pays eight per cent. dividends, and the Company has never failed to meet all liabilities at maturity.

The road has been in successful operation many years, and is doing a large and steadily increasing business. The Income account for the fiscal year ending 30th of June, 1869, stands: Gross Earnings, $2,381,138 55; Expenses, $1,349,461 79; Net Earnings, $1,031,676 76. The INCREASED EARNINGS of July, August and September, 1869, over those of the corresponding months of 1868, were $161,713 47.

To obtain funds for purchasing other lines which will add largely to the value of its entire property, and to retire the present indebtedness of $2,364,000 at maturity, the Company has executed a mortgage to James Punnett and Junius B. Alexander, of the City of New-York, as Trustees, upon its entire lines of road, with all its rolling stock, property, franchise and income, to secure the prompt payment of its bonds for eight million dollars. These bonds are for one thousand dollars each, payable thirty years from 1st of April, 1868, and bear seven per cent. interest. The coupons are payable April and October, at the Bank of America, in New-York.

These bonds are a first mortgage upon the present road, which has cost over Fifteen Million Dollars, and whose net earnings are now double the entire interest obligation it would assume.

The mortgage will be for an unusually small proportion of the value or income of the property, and we therefore unqualifiedly recommend these bonds to investors as in all respects a first-class security.

It is the purpose of the Company to issue, at present, only a small portion of its bonds secured under this mortgage, which we are now authorized to sell, in lots to suit purchasers, at ninety and accrued interest.

J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
No. 19 Nassau-st., New-York.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st., New-York.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 26, 1869.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	12	Leather, sides	4,130
Beeswax, pkgs	1	Oil, Lard, bbls	55
Cotton, bales	1,248	Petroleum, Ref., bbls	5,295
Eggs, bbls	638	Pork, pkgs	109
Flour, bbls	14,561	Beef, pkgs	194
Wheat, bushels	101,168	Cutmeats, pkgs	7
Corn, bushels	19,810	Lard, pkgs	150
Rye, bushels	1,428	Lard, kegs	100
Malt, bushels	530	Butter, pkgs	6,633
Barley, bushels	23,433	Cheese, boxes	10,354
Oats, bushels	35,244	Tallow, pkgs	249
Flaxseed, bushels	328	Oil Cake, pkgs	115
Beans, bushels	207	Starch, boxes	860
Cornmeal, bbls	200	Tobacco, hhds	58
B. W. Flour, bags	20	Whisky, bbls	173
Hops, bales	1,376	Wool, bales	34

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the bark *Ninfa Tagliavia*, for Cardiff—16,098 bushels Wheat.

By the steamer *Holsatia*, for Hamburg—587 bags Regulus, 44 cases Tobacco, 19 hhds. Tobacco, 973 bales Tobacco, 250 seroons Tobacco, 10 kegs Caviar, 52 cases Oil Peppermint, 91 cases Axes, 29,496 lbs. Grease, 50 cases Cigars, 6 bales Drugs, 136 bbls. Asphaltum, 66 bales Hops, 2,230 boxes Extract, 592 bags Coffee, 215 pkgs. Beef, 149 bundles Whalebone, 736 bales Cotton, 356 cases Sewing Machines, 1 bale Snake Root, 92 pkgs. Sarsaparilla, 110,745 lbs. Lard, 100 boxes Soap, 15 cases Mach'ery, 11 cases Silver Ore, 25 bbls. Maize, 7 pkgs. Preserves, 74 pkgs. Hardware, 25 bbls. Starch, 15 cases Metal, 366 cases Muskets.

By the ship *Princeton*, for Rotterdam—6,000 bbls. Rosin, 200 tons Cedarwood, 3,000 bushels Grain, 1,200 boxes Extract, 300 hhds. Tobacco, 50 bbls. Beef, 20 hhds. Bark, 25 cases Tobacco, 50,000 Staves.

ASHES—Have been quoted steady at $7 37½@$7 67½ for Pots, and $9@$9 25 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—There has not been much call for Yellow, but prices have been quoted steady on the basis of 41c.@42c. ₱ lb.

BRICKS—The demand has been moderate at uniform prices, including Common Hard at $4 75@$6 25; Croton at $16@$18, and Philadelphia Front at $40@$45 ₱ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been inactive, but quoted steady. Adamantine, light weights, 21c.@22c.; Plain Sperm, 45c.@48c.; Patent do, at 58c. ₱ lb.

CEMENT—Is salable and steady at $2 for Rosendale ₱ bbl.

COFFEE—Has been in limited demand since our last at unchanged prices. The week's receipts of Rio have been 8,353 bags; sales, 23,992 bags; stock in importers' hands to-day, as made up by Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SONS, 75,410 bags; and at all the distributing ports, 95,110 bags. Cargo prices are quoted thus: Ordinary cargoes, 8¾c.@9c.; Fair cargoes, [illegible]@10c.; Good cargoes, 10¾c.@11c.; Prime cargoes, 11¾c.@12c., gold, ₱ lb., in bond, 45 and 60 days' credit. We quote: Java, 22c.@23¾c.; Maracaibo, 16¾c.@20¼c.; Laguayra, 16¾c.@18c.; Rio, 8¾c.@12¾c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17¾c.@19¾c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16c.; Singapore, 20c.@22¾c.; Costa Rica, 14¾c.@18¾c.; Manila, 16c.@18c.; Mexican, 16c.@18c.; Savanilla, 16c.@18¾c., gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—Has been quoted steady, on a moderate trade. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 2,483 bales, (of which 291 bales were to arrive,) including 1,194 bales to shippers, 1,080 bales to spinners and 219 bales to speculators. Also 500 bales for forward delivery, including 100 bales on the basis of Low Middling, February, at 26c.; 100 do., October, at 25¾c.; 100 do., November, at 25¾c.; 200 do., September, at 26c. ₱ lb. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZERREGA are quoting as follows, in their letters for to-morrow's steamer, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	24⅛	24¼	25	25¼
Good Ordinary	25⅛	25¼	25½	25¾
Low Middling	26	26¼	26½	26¾
Middling	26⅛	26½	26⅞	27

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	8,491
Receipts last week	20,351
Receipts the preceding week	24,740
Receipts since Sept. 1	117,971
Receipts since Jan. 1	480,598
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869	639,727
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	638,886
Export clearances since our last	
Exports since Sept. 1	45,642
Exports since Jan. 1	228,044
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1869	328,479
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1869	338,557
Stock here	17,000

COCOA—Has been inactive at unchanged prices.

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Have been quoted about steady, on a very moderate business.

FEATHERS—Live Geese have been quiet at the old figures of 85c.@90c. ₱ lb.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—No change in price has noticed, but a very dull market has been reported.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The offerings of State and Western Flour have been on a more liberal scale, and though the demand has been fair for desirable lots, prices have been generally quoted a shade easier, closing in favor of purchasers. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 13,650 bbls., in lots, including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $5 40@$5 70; very inferior to good Extra State at $5 80@$6 30; good to choice Spring Wheat Extra State at $6 30@$6 90, and poor to good shipping brands of round hoop Ohio at $6@$6 35 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$5 40@$5 70
Extra State	5 80@ 6 90
Extra Illinois, Indiana, &c.	5 75@ 8 00
Extra Ohio, round hoop shipping brands	6 00@ 6 35
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	6 35@ 8 25
Extra Genesee	6 90@ 8 25
Poor to Fancy Extra Missouri	6 15@ 9 75

Southern Flour has been in less demand at yielding prices, sales having been reported since our last of 625 bbls., in lots, at from $6 30@$6 80 for poor to fair Ordinary, and $6 80@$10 50 for fair Ordinary to very choice Extra, ₱ bbl. California Flour continues dull at unchanged prices. Rye Flour is in fair demand at $4 80@$6 20 for inferior to very choice ₱ bbl.; sales 470 bbls. Cornmeal is dull and heavy at $5@$5 65 for Western, $5 25@$5 50 for Jersey, and $6 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Buckwheat Flour is in moderate demand at from $3 75@$4 50 ₱ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more active and firmer. The demand has been mainly for export. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 139,650 bushels, including White Western at $1 45@$1 60; Red and Amber Western at $1 25@$1 45, chiefly at $1 43@$1 44 for Amber; No. 1 Spring at $1 39@$1 40; No. 2 Spring at $1 35 @$1 37, the latter rate for Old; No. 3 Spring at $1 20@$1 22; Rejected Spring at $1 10@$1 18; White Genesee at $1 47½@$1 55; Red and Amber State at $1 40@$1 44; White Southern at $1 55@$1 56; Red and Amber Southern at $1 42@$1 46 ₱ bushel. Corn has been more sought after at a further material improvement in prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 87,500 bushels at 87c.@97c. for damaged and heated New Mixed Western; 98c.@$1 08 for poor to very choice Mixed Western; $1 04@$1 08 for White, and $1 08@$1 10 for Yellow Western ₱ bushel. Rye has been in limited request at $1 05@$1 07 for Western, and $1 12@$1 15 for State, ₱ bushel. Barley has been moderately active at less buoyant prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 20,500 bushels at $1 28c.@$1 33 for two-rowed State, and $1 53 for Canada West, ₱ bushel. Barley Malt has been taken in a jobbing way, at $1 58@$1 65 ₱ bushel. Oats have been in good demand and buoyant in price. Sales have been reported of 76,000 bushels, in lots, at 60c.@63½c., from dock and delivered, for Jersey, Southern, Western and State, ₱ bushel. The export clearances have been 16,098 bushels Wheat for Cardiff. The Albany *Argus* says: "Two hundred and twenty-seven boats passed through Schenectady prior to 1 o'clock P. M. since navigation was resumed after the break. The following named boats passed from 7 o'clock P. M. of the 24th to 1 P. M. of the 25th:

Lumber—Wm. P. Herrig, New-London; Hungarian, Oswego; Cahawba, Oswego; Restless, Phœnix; Amos V. Greeves, Barnard's Bay; Alice Gordon, Gordon Mills; J. Jaquett, Liverpool; Dan Warr, Oneida Valley; G. N. Reynolds, Fulton; E. S. Houghtalling, Albion; Erie, Buffalo; Monitor, Covert; T. Hennessy, Baldwinsville; Chas. O'Conor, North Bay; Uncle Bill, Brodockville; Michael Doran, Durhamville; I. S. Howe, Cleveland; Fayetteville, Hall's Landing; Frank L. Marsden, Barnard's Bay; Craftman, Constantia; Anna Van Sanford, Albany; W. O. Leland, Hinsdale; Amos Stacy, Oswego; F. K. Jones, Fulton; Racer, New-York; Ellen M. Bruce, Lockport; J. Rice, Rondout; R. Baker, Canastota; D. R. Wilson, Oswego.

Wheat—G. W. Hasse, Havana; Amelia Hinds, Tonawanda; J. C. Heath, Ithaca; Lizzie Knettles, Lansing; Susquehanna, New-York; L. A. Holmes, Lockport; Carrie L. Casler, Little Falls; J. C. Skaden, Durhamville; Addie, Oswego.

Corn—Alpha, Buffalo; Henrietta, Ithaca; Fred. Vell, Williamstown; George W. Knowles, Lyons; H. Shattuck, Syracuse; Engine, Buffalo; O. H. Fisher, New-London; John B. Weld, Medina; Manhattan, Buffalo; Delaware, New-York.

Barley—George M. King, Ithaca; John Gears, Danville; H. Van Slyck, Hinesville.

Mixed—Frederick Myer, Rochester; D. J. Millard, Utica; W. B. Hopkins, Utica; Blue Bird, Rome; Bella, Rochester; S. Stevens, Eagle Harbor.

Bituminous Coal—Nelson Cowens, Corning.

Staves—M. W. Edans, Lockport; John H. Roberts, Verona; Sarah King, Trumansburg; Herman Van Buren, Clyde; Eliza, Buffalo.

Salt—John P. Hier, Syracuse; J. A. Hart, Liverpool.

Oats—Monitor, Ticonderoga; Nellie Curtis, Fulton.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Continue inactive but steady; Bags, 15½c.@17½c. each; Bagging, 23c.@23½c. ₱ yard.

HAY—Bale Hay has been fairly active at [illegible] for shipping, and [illegible] for local use ₱ 100 lbs.

HEMP—[illegible] Manila, 16c., gold; Sisal, 11¼c.@12c., gold.

HIDES—Have been in good request and buoyant in price, including *Dry Hides*, Buenos Ayres, 21@23 lbs., 31c.@32¼c.; Buenos Ayres, 20@27 lbs., 30c.@31c., gold, selected; Buenos Ayres Seconds, 20@22 lbs., 13½c.@26c., gold, as they run; Montevideo, 20@23 lbs., 31c.@31½c.; Corrientes, 21@23 lbs., 30½c.@31c.; Rio Grande, 20@21 lbs., 31c.@31½c.; Orinoco, 20@23 lbs., 20½c.@21c.; California, 21@25 lbs., 20c.@20½c., gold, selected; Central American, 18@22 lbs., 17½c.@18½c.; San Juan, 21@23 lbs., 16c.@17c.; Matamoras, 23@25 lbs., 16c.@17c.; Vera Cruz, 18@19 lbs., 18c.@18½c.; Tampico, 20@22 lbs., 17½c.@18½c.; Porto Cabello, 20@23 lbs., 18½c.@18½c.; Maracaibo, 20@23 lbs., 13½c.@14½c.; Bogota, 18@21 lbs., 18c.@18½c.; Truxillo, 17@19 lbs., 14½c.; Rio Hache, 17@20 lbs., 14c.@15c.; Curacoa, 18@22 lbs., 12½c.@14c.; Port-au-Platte, 16@18 lbs., 16c.@17c.; Bahia, 21@22 lbs., 15c.@16c., gold, as they run; Texas, 21@25 lbs., 20½c.@21½c.; Western, 19@24 lbs., 19c.@20c.; Southern, 13@16 lbs., 20c.@22c., currency, as they run. *Dry Salted Hides*—Maracaibo, 20@22 lbs., 12c.@13c.; Maranham, 20@23 lbs., 12½c.@13c.; Pernambuco, 28@29 lbs., 12½c.@13½c.; Matamoras, 28@32 lbs., 14c.@15c.; Savanilla, 25@28 lbs., 11½c.@12½c.; Bahia, 25@28 lbs., 11½c.@12½c.; Chili, 28@30 lbs., 13c.; Sandwich Islands, 28@32 lbs., 11½c.@12½c., gold, as they run; Southern and Western, 20@26 lbs., 17c.@19c., currency, as they run. *Wet Salted Hides*—Buenos Ayres, 45@50 lbs., 11c.@11½c.; Rio Grande, 40@50 lbs., 11½c.@11½c.; California, 45@50 lbs., 11c.; Para, 35@40 lbs., 9c.@10c., gold, selected; New-Orleans, 50@80 lbs., 11c.@11½c.; Texas, 50@70 lbs., 12c.@12½c.; City Slaughter, Ox, 60@80 lbs., 12½c.@12½c.; City Slaughter, Cow, 45@60 lbs., 12c.@12½c., currency, selected. *Upper Leather Hides*—Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande Kips, 10@13 lbs., 23½c.@24½c., gold, selected; Minas, 15@16 lbs., 18c.@19c., gold, as they run; Sierra Leone, 9@10 lbs., 40c.@41c.; Gambia and Bissau, 8@9 lbs., 32c.@35c., currency, selected; Zanzibar, 10@12 lbs., 25c.@26c., currency, as they run. And *East India Hides*: Calcutta Slaughter, Cow, 9¾@12½ lbs., 15c.@16c.; Calcutta Dead Green, 8@9 lbs., 13½c.@14c.; Calcutta Buffalo, 19@22 lbs., 12c.@13½c.; Manila and Batavia Buffalo, 20@25 lbs., 10c.@11c.; Singapore Buffalo, 25@27 lbs., 11c.; Penang Cow, 10@12 lbs., 12c.@12½c., gold.

HOPS—Have been unchanged in prices, but have been quite moderately dealt in, including New-York State New at 14c.@20c.; Eastern New at 12c.@18c.; Ohio at 12c.@15c.; Michigan, 12c.@13c. for common to fair; Wisconsin, 16c.@18c.; Yearlings, 4c.@8c.; Old Olds, 1c.@2c. ₱ lb. Receipts to-day, 1,376 bales; exports, 66 bales.

LATHS—Eastern have attracted less attention at $2 87 ₱ thousand.

LEATHER—There has been an active call for Sole, which has been quite firm, including Oak Slaughter and Salted, Good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, Good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, Good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, Light Cropped, Good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, Middle Cropped, Good, 40c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, Bellies Cropped, Good, 22c.@24c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Light, 30c.@31c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Middle, 30c.@31c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Heavy, 28c.@31c.; Hemlock, California, Good Light, 30c.; Hemlock, California, Good Middle, 30c.; Hemlock, California, Good Heavy, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Light, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Middle, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Heavy, 26c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, Damaged, all weights, 25c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, Poor, all weights, 20c.@23c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 41c.@43c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Middle, 38c.@43c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Heavy, 39c.@45c., cash, ₱ lb. The receipts to-day were 14,130 Sides.

LIME—Rockland has been steady and in request at $1 65 for Common, and $1 75 for Lump, ₱ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in demand, and generally held with firmness.

MOLASSES—Porto Rico has been in more demand, and about 540 hhds. have been sold, part at 68c. ₱ gallon. Other kinds have been quiet, but steady. We quote, Porto Rico at 50c.@75c.; Cuba at 35c.@58c.; New-Orleans at 80c.@90c. ₱ gallon; and in detail thus:

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed, ₱ gallon	35c.@37c.	37c.@40c.
Cuba, Clayed, ₱ gallon	37c.@42c.	45c.@50c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades, ₱ gallon	—@—	48c.@52c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades, ₱ gallon	—@—	53c.@58c.
Proto Rico, ₱ gallon	—@—	50c.@73c.
English Islands, ₱ gallon	—@—	48c.@65c.
New-Orleans, ₱ gallon	—@—	80c.@95c.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been moderately dealt in at about previous prices; sales have been reported, since our last, of 1,850 bbls. common to good Strained at from $2 20@$2 25; 110 bbls. No. 2 at $2 45@$2 75; 460 bbls. No. 1 and Pale at from $3 25@$5 37½ ₱ 280 lbs. No receipts were reported to-day. The export clearances were 6,000 bbls. Resin for Rotterdam. Tar has been dull and heavy within our range. Crude Turpentine has been neglected and nominal. Spirits Turpentine has been quiet and weak in price, having been sold to the extent of only 130 bbls., in lots, at from 47c.@48½c. ₱ gallon. We quote Spirits Turpentine at 47c.@48½c. ₱ gallon; Crude, $3 45@$3 50; Resin at $2 20@$9 ₱ 280 lbs., the latter for Choice White; Tar at $2 75@$3; Pitch at $2 45@$2 65 ₱ bbl.

OILS—There has been very little call for Linseed, which has been quoted barely steady. Whale Oil has been purchased to the extent of 1,180 bbls. Southern, for export, on private terms. Sperm has been inactive at former rates. Lard Oil has been quiet at unchanged figures. Winter is quite scarce. Menhaden has been quoted up to 65c. for Prime, on a light supply and a moderate inquiry. Refined Spermaceti has been taken to the extent of 20,000 lbs. for home use on private terms. We quote: Crude Whale at 90c.@$1 08 for Southern and Western; Bleached Whale at $1 13@$1 15; Crude Sperm at $1 75@$1 78; Unbleached Sperm at $1 90@$1 95; Bleached Sperm at $1 95@$2; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 55; Red Oil at 85c.@93c.; Linseed Oil at 97c.@$1, in casks and barrels; Olive Oil at $1 47½@$1 50; Menhaden, 63½c.@65c.; Spermaceti, 44c.

PETROLEUM—The light offerings and the advanced prices claimed have had the effect of checking operations in all descriptions. Deliveries on and settlements of maturing October contracts now form the chief business, particularly in Refined. Prices have been gradually worked up, to the prejudice and embarrassment of parties who had sold for last half of October delivery. The high figures now ruling, and the extreme firmness in freights, in view of the unusually limited amount of ship room available, served to impede free export movements. Crude has been moderately inquired for at 18¾c.@19c., in bulk, with sales of 1,040 bbls.; 24¾c.@25c. in shipping order here, and 23¾c. in shipping order at Philadelphia, ₱ gallon. No receipts of Crude were reported here; at Philadelphia 640 bbls. arrived. Refined Oil has been comparatively quiet, having been quoted up to 33¾c.@34¼c. for Standard White for October delivery here, and 34c. at Philadelphia. Sales have been reported here of 3,850 bbls. Standard White, October delivery, at from 33¾c.@34¼c., chiefly at 33¾c.; 2,500 bbls. do., November delivery, at 33¾c.@33¾c., chiefly at 33¾c.; 2,000 bbls. do., December delivery, at 33c.@33¾c.; and 2,000 bbls. do., November and December delivery, at 33c. ₱ gallon. Also, at Philadelphia, 3,500 bbls. Standard White, for October delivery, mainly at 34c.; 1,500 bbls. do., November, at 33¼c.@33¾c.; and 3,000 bbls. do., November and December delivery, mostly @33¼c. ₱ gallon. The receipts of Refined here have been 5,295 bbls.; at Philadelphia, 3,700 bbls. There were no export clearances hence reported. Standard White in cases has been inactive at 38¾c.@39c., with sales of 850 cases at 38¾c., and Prime White at 39c.@39¾c. ₱ gallon. Naphtha has been in limited demand and quoted at 10¾c.@11c., and 16c.@16¾c. in cases, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand at slightly advanced prices. Sales have been reported of 480 bbls., in lots, at $31 37@$31 50, chiefly at $31 37, for Western Mess, $33 50@$34 for City Mess, $27 50@$29 50 for Western and City Prime Mess, and $25 25@$26 50 for Prime to Extra Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats have been salable and firm. Sales have been reported of 130 pkgs. at 14¾c.@15¾c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Shoulders, 18c.@19c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, and 19c.@23c. for Bagged Hams, ₱ lb. Bacon has been in fair demand at about steady prices. Sales have been reported of equal to 140 boxes ice-cured at from 17c.@17¾c. ₱ lb. Lard has been quiet at previous prices. Sales have been reported of 475 tierces and bbls., in lots, at 16¾c.@18¾c. for Poor No. 1 to Choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 17¾c.@17¾c. for City, and 17¾c. for Prime Steam Dressed Hogs have been dull at 13c. ₱ lb. Beef has been in less demand at unaltered rates. Sales 125 bbls., in lots, at $6@$13 for Plain Mess; $12 50@$17 50 for Extra Mess, and $3 50@$5 50 for inferior grades barreled Mess Beef. Tierce Beef unaltered. Beef Hams continue in slack request at from $17@$28 for old, and $33@$35 for new, ₱ bbl.; sales 110 bbls., in lots. Butter is generally quiet at previous rates. We quote State, common to very good, 28c.@43c.; Prime to Fancy, 45c.@50c., and Western, Inferior to Prime, 20c.@35c. ₱ lb. The receipts to-day were 6,633 pkgs. Cheese continues in request at from 10c.@19c., as the extremes, for Common to Choice Factory. The receipts of the day were 10,354 boxes.

RICE—Has been in moderate supply and light request, including Carolina at $8 50@$9 for New, and $7@$9 for Old, and Rangoon at $7 25@$7 50 ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been rather lightly dealt in at about previous prices, including Turk's Island at 47c.@48c.; Cadiz, 44c.@45c. ₱ bushel; Liverpool Ground at $1 65; Liverpool Fine at $2 50@$3 by the invoice, ₱ sack. Jobbers' store prices have been as follows: Turk's Island, 50c. ₱ bushel; Ashton's Liverpool Fine, $3 50@$3 60; Marshall's and Worthington's do., $2 50@$2 60; Higgins' do., $2 75@$3; Evans', Dean's, Faulk's, Cheshire, &c., $2 55; Liverpool Ground, $1 75 ₱ sack, with the usual discount for cash.

SALTPETRE—Is slow of sale at 7c. gold, ₱ lb.

SEEDS—Have been inactive, yet quoted firm, as a rule, including Clover, 12c.@13c. ₱ lb.; Rough Flax, $2 35@$2 50; Timothy, $3 75@$4, currency, and Calcutta Linseed at $2 17½@$2 20, gold, ₱ bushel.

SKINS—A moderate inquiry has been noted for most kinds, including Honduras Deer at 43c.; Nicaragua, 37½c.@40c.; Bolivar, 30c.@41c.; Sisal, 44c.; Vera Cruz, 42½c.@44c.; Central American, 42½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.@37½c.; Para, 44c.@45c., gold, ₱ lb.; Tampico, Goat, 55c.@57½c.; Matamoras, 50c.@52c.; Vera Cruz, 50c.@52c., gold, ₱ lb.; Buenos Ayres, 50c.@55c.; Payta, 50c.@52½c.; Curacoa, 52c.; Cape, 45c.@50c., currency, ₱ lb.; Madras, 70c.@75c. each.

SOAP—Has been in limited request, including Castile at 13c.@13¼c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c.; and No. 1 at 7¼c. ₱ lb.

SPICES—Have been quiet; prices have been quoted stronger. We quote: Mace at $1 30; No. 1 Nutmegs at $1@$1 10; Cassia at 45c.@46c.; Cloves at 28c.@26¾c.; Pepper at 25c.@26c.; Pimento at 18¾c.@19c.; Ginger at 12c.@12¾c., gold, ₱ lb.

SUGARS—A fairly active inquiry has been noted for Raw Sugars at uniform prices. Sales have been reported of 1,780 hhds. Cuba, Porto Rico and Demerara at from 11¾c.@14¾c.; and 570 boxes Havana, chiefly at 12¾c.@12¾c. ₱ lb. We quote: Fair to very good refining grades of Cuba at 11¾c.@11¾c.; fair to very good grocery grades at from 12c.@12¾c.; very good to choice do. at 12¾c.@12¾c. Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 12c.@13¾c. ₱ lb. No. 12 Box Sugar, 12¾c.@12¾c. ₱ lb. We quote Box Sugar in detail thus: Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 7 to 9, at 11c.@11¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 10 to 12, at 11¾c.@12¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 13 to 15, at 12¾c.@13¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 16 to 18, at 13¾c.@14¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, Nos. 19 and 20, at 14¾c.@15¾c.; Boxes Dutch Standard, White, at 14¾c.@15¾c. And Bagged Sugar thus: Brazil, Dutch Standard, Nos. 8 to 12, at 11c.@12¾c.; Java, Dutch Standard, Nos. 10 to 12, at 11¾c.@12¾c. ₱ lb. Manila, Current Clayed and Superior, at 10¾c.@11¾c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars have been in limited request and heavy at from 14¾c.@16c. ₱ lb. Messrs. R. L. & A. STUART now quote their refined Sugars thus: Crushed Sugar at 16c.; Granulated, 16c.; Ground, 15¾c.; White, A, 15¾c., and Yellow, C, 14¾c., cash, ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—The demand has been less active, generally. Sales have been reported of 115,000 lbs. of Tallow at 11¾c.@11¾c.; also 43,000 Stearine at 17¾c.@19¾c., and 37,000 lbs. Grease at 10c.@14c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Have been quiet but steady. We quote: Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 80; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 65; Young Hyson, 82¾c.@$1 70; Uncolored Japan at from 80c.@$1 25; Oolong at 70c.@$1 50; Souchong and Congou at from 70c.@$1 50 ₱ lb.

WHALEBONE—The week's business Messrs. TAFT, LEE & CO. sum up thus: "The transactions since our circular of the 18th include about 3,000 lbs. South Sea at 82c., and 12,000 Arctic at $1, gold, for export. Stock Oct. 18, 312,000 lbs.; received, 5,000 lbs.; total, 317,000 lbs. Sold for export 21,000 lbs.; stock at date, 296,000 lbs.; stock in speculators' hands [illegible]."

WHISKY—Continues inactive at $1 [illegible] ₱ gallon; sales 225 bbls.; receipts, 173 bbls.

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet but firm. For Liverpool, there were taken 370 bales Cotton, by [illegible] ₱ bushel. For London, by sail, 700 bbls. Flour at [illegible] ₱ 280 lbs.; 50 tons heavy goods at 27s. 6d.@32s. 6d.; and 20 tons Measurement Goods at 17s. 6d.@22s. 6d. ₱ ton. For Jersey, an American bark, with 3,000 bbls. Flour, at 4s. ₱ bbl. and 5,000 bushels Wheat at 11d., ship's bags, ₱ bushel. For Leghorn, a British brig, with 1,800 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 9d. ₱ bbl. For Cadiz, a vessel with 1,100 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. ₱ bbl. For a Continental port direct, an American bark, with 3,000 bbls. Petroleum, (a recharter,) on private terms.

FINANCIAL.

SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-YORK.

FIRST MORTGAGE

THIRTY-YEAR Seven per Cent.

SINKING FUND BONDS,

AMOUNTING TO

$1,500,000

INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY, FEB. 1, AND AUG. 1, IN NEW-YORK.

These Bonds are amply secured upon the Railway from New-York State line near Waverley to Lake Ontario, at Fair Haven, a part of which is completed, and the rest is under construction.

$2,000,000

Has been already expended on the works. It is a First Mortgage upon the entire Road, the Rolling Stock and Franchises of this First-Class Railway, which by the 1st of January will be in

Successful Operation for 70 Miles,

That Section from Owego to Auburn is one of the richest farming districts in Western New-York. In addition to this the Bonds are also secured by a

SINKING FUND

Of 1 per cent. per annum from the net earnings of the Company to be placed in the hands of Trustees for accumulation and for the liquidation of the debt thus created.

The avails of the Bonds now offered for sale will be devoted to the construction of the Road from Owego to the State line, to the completion of the Road from Auburn north to Lake Ontario, to the erection of necessary buildings, and to the purchase of additional Rolling Stock for the proper equipment of the Road.

The Avails of the Bonds will be Ample to Complete and Thoroughly Equip the Entire Line.

THE BONDS HAVE

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,

From Aug. 1, 1869, and will pay

SEVEN PER CENT.

Semi-annually, on Feb. 1 and Aug. 1.

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THE LOAN HAVE ALREADY BEEN NEGOTIATED.

The undersigned now offer the balance of

$1,100,000

At 87½ and Accrued Interest.

At their present price they will pay nearly NINE PER CENT.

Pamphlets and maps, giving full information, will be sent on application.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD

SEVEN PER CENT.

First Mortgage Bonds,

FOR SALE BY

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

A. V. B. VAN DYCK,
STOCK, BOND AND GOLD BROKER,
No. 30 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—TEN PER CENT. CITY AND town bonds, in State of Illinois; first-class securities, of undoubted character, below par.

Real valuation of property, $9,186,000.

Whole indebtedness of towns only $203,000.

Also, New-York City Railroad Stocks and Bonds, Insurance, Bank and Gaslight Stocks, and a large riety of other stocks and bonds for profitable investments, at low rates, for sale by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS,
Paris, No. 12 Rue de la Paix; New-York, No. 19 William-st.; Boston, No. 76 State-st.

Issue bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London in sums to suit; also circular letters of credit for travelers, available throughout the world. Letters to their care for travelers registered on receipt and delivery.

Agents for the *Times* in Europe.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue Letters of Credit, for Travelers' use, on MESSRS. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe; also, make Telegraphic transfers on CALIFORNIA AND EUROPE.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.—Please to take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 470 West 30th-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the first day of November, A. D. 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M., to which meeting will be submitted an agreement entered into between the Directors of said Company and those of the New-York Central Railroad Company, for the consolidation of said companies and railroads, and a vote by ballot taken thereat, for the adoption or rejection of the same. By order of the Board of Directors.

AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,
NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE sinking fund bonds of the Company have this day designated the following for redemption: Nos. 761, 762, 765, 792, 799, 800, 801, 810 of $1,000 each, and Nos. 49, 52, 62 and 71 of $500 each. The bonds, with accrued interest, will be paid at this office on presentation. Interest will cease after the 1st of November next.

J. B. DUMONT, Assistant Secretary.

SPUYTEN DUYVIL AND PORT MORRIS RAILROAD COMPANY.—NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual election for thirteen directors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st., on TUESDAY, the 9th day of November next.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M. of that day. The transfer books will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. of the 5th day of November until 9 o'clock A. M. of the 10th day of November next.

ROBERT J. NIVEN, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1869.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AV. RAILROAD COMPANY,
3D-AV., BETWEEN 65TH AND 66TH STS.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Third-av. Railroad Company for the election of thirteen Directors and three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 10, prox. The polls will be open from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the Company will be closed from Nov. 4 until Nov. 11, prox. By order of the Board.

CHARLES S. ARTHUR, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., NO. 52 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1869.

THE EQUIPMENT BONDS OF THIS Company due Nov. 1, 1869, will be paid on presentation at this office, less interest at seven per cent. for the unexpired time.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 22, 1869.

THE COUPONS DUE NOV. 1, PROX., on the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Montgomery and West Point Railroad will be paid at the National Bank of the Republic, New-York.

C. T. POLLARD, President.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND IN GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1869—3 P. M.

	Buy	Sell.		Buy	Sell.
Registered, 1881	119⅜	119⅝	5-20 Coupon, '67	117⅛	117⅜
Coupon, 1881	119⅜	119⅝	5-20 Coupon, '68	117⅛	117⅜
5-20 Regis., 1862	114⅛	114⅝	10-40 Regis.	107⅛	107⅜
5-20 Coupon, '62	120⅛	120⅜	10-40 Coupon	108	108¼
5-20 Coupon, '64	118⅛	118⅜	Gold	130	130⅛
5-20 Coupon, '65	119⅛	119⅜	U. S. Cur. Pac.	107⅛	107⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65, Jan. and July	117⅛	117⅜			

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND WASHINGTON.

NO. 20 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy, sell and exchange, at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS

and bonds of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive deposits, subject to check, allowing interest, and transact a general banking business

JAY COOKE & CO.

COLLECTIONS.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(*The same as an Incorporated Bank,*)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

HACKENSACK AND NEW-YORK

EXTENSION RAILROAD CO.

SEVEN PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

We offer for sale $75,000 of these bonds, at 80 and accrued interest. Interest payable 1st of May and November. Bonds payable 1st of May, 1889. Mortgage only $10,700 per mile.

CARPENTER & RICHARDS,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

LOST OR STOLEN.

In Boston, Mass., on or about Sept. 1, 1864, CERTIFICATE NO. 27,438, dated Oct. 23, 1863, for five shares of the stock of the Bank of Commerce in New-York, and CERTIFICATE dated Oct. 23, 1863, for five shares of the stock of the Bank of the Republic in New-York, both in the name of Geo. W. Baldwin.

Transfer of the above has been stopped, and new certificates applied for.

BALDWIN & WEEKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1869.

HAVING BEEN ORDERED BY THE Board of Education to invest the School Fund from time to time in North Carolina Bonds, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals till MONDAY, the 1st day of November next, at the National Bank of the Republic, in New-York City, for the delivery of $400,000 in the bonds of the State of North Carolina.

Those offering bonds will designate the class and denomination of bonds offered and the amount of past due interest they bear.

The right is reserved to reject offers not deemed advantageous.

D. A. JENKINS,
Treasurer Board of Education.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK MINING COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the office, No. 125 Front-st., on MONDAY, the 1st of November next, at 12 o'clock.

The poll will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.

WILLIAM H. FLEMING,
Secretary.

PORT HURON AND LAKE MICHIGAN RAILROAD CO.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
PORT HURON, Mich., Oct. 14, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE SEVEN PER Cent. First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the Port Huron and Lake Michigan Railroad Company, due Nov. 1, 1869, will be paid on and after that date, IN GOLD COIN, free of Government tax, on presentation at the office of S. W. HOPKINS & CO., No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

W. L. BANCROFT, Treasurer.

PENINSULAR RAILWAY COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 14, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE SEVEN PER cent. First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the Peninsular Railway Company of Michigan, due Nov. 1, 1869, will be paid on and after that date IN GOLD COIN, free of Government tax, on presentation at the office of S. W. HOPKINS & CO., No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

C. WAKELEE, Treasurer.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 20, 1869.

THE COUPONS DUE NOV. 1, 1869, of the First Mortgage Eight per Cent. Bonds of the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad Company, will be paid, less United States tax, on presentation at the banking house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., on and after that date.

CHAS. T. POLLARD, President.

OFFICE OF CEDAR FALLS & MINNESOTA R. R. CO.,
NO. 41 CEDAR-ST., CORNER OF WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1869.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Cedar Falls and Minnesota Railroad Company, due 30th of October, will be paid on presentation at the office of the Company on and after that date, less Government tax.

JOHN S. KENNEDY, President.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE,
LANSING, Oct. 25, 1869.

THE INTEREST DUE NOV. 1, 1869, on the bonds issued by the State of Michigan, will be paid at the Mercantile National Bank, in the City of New-York.

E. O. GROSVENOR, State Treasurer.

NOTICE.—THE REGULAR SEMI-ANNUAL meeting of the Stockholders of the Orange County Milk Association will be held at the office of the Association, No. 179 Hudson-st., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 3, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. DECKER, President.
JAMES KENNEDY, Secretary.

SHAFER FARM OIL COMPANY,
No. 28 Warren-st., October, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING FOR THE election of Trustees will be held at this office on SATURDAY, 6th November next, from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M.

D. S. ARNOLD, Secretary.

HANNIBAL AND NAPLES FIRST Mortgage Bonds.—The November interest on the Hannibal and Naples First Mortgage Bonds will be paid at our office No. 19 William-st.

A. B. BAYLIS & CO.

SAVINGS BANKS.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1,146 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM NOV. 1.
CHARLES PECK, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Nov. 1, will draw interest from Nov. 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also, on Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

DIVIDENDS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free from all taxes, has been declared on the capital stock of this Bank, payable on and after the 1st day of November next, to which date the transfer books will be closed.

GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER Cent. has been declared by this bank, free from all taxation, payable on the 1st day of November next, to which date the transfer books will remain closed.

JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 122 BOWERY,
(ORIENTAL BANK,) NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

A TEN (10) PER CENT. QUARTERLY Dividend has this day been declared payable on the 1st of November.

W. A. HALL, Treasurer.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Bank, free of all taxes, has been declared, payable on the 1st day of November next.

N. AMERMAN, Cashier.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared an extra Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after 1st day of November.

R. BUCK, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Coupons of the St. Louis and St. Joseph Railroad Company due Nov. 1 next, 1869, will, if desired, be cashed in Gold, Free of Government Tax, at the Banking Office of Messrs. Tanner & Co., No. 49 Wall-st., New-York, less the rebate at the rate of 5 Per Cent. per annum in Gold from the time of presentation until Nov. 1 next.

L. M. LAWSON,
President.

OFFICE OF THE DRY DOCK, E. BROADWAY AND BATTERY R. R. CO., E. 14TH-ST. AND AVENUE B,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared their usual quarterly dividend, free of Government tax, payable on and after 1st November next, at the office of the Company. Transfer books will close 20th instant, until 2d November.

WM. WHITE, President.

OFFICE OF THE RUTLAND MARBLE COMPANY,
NO. 48 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has been declared out of the earnings of this Company, payable on and after Nov. 1, 1869, to the stockholders of record on the 28th October. The transfer books will be closed Oct. 28, and reopened Nov. 2.

A. SMEDBERG, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE WILKESBARRE COAL AND IRON CO.,
NO. 80 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free from Government tax, payable on and after Nov. 15, 1869, has this day been declared. The books of the Company, for the transfer of stock, will be closed from Nov. 1 to 15.

By order of the Board of Directors.

S. M. WILLIAMS, Treasurer, pro tem.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. free of all taxes has been declared on the capital of this bank, payable on and after Nov. 1.

The transfer books will be closed from this date and reopen on the 2d November.

E. WILLSON, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MAIL LOCKS.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 16, 1869.

Sealed proposals for furnishing Mail Locks and Keys of new kinds, to be substituted for the Locks and Keys now used on the United States mails, will be received at this Department until 9 o'clock A. M. the 3d day of February, 1870. It is desirable to obtain Locks and Keys of a new construction for the exclusive use of the United States mails, and, if practicable, invented expressly for that purpose. As the exposure of a model Lock and Key to public examination would impair, if not destroy, its utility for the mails, the Department prescribes no model for bidders, but relies for its selection on the specimens of mechanical skill and ingenuity which a fair competition among inventors, hereby invited, may develop. It is sufficient to describe the principal requisites of a Mail Lock, as follows: Self-locking, uniformity, security, lightness, strength, durability, novelty of construction, and facility of use. Two kinds of Locks and Keys, one of brass and the other of iron, different in exterior form and interior construction or arrangement, are required; and proposals should specify separately the price of each brass Lock, each Key for same, each iron Lock and each Key for same. Duplicate samples of each kind of Locks and Keys proposed are required to be submitted with the proposals; one of each sample Lock to be riveted up and finished, and another to be open or unriveted, so that its internal structure and arrangement may easily be examined. Every sample should be plainly marked with the bidder's name, and, if the same or any part of it be covered by a patent, the date of such patent and the name of the patentee must also be attached thereto.

The internal plan or arrangement of the Locks offered, and the particular shape of the Key requisite to open them, must not be like any now or heretofore in use.

They must be warranted not to infringe upon or conflict with any patented invention of which the bidder is not the patentee. Preference will be given to a Lock the Key of which has not been exposed to general observation or been publicly described, disclosed or suggested.

A decision on the various specimens and proposals will be made on or before the 3d day of March, 1870; and, unless the Postmaster-General shall deem it to be for the interests of the Department to reject all the proposals and specimens submitted under this advertisement, (a right hereby expressly reserved to him,) contracts will be entered into as soon thereafter as practicable, with the successful bidder whose Locks shall be adopted, for furnishing similar Locks and Keys for four years, as they may be required and ordered. If mutually agreed to in writing by the contractor and the Postmaster-General for the time being, not less than six months before its expiration, the contract may be extended and continued for an additional term of four years. But on and after the expiration of either term of the contract, or on and after its rightful annulment at any time, the Postmaster-General shall have the right to contract with or employ any other party to furnish the same, or any other kind of Locks and Keys; and, if he shall deem proper, to demand and receive from the late or defaulting contractor all finished or unfinished Keys and the internal parts of the Locks contracted for, and all dies, gauges, and designs (which would enable others to make or forge such Locks or Keys) in the possession of such contractor, who, after their surrender to the Department, shall be paid for the same at such price as may be ascertained by fair appraisement.

The contractor must agree and be able to furnish, if required and ordered 20,000 Brass Locks and 3,000 Brass Keys within three months from the time of entering into contract, and 80,000 Iron Locks and 60,000 Iron Keys within ten months from such time. But the Postmaster-General will reserve the right to increase or diminish, as the wants or interests of the service may demand, the quantities of the Locks and Keys above specified, with a proportionate allowance of time to furnish them.

All the Locks furnished by the contractor must be warranted to keep in good working order for two years in the ordinary use of the service, when not subjected to obvious violence; such as become defective within that time to be replaced with perfect Locks without charge. All the Locks furnished under contract are to be, each, distinctly marked "U. S. Mail," in either sunk or raised letters, and all the Keys are to be numbered in the natural order; each Key having its appropriate number distinctly stamped upon one side of the bow and "U. S. Mail" on the opposite side.

The contractor will be required to deliver the Locks at his own expense at the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., put up on sticks, forming separate bundles of five Locks each, and securely packed in wooden boxes containing not more than two hundred Locks each. The Keys are to be delivered to an agent of the Department duly and specially authorized in each case, to take charge of and convey the same from the contractor's manufactory to the Department, where both Locks and Keys are to be inspected and approved before they shall be paid for.

The contractor will be required to give bond with ample security in the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars, to be forfeited to the United States as liquidated damages, in case of his failure to faithfully perform the contract, either as to furnishing the supplies ordered within a reasonable time, or as to guarding the manufacture of the Mail Locks and Keys with due privacy, integrity and care.

No proposal will therefore be accepted if not accompanied with a bond of the penal sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars, duly executed by the proposed sureties, (whose responsibility must be certified by a Judge of a Court of Record nearest to their place of residence, attested by the Clerk of such Court under the seal thereof, and conditioned for their becoming responsible as sureties on the required bond for the fulfillment of the contract, in case such proposals shall be accepted. The manufacture of Mail Locks and Keys is, of necessity, a highly important and delicate trust which the Department will confide to no bidder whose proposals are not also accompanied with testimonials of good character.

In deciding on the proposals and specimens the Postmaster-General may deem it expedient to select the Brass Lock of one bidder and the Iron Lock of another. He, therefore, reserves the right of contracting with different individuals for such different kinds of Locks as he may select.

Proposals should be carefully sealed and addressed to the "Second Assistant Postmaster-General," and indorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Mail Locks."

JOHN A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster-General.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date when offered, will be received at this office until 11 A. M. of WEDNESDAY, 27th inst., for the construction of sewers, as follows; Specification No. 25—In One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth avenues; Specification No. 26—In Fourth-avenue, between Sixty-second and Seventieth streets, with branches in Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth, Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth and Sixty-ninth streets; Specification No. 27—In Madison-avenue, between Forty-sixth and Fifty-ninth streets; Specification No. 28—In Fifth-avenue, between Forty-sixth and Fifty-ninth streets; Specification No. 29—In Lewis-street, between Third and Fourth streets, and Goerck-street, between Broome and Rivington streets; Specification No. 30—In Hudson and Bleecker streets, between Christopher and West Tenth streets; Barrow-street, between Bleecker and Bedford streets, Greenwich-street, between Horatio and Gansevoort streets, and Ninth-avenue, between Gansevoort and Thirteenth streets; Specification No. 31—In One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Tenth-avenue and Manhattan street; Specification No. 32—Outlet sewer in Seventeenth-street, from Hudson River to and through Eleventh-avenue and Twenty-third-street to near Tenth-avenue, and in Seventeenth-street, from Eleventh-avenue to and through Tenth-avenue to Fourteenth-street; and Specification No. 33—In One Hundred and Twelfth-street, between First and Third avenues; One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and One Hundred and Nineteenth-street, between Avenue A and Harlem River, with branches. Also for new stone block pavements in Forty-sixth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway; Forty-sixth-street, between Lexington and Third avenues; Fifty-first-street, between Eighth-avenue and Hudson River; Fifty-eighth-street, between Second-avenue and East River; Beach-street, between West Broadway and West-street; Harrison-street, between Hudson and West-streets; Forty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue; Desbrosses-street, between Washington and Hudson streets; Fiftieth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; Fifth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-eighth streets; Fifty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Sixth avenues; Houston-street, between Lewis-street and the ferry; First-avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Sixty-first streets; One Hundred and Seventeenth-street, between Fourth-avenue and Harlem River. Also for a crosswalk across Sixth-avenue and Broadway, and also at the intersection of Eighth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street.

The plans can be seen, and forms for bids obtained on application at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
GEORGE E. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1869.

PROPOSALS.

SUPPLIES FOR THE U. S. NAVY.

OFFICE OF PURCHASING AND DISBURSING PAYMASTER U. S. NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS, to be indorsed on the envelopes "*Bids for Supplies Advertised*," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. the 1st proximo, for the following supplies of the *best quality*, and delivered *free of expense*, at the Navy Yard, New-York, viz.:

"BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR."

20 Bars Flat Iron, 3½ wide, 1½ thick, 16 to 18 feet long; to be of the best quality refined American iron; neither red nor cold short. To be free from cracks, seams, flaws, blisters, hollows, ragged ends or edges, or other defects.

2 lathes, 16 inches swing over bed, to turn five feet in length, with universal and screw-geared chucks, steady, rest and centres complete.

"BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING."

20,000 Pounds Pickles, *naval standard*.

Bidders are referred to the respective officers in charge at the Navy Yard for further information. They will also state in their proposals the time within which they will complete deliveries if awarded to them, which in no case *must exceed* 20 *days* from the date of order. Blank forms will be furnished at this office. Parties interested are invited to be present at the hour above named, when the bids will be opened.

J. C. ELDREDGE,
Paymaster United States Navy.

HEADQUARTERS METROPOLITAN FIRE DEPARTMENT,
NOS. 127 AND 129 MERCER-ST.,
OFFICE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHing Coal and Wood for the use of this Department, will be received at these headquarters until the 3d prox., as follows:

200 tons Cannel Coal.
650 tons Furnace Coal.
130 tons Egg Coal.
450 tons Stove Coal.
30 tons Cumberland Coal.
250 cords Pine Wood.

The cannel coal to be the best Inceball, none smaller than egg size; the furnace coal to be Lehigh—the particular kind of Lehigh proposed to be furnished to be stated in bid—clean; the egg and stove coal to be the best quality of Locust Mountain, clean; the Cumberland coal to be of the best quality—run of the mine for blacksmiths' purposes; all the coal to weigh 2,000 pounds to the ton; the wood to be the best dry Virginia pine, sawed and split.

Each and all of these articles to be as above specified, and to be delivered at such times during the years 1869 and 1870, and at such places, (within the City,) and in such quantities as may be directed. All to be subject to inspection, and rejection if not fully up to the required standard. Parties contracting will be required to give every facility to the inspectors, and to conform to such rules regarding the delivery and rendering of bills as may be prescribed. Payments will be made monthly. Proposals must be indorsed on envelope with name of parties, and be addressed to the "Committee on Supplies, Metropolitan Fire Department."

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

By order of the COMMITTEE ON SUPPLIES.

CHAS. E. GILDERSLEVE, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AUGUSTUS T. STOUT, bankrupt—Assignee's sale in bankruptcy.—Notice is hereby given that the following described items of property, being the estate of the above-named bankrupt, will be sold at public auction on the 4th day of November, 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, by Johnson & Miller, auctioneers, at their office, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York City: 1,943 shares Montrose Gold Company stock, 3,500 shares Hoffman Petroleum Company, 75 shares Ocean Petroleum Company, 40 shares Blood Farm Petroleum Company, 64 shares Block House Mining Company, 4 bonds, $500 each, Mount Carbon Rolling Mill Company, a mortgage from the Bunker Hill Petroleum Company for $3,000, the equity as mortgagee in the house and land occupied by said Stout in the town of Piscataway, Middlesex County, N. J.; also, the equity as mortgagee in the furniture, utensils, horses, cow and carriages on said premises; interest in the purchase of Wilson Farm, interest in the Hibbard Farm, notes of J. G. Sweet for $1,000 and $2,000, and account $54; notes of Henry B. Snowden, for $200 and $200, check for $20; check of Abraham Platt for $140; check of John B. Conover, $300; notes of Geo. C. Farrar for $3,060 90, $3,020 50 and $2,885 60; notes of L. J. Belloni, Jr., for $865, $3,060 40, check for $500; note of Robert Belloni for $6,370 29; due bill of C. J. Barrett, $350; note of J. H. Voorhees, $3,000, check for $5,000; notes of E. B. Gulick, $55; John A. Walling, $10; J. M. Steele, $100; L. A. Powelson, $447 95; G. W. Appleton, $532 55; E. Baker, $488 46; Walter Lawton, $1,068 15; checks of M. F. Webb, $100, $125, account $28; (all the foregoing are past due.) Note of G. L. Stout, $2,000; accounts against H. M. Gillman, $116; Nelson Dunham, $935; Langdon Rolling Mill, $25; Mary Brown, $125; C. Powelson, $375. The following accounts subject to offsets: Thomas Stout, $1,758; J. W. Stout, $1,425; J. S. Dunham, $960; John Letson, $119; M. C. Peck, $135; Lewis Applegate, $721; W. Priestley, $591; L. J. Belloni, Jr., $1,045; Geo. C. Farrar, $6,262. A judgment against Randolph Martin, $3,479; a judgment against Geo. H. Clark, $6,625.

RUFUS K. McHARG, Assignee,
No. 77 Cedar-st.
o13-law3wW*

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE—HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MADE BY MARCOTTE AND OTHERS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, at 11 o'clock, at No. 52 West 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., an assortment of fine household furniture, a considerable portion of which is entirely new.

Consisting of, PARLORS—rosewood suite in green satin, etageres, pier mirrors and cornices, Brussels carpets, rosewood bedroom furniture, black-walnut bedroom furniture, rosewood and black-walnut centre and pier tables, mattresses and bedding, chestnut cottage furniture, en suite. DINING ROOM—extension table, sideboard and chairs in black-walnut, dinner service, glassware, cutlery and plated ware, &c., &c. Also, the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence; also, the lease of house, having one and a half years to run from Nov. 1, 18 9.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—VALUABLE AND COSTLY SALE OF DIAMOND AND OTHER JEWELRY FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, Oct. 28, at 11 o'clock, at their salesrooms, Nos. 95 Chambers-st. and No. 77 Reade-st., for account of whom it may concern, a large and valuable assortment of high cost diamond and other jewelry, consisting of diamond rings, single stone and cluster, ladies' and gentlemen's diamond breastpins, and earrings, diamond crosses, gentlemen's diamond and pearl studs, diamond and emerald rings, pearl and coral sets and other high-class jewelry. They will be on exhibition one day before the sale, and all guaranteed as represented.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Commercial Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st.

OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, &c.—BARKER & THEALL will sell by auction TO-MORROW, (Thursday,) at 11 o'clock, at Commercial Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st., a choice collection of original modern oil paintings, comprising landscapes, figure, flower and fruit pieces, by celebrated artists, viz.: Cropsey, Gignoux, Wm. Hart, T. Carey Smith, Holberton, Hazletine, W. Williams and others. Also, a fine collection of engravings and chromos. Catalogues ready on morning of sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE—HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MADE BY MARCOTTE AND OTHERS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, at 11 o'clock, at No. 52 West 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., a general assortment of fine household furniture, considerable portion of which is entirely new. Particulars hereafter.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27 inst., at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place,

70,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL,

from the Lackawanna Valley, deliverable during the month of November, 1869.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Commercial Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st.

RECEIVER'S SALE—CLOTHS, CLOTHING, STORE FIXTURES, &c., by order of F. V. B. KENNEDY, Receiver.

BARKER & THEALL will sell THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 548 3d-av., an assortment of cloths, vestings, clothing, sewing machines, trimmings, store fixtures, desks, &c., &c. Sale peremptory.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, OCT. 28, AT 10½ A. M., at No. 99 President, near Hicks-st., Brooklyn, very fine rosewood seven-octave piano by J. & C. Fischer, fine paintings, pier mirrors, bookcases, parlor and chamber furniture, wardrobes, hair mattresses, carpets and oilcloths, kitchen ware; also, Wilder's best fire-proof safes.

O. A. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

SURF BOATS AT AUCTION.—WILL be sold on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, at 12 M., as they now lie, at Catharine Ferry, Brooklyn side, four eight-oar surf boats, entirely new and in order, built for United States Navy use.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A FACT—NO IMPOSITION.—$100,000 REward for any one who can equal the greatest European business and medical clairvoyant and astrologist that ever existed in this country; she consults you on all events through life; name, likeness, gives lucky numbers, causes speedy marriages, brings together those long separated. No. 230 West 41st-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Fee, 50 cents to $1.

LOOK HERE! NO HUMBUG!—MME. ROSS tells everything; the name of the one you marry, and that of her visitor; causes speedy marriages; brings together those long separated; shows the likeness of the one you marry. No. 159 West 41st-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—AT ST. PAUL, MINN., THE branch house of M. M. Leahy & Co., of Milwaukee, Wis. The concern is doing a large and lucrative business, which is rapidly increasing. There is on hand a new and complete stock of steam and gas fitters' and plumbers' supplies. The cause of selling is the ill health of the managing partner. For particulars apply to M. M. LEAHY & CO., Milwaukee, Wis., or to A. S. CAMERON & CO., foot of East 23d-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE JEWELRY STORE NO. 362 Bowery, the stock, fixtures and lease; one of the oldest and best locations in the City; will be sold at a bargain to a responsible party. For particulars inquire in the store, No. 362 Bowery.

IRON WORKS.

CHURCH ST. EXTENSION.

Builders and those designing to build are invited to examine our new style of iron fronts with brick backing, at a slight advance in cost of a Philadelphia brick front. See fronts No. 25 Chatham-st., also block on 1st-av., between 53d and 54th sts.

J. L. JACKSON & BROTHER,
Iron Works, 28th-st., 2d-av. and 29th-st.
Every description of iron work for buildings.

STATIONERY.

WM. H. WOGLOM & BEARDING, STAtioners, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers, No. 245 Greenwich-st., between Barclay and Robinson sts. A large assortment of first-class account books and stationery constantly on hand.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27, 1869.

Amusements this Evening.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
At the Empire City Rink, 3d-av., near 63d-st.
GRAND EXHIBITION. Open Day and Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway and 13th-st.
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL. Leading characters by Messrs. Wyndham, Gilbert and Miss Henriques.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
MARY WARNER. Leading characters by Miss Bateman, Mr. George Jordan and Mr. Hamilton.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
CHARLES O'MALLEY. Leading characters by Mr. Edward Falconer, Miss Lisa Weber.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
OLIVER TWIST. Leading character by Miss Lucille Western.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
STREETS OF NEW-YORK. Leading characters by Messrs. Mortimer, Studley and Miss Eliza Newton.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Paris was reported entirely tranquil yesterday, and no disturbance occurred. The Emperor drove through the streets in an open carriage in the afternoon.

Marshal SERRANO, it is reported, threatens to resign the Spanish Regency in case of a rupture between the Unionists and the Progressists.

The Chinese Embassy left Copenhagen, Denmark, on Monday, for the Netherlands, having also visited the capitals of Sweden and Norway.

Twenty-nine horses ran yesterday in the race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes, the principal race of the second day at the Newmarket Houghton Meeting. *Westminster*, owned by Mr. HODGMAN, was the favorite and the winner.

Baron VON DER HEYDT, Prussian Minister of Finances, is reported to have resigned.

CUBA.

The Havana Press disagree in opinion in regard to the recent decree establishing religious liberty in the Spanish colonies. The *Voz de Cuba* praises the action of the Cortes; the *Diario* merely refers to the decree without comment, while the *Prensa* expresses dissatisfaction but accepts the situation.

In answer to a dispatch from Havana, the Colonial Minister at Madrid says that no important action in regard to social or political reforms in the colonies will be taken by the Government until those interested in them have an opportunity of being heard.

It is said that the steamer *Lillian*, seized near Nassau, N. P., as an alleged Cuban privateer, will not be released by the English authorities, but condemned and held as a pirate.

GENERAL.

General McMAHON, Ex-Minister to Paraguay, is now in Washington on business with the State Department. In regard to Paraguay, he says that LOPEZ, in his present position, is stronger than heretofore, and the announcement by the Allies of the conclusion of the war was only a pretext for withdrawing the invading troops. He speaks of the devotion of the people to LOPEZ, and regards him as a man of great administrative ability. He also furnishes some interesting information in regard to the strength of the Allied forces, and to the manner in which the war is conducted.

Secretary of War BELKNAP left his home at Keokuk, Iowa, yesterday, for Washington.

Admiral FARRAGUT has so far recovered that he expects to go out by the first of next week.

The General Assemblies of the Old and New School Presbyterian Churches are to meet at Pittsburg, Penn., Nov. 10, to count the votes and declare the result as to the union of the two bodies, action upon which has been taken in the various Presbyteries throughout the country. More than two-thirds, it is said, have already ratified the movement, which insures its success.

The third trial of DAN NOBLE for complicity in the Royal Insurance bond robbery, was concluded, at Owego, on Saturday, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury. At first they stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal; and, at last, only one for acquittal.

The reduction of the national debt for the month of October, it is stated, will amount to $6,000,000.

The freight house and depot of the Illinois Central Railroad at Manteno, Ill., were destroyed by fire on Monday night, together with a block of business houses. Loss $60,000.

The creditors of S. K. ELLIOT, proprietor of the dollar store in Binghamton, are represented to be considerably excited over his disappearance from that city, which occurred last Thursday. Claims for collection have already been presented to the amount of $30,000.

Heavy snow storms are reported in Canada, and in some sections to the depth of two feet.

Four counterfeiters, two brothers and a sister named LEVI, and one JOHN CLARK, having been arrested at Osgood, Ind., were yesterday taken to Cincinnati, Ohio. A large amount of counterfeit currency was found in their possession.

In the Yerger case at Washington yesterday, Mr. PHILLIPS asked permission of the Court to postpone further motions until a subsequent day of the term, on account of the arrangements in progress between the District-Attorney and YERGER'S counsel. The Court reserved its decision until to-day.

The local Parliament of Quebec, Canada, is convoked for Nov. 18, and that of the Dominion for Feb. 15, 1870.

One of the centrifugal drying pans of the Golden Gate Sugar Refinery at San Francisco, Cal., burst yesterday, and several persons were seriously injured; among them J. O. RAWLINS, a brother of the late Secretary of War.

The journeymen tailors of Chicago, Ill., are on a strike.

The delegates to the Railroad Engineers' Convention, now in session at Baltimore, Md., to the number of 120, went to Washington yesterday, and made a formal call on the President.

Thanksgiving Day in Illinois Nov. 18.

LOCAL.

No official action has yet been taken with regard to General BUTTERFIELD's resignation as Assistant United States Treasurer, which was forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury on Monday evening. His main reason for resigning is to remove all obstacles in the way of an impartial investigation of the charges made against him.

The Social Science Association met yesterday in this City, and listened to an opening address by the President, Dr. ELIOT, and to papers from Hon. H. L. DAWES, Professor DWIGHT and A. R. SPOFFORD. The sessions will continue today and to-morrow at the rooms of the Historical Society, Second-avenue.

The Jerome Park races yesterday were witnessed by an immense concourse of people. *Oysterman* won the steeple chase, *Niagara* the free handicap sweepstakes, and *Rapture* the selling sweepstakes. All the favorites were beaten.

The workmen at the Erie Railway's shops, in Jersey City, renewed their strike yesterday, but returned to work on Mr. JAY GOULD's acceding to their demand to reinstate all the hands at the shops along the line.

At a meeting of the Republican State Committee, yesterday afternoon, it was determined not to furnish any tickets relative to the amended Constitution, except as against the property qualification clause, leaving the duty of furnishing other constitutional tickets to the several County Committees, as their judgment may dictate.

Officer LAWRENCE McDONALD, of the Sixth Precinct, became involved in a quarrel, early yesterday morning, with DIEDRICH M. KERR, proprietor of the basement saloon No. 203 Bowery, over some lager he refused to pay for. KERR drew a pistol and shot the officer in the groin, and he is now in a critical condition at Bellevue Hospital. The assailant is in the Tombs.

JAMES LILLIE, a depositor in the Citizens' Savings Bank, yesterday assaulted Mr. HELD, the paying teller, with a pistol, firing two shots, and then endeavored to rob the drawer. He had lost his book, and would not comply with the regulations to be observed in such cases. LILLIE failed to wound HELD, and was held to trial by Justice DOWLING.

JOHN FARRELL, a resident of South Eighth-street, Jersey City, was arrested on Monday night and held to answer on the charge of complicity with WM. SHERIDAN in the stabbing of LOUIS KUHN on the 14th inst.

Rev. O. B. FROTHINGHAM, last evening, delivered an interesting lecture at the Fortieth-street Presbyterian Church, in which he told the story of the martyrdom of the monk SAVONAROLA, of Florence.

FRANK J. MEYER, who stabbed his wife MARY, on Monday evening, was yesterday committed by Justice LEDWITH to await the result of the woman's injuries.

Police Superintendent KENNEDY has issued an order directing the Police to prevent the bonfires so frequent about election time, by which property is so greatly endangered.

The "Times" and the Gold Ring.

The *World* has thought proper to accept a statement originally made by a disreputable morning paper, to the effect that an article written by Mr. CORBIN was recently inserted in this journal, in the express interest of the Gold Ring, and that a gentleman once placed in temporary charge of these columns was "dismissed" for expunging from that article certain passages deemed by the "Corner" essential to the success of the plot.

We might be content to offer no other answer to these slanders than that which is supplied by the character and tone of our comments on the gold conspiracy, from first to last. It is not unbecoming in us, when thus assailed, to assert that no journal in this country has been more unswerving or free-spoken in its denunciations of corruption and abuses wherever they exist, whether in commerce, politics, or courts of justice, than the TIMES. If this course has raised up for us some enemies, it has elicited the applause and support of the public, for whom alone we work, and who well know that at this moment we are subjected to several vexatious actions at law, for our fearless exposures of the very clique we are now accused by the *World* of abetting.

The slanders to which we have referred were dismissed with contempt when they were circulated only by a scurrilous sheet, which the *World* ought to denounce, in the interests of honorable journalism, no less than for the protection of its own character, often assailed by the same venal pen. But as we have nothing to fear from the explanation demanded by the *World*, we need not hesitate to give it.

We know, then, nothing whatever of Mr. CORBIN more than the general public may gather as freely as ourselves, from his own letters and statements, which prove him to be a very foolish man, if nothing worse. Of Mr. McHENRY we also only know what all the world knows. The article upon which the *World* founds its disgraceful accusation, that we were identified with Messrs. CORBIN and FISK, was accepted by the gentleman before referred to as having had charge for a short time of these columns. He is responsible for receiving it. The permanent Finance Editor of the TIMES, perceiving that the article was not in conformity with the policy steadfastly advocated by the paper, made those excisions and additions which are admitted on all hands to have rendered it decidedly injurious to the conspirators, and to have frustrated the whole design with which it is alleged to have been written. The gentleman who is said to have been "dismissed" from his post for making these alterations cannot be exposed to praise or blame on account of them. The article came from a contributor, who was employed and chosen by himself; the proprietors being in ignorance then, as they are now, of the source from which he derived it. We need not add that the only interest the TIMES has had in the affair throughout has been to expose the conspirators, without regard to their names or position, and we fully intend to do all in our power still to bring them to shame.

The United States Marshalship.

He has been deemed a lucky man on whom the powers that be confer the office of United States Marshal for the Southern District of New-York. Office-hunters have coveted it as a prize to be fought for, and have pursued its possessor with envy and detraction. And now General BARLOW relinquishes it as a thing not worth having in comparison with the ordinary rewards of professional labor!

The truth is, that this office, like many which the Administration has at its disposal, is only moderately remunerative in the hands of an honest man. It represents a moderate salary and nothing more. There are opportunities connected with it, as with others, which unscrupulous occupants may very profitably use. Fortunes are made with a salary of $6,000. But General BARLOW has no eye for casual advantages, or for gains not contemplated by law or in harmony with duty. To him the United States Marshalship signifies but six thousand a year, and more than that is within reach of his professional practice. On the ground, therefore, that he can benefit himself more out of the office than in it, he quietly retires from a position which he has filled honorably to himself, and to the entire satisfaction of the community and the Government.

The new appointee, Mr. HARLOW, was the chief assistant of the late incumbent, and is known to all having business with the office as an assiduous, faithful and efficient officer. His promotion is a recognition of meritorious service in this City and at Albany.

Promises and Performances—General Grant and the Democracy.

General GRANT has not, from the outset, left the country in doubt with regard to the leading points of his policy. When waited upon by the Joint Committee of Congress, on the 13th February, to officially inform him of his election, he announced his determination to fulfill the just expectations of the people. "I can promise the Committee," he said, "that it will be my endeavor to call around me as assistants such men only as I think will carry out the principles which you have said the country desires to see successful—economy, retrenchment, faithful collection of the revenue and payment of the public debt." And with these objects in view, he declared that he would unhesitatingly change his appointees, if those first selected failed to coöperate with him efficiently in the prosecution of this policy. There was no room for doubt or ambiguity upon the subject. General GRANT had resolved that, whatever might happen, "economy, retrenchment, faithful collection of the revenue and payment of the public debt," should be the cardinal principles of his Administration. His pledge was voluntary and emphatic.

On the occasion to which we refer another promise was made, also voluntarily and with equal emphasis. Mr. J. V. L. PRUYN was present as a member of the Joint Committee. He was there as the representative of the Democratic element in Congress. And when General GRANT indicated the distinctive points of the policy he contemplated Mr. PRUYN, promptly and in apparent good faith, thus addressed him:

> "GENERAL: In the great principles which you have marked out for the conduct of your Administration, *you will have the political support of those with whom I am associated*, ready to act with you."

Here, then, are two promises—one intended to inform the country with reference to a matter which excited anxious inquiry, and the other apparently intended to assure the President elect that those who had opposed him were prepared to aid in the performance of his task. Has General GRANT redeemed his promise? Have Mr. PRUYN's friends, for whom as a party he spoke, redeemed theirs?

The answer in behalf of General GRANT is clear and conclusive. What he promised he has performed. Economy and retrenchment are manifest in every branch of the public service. Within six months his Administration has effected a saving in expenditure of not less than $36,801,013; and the process still goes on. This diminution of outlay has not been effected at the cost of efficiency. On the contrary, as a result of increased efficiency, and of that "faithful collection of the revenue" which General GRANT promised, the revenue for six months exhibits an advance amounting to $19,660,143. As to the reduction of the public debt, the record is quite as satisfactory. A single half year has witnessed the payment of $56,000,000 of the principal, and an appreciation in the value of the public securities which will greatly facilitate funding at a lower rate of interest. So much for the President. He is vindicated by his acts. The policy he foreshadowed has been adhered to literally, and with excellent effect.

Meanwhile the pledge tendered by Mr. PRUYN has been disregarded by the party in whose name he addressed the President. He promised that in the application of his policy General GRANT should have the political support of the Democracy. The promise has not been fulfilled. Instead of sustaining the Administration in reducing and economizing expenditures, in faithfully collecting the revenue, and in extinguishing debt, the Democrats have offered nothing but factious opposition. Not content with allowing the Administration to perform the work, they have persistently striven to impede its progress. They credit it neither with cutting down expenses nor with increasing the productiveness of taxation; they neither concede what it has accomplished in the matter of retrenchment nor accord it justice for the reforms it has introduced into the public service. The magnanimous spirit proclaimed by Mr. PRUYN is proved to be a sham; and a reckless partisanship, as indifferent to truth and fairness as to the public weal, is found to be the only spirit of which the party is capable in its action toward the President and his advisers.

The difference between General GRANT and the Democratic Party, in relation to retrenchment, an efficient revenue service, and the reduction of the debt, is plain and characteristic. He has kept his word; they have violated theirs. He has steadily and successfully carried forward a policy which will bring relief to the country; they have as steadily obstructed reform and misrepresented its result. The contrast is between fidelity and faithlessness—between great duties honestly performed and a partisanship which recognizes neither truth nor duty.

The True State of Affairs in Spain.

We publish this morning letters from our own correspondents at Madrid, which supply the public with information far more trustworthy than they are in the habit of receiving through other channels. It is very evident that the tactics so familiar in Europe, of the Government undertaking to supply news to the people, have been steadily pursued by PRIM and his associates in the Government. Under that "paternal" system every unpleasant event is carefully kept out of sight, and the dispatches which reach the capital are garbled before they are placed under the public eye. When the accounts which may be accepted as fairly accurate come to be well sifted, a few facts remain of a character to enable us to realize the general situation. It is certain that the war is being waged with great fierceness on both sides. The depth of the passions which have been aroused may be taken as an indication of the vitality which the insurrection still possesses. If the "mob" disregard that chivalry on which Spain formerly prided herself, they may look in vain for a better example from officials who are not exposed to their peculiar temptations. The little incident related concerning the Spanish Minister at Paris is of more than personal importance. It illustrates the deterioration in the Spanish character which goes so far to account for the political decline of the nation.

All the signs lead us to expect a phase of the revolution which PRIM may have anticipated, but which he does not appear in the least degree prepared for. The Regency is discredited—the project for a restoration of the monarchy proves abortive. The Government *Gazette* cries out constantly that the insurrection is quelled, but nothing can blind the people to the truth that the Republican fever spreads rapidly. When it arrives at its height the solution to PRIM's difficulties will be found. The people do not want the Duke of GENOA, or the Duke of MONTPENSIER, but a Republic, and it is much to be doubted whether either of the members of the present Regency will be chosen as its head. There are, no doubt, great divisions among the Republican party, but not greater than those which exist among the advocates of a monarchy. Once a majority could be obtained in favor of the latter form of government, but if a *plebiscitum* were taken to-morrow the decision would undoubtedly be reversed. The people have grown tired of the delays, the weakness, and the endless intrigues which have characterized the melancholy failure of PRIM and his friends. They want now a strong Government. They will before long create one for themselves, and we may be sure that it will not be from the paltry material which interested partisans or slavish courtiers have tried to force upon them.

The Decision in the Yerger Case.

The Yerger case has thus far brought before the Supreme Court at Washington only a question of practice, but it is none the less a question of importance and interest to the public. The question was whether the Supreme Court had power to review the decision of the Circuit Court of Mississippi in the case, and to issue a writ of *habeas corpus* to bring up the prisoner, and a writ of *certiorari* to bring up the proceedings, for such review. YERGER, as will be recollected, was held by the military authorities in Mississippi. He caused a writ of *habeas corpus* to be issued out of the United States Circuit Court in that State, in order to have the cause of his imprisonment inquired into. The Court, on hearing the case, dismissed the writ and remanded him to the custody of the military. YERGER then made application to the Supreme Court, to have the decision of the Circuit Court reviewed. The Supreme Court heard argument on the question whether they had power to issue such writs for such a purpose, and have now decided that they have the power.

It may be asked, perhaps, by those who remember the McARDLE case, how it is that the Supreme Court propose to review the decision in YERGER's case, after having disclaimed the power to do so. The explanation is this: In 1867 a statute was passed by Congress providing for a new mode of exercising the appellate jurisdiction which the Supreme Court had exercised in *habeas corpus* cases. Till then the Supreme Court had reviewed such cases by itself, issuing a *habeas corpus* to bring up the prisoner, and a *certiorari* to bring up the proceedings, by which he was held. That act provided that such cases might be brought before the Supreme Court by simple appeal from the decision of the Circuit Court. Under that act, McARDLE appealed to the Supreme Court. After the appeal had been argued Congress repealed that clause of the act of 1867 which gave the right to bring up such cases by appeal. And thereupon the Supreme Court declined to decide the appeal, holding that Congress had taken away from them the power of hearing cases in that way. But they expressly said that the jurisdiction which the Court had previously exercised was not affected. It is in accordance with the forms in which that jurisdiction had been previously exercised that the application was made in YERGER's case. The main point in opposition to the application seems to have been that as YERGER was in custody of the military authorities and not of the Circuit Court, the action prayed for would be an exercise of original jurisdiction by the Supreme Court instead of appellate jurisdiction, inasmuch as no provision was made by law for a review of the actions of the military Courts. The Court, however, has taken the opposite view, and it seems to us that this is not without authority in the previous practice of the Court. Thus in KAINE's case the prisoner was held by the warrant of a Commissioner under the Extradition acts, who may be said to stand in the place of the military authorities in the present case. A *habeas corpus* was issued out of the Circuit Court to inquire into his imprisonment, and that Court, as in this case, dismissed the writ and remanded the prisoner. The Supreme Court, in respect to *habeas corpus*, held that it had jurisdiction to examine the questions, though it decided against KAINE on the merits, as it may decide against YERGER.

Formosa & Co.

We have already said enough to explain our own reserve touching the play of "Formosa" and its moral influence, and the reasons that prompt our choice of the present time for some observations concerning it. We did not feel called upon to stimulate curiosity when gratification was at once easy and unwholesome; and the consolation that "Formosa" is on the whole a very dull play can be offered with increased safety and pertinence when it is no longer to be seen. Its moral tendency, good or bad, has naturally obscured the issue of its dullness—or, indeed, of its qualities as a work of art. This tendency the London manager and the author as usual did their best to vindicate; and this, as usual, not upon its own merits, but by the doubtful process of comparison. No equivocal play or book or newspaper ever appears, we should remember, without similar attempts at vindication founded on false issues or plausible analogies. Thus Mr. BOUCICAULT points to the Police reports of the *Times* in justification—as a parallel *raison d'etre*—of "Formosa." That is to say, because exact accounts are given in a journal, as news, of things that have happened, meretricious representations may be given in a theatre of things that have not happened. And Mr. CHATTERTON alleges that he would be ruined by what more scrupulous men than himself, both in London and New-York, have made and are making fortunes by—unobjectionable dramas unobjectionably performed. Again, Mr. BOUCICAULT names several plays, "Norma," "La Traviata," and others, in which bad women are introduced; but fails to mention that in each of these cases, whatever their faults otherwise, the life of the heroine is shown to be thorny and wretched from the outset, and ends in death or inextricable misery. How does this compare with *Formosa*, and does her career enforce a similar moral? We know very well that it does not. Her story is that of a woman who is not only a successful courtesan, but a prosperous sharper as well; of a creature who is a two-edged sword, cutting alike both friend and foe; of a criminal destitute of remorse, who, never brought to punishment of any sort, winds up her flagitious course by a piece of good fortune that most of the good and pure of her sex might envy and envy in vain. Such is the reply to the question as to the morality of "Formosa," and in this reply lies the gist of the whole argument.

The point is, whether the general incentive, the teaching of the play, is toward vice or virtue. The outcry that "Formosa" is abused because the author has dared to introduce vile women in his play is sheer nonsense. What is "Milwood" in "George Barnwell?" And who can doubt that "George Barnwell" is a moral play? On the other hand there are vicious women in "Jack Sheppard," a piece in which the hero, like "Barnwell," also ends at the gallows; and we have indisputable evidence that "Jack Sheppard" is one of the most pernicious dramas ever acted. The whole action of the first-named play is a warning of the misery of crime; the action of the second is a constant illustration of its pleasantness; and although, to follow history and the novel, Tyburn Tree is seen at last, Jack dies more like a hero than a malefactor, and but for the accident to "Blueskin," might not have died at all. Here is the measure, and there is no other just measure of the desert of "Formosa." Does it tend to make women pure or impure? Does it show young girls, in their proper colors, the shame and the woe of vice? If it does, well. If it does not, dealing with the subject at all, the authors who write, and the managers who produce such a drama, are public nuisances, who deserve severe condemnation, and who should receive it at the hands of all who have the means to make their rebuke effective.

It seems a frivolous thing to say, and yet the talk constantly heard around us urges the suggestion, that the effect of a given play upon the experienced, the mature and the educated affords no test of its effect upon its probable average audience. The proper way to gauge the tendency of "Formosas" and "Jack Sheppards" is to look at them through the eyes of simple youths and maidens, whose imaginations are prone to be led captive, and whose principles to be corrupted by a glittering show of pleasure whose hollowness they are utterly without means of judging. Heaven knows there are temptations and facilities enough to lure the young to vice in real life, without calling in histrionic illusion to carpet with velvet and line with flowers the path that leads to the pit. And those who devote themselves to such work are as culpable in their way as the manufacturers of the loathsome illustrated sheets which have of late so disgraced our news stands, and which, now and then, are tardily checked by the Police. Mr. CHATTERTON's plea that the public will not come to decent plays is as available for the venders of dirty prints, and as empty for both. That the public go to see "Formosa," or buy immoral publications, is justificatory of neither. Were a manager to advertise that all the ladies in a given piece would appear in the costume of "Godiva," he might get a full house; which, however, as a test of the character of the performance, would be universally admitted to be worthless. It would prove no more as regards merit or influence than does the number of copies sold of a flash newspaper. The question to be determined is in both cases the same, *i. e.*, whether the speculator who is willing to sacrifice character for immediate profit shall be permitted to do so at the expense of public morals. We shall [illegible] be accused of fanaticism when we affirm that both the Stage and the Press show symptoms of corruption which strongly indicate the needfulness of bringing this question squarely before the bar of public opinion,—and keeping it pertinaciously there until a righteous decision shall be attained.

Democratic Corruption and Extravagance.

Of the many sins with which the Democratic Party is charged, corruption and extravagance in the expenditure of public money is not the least. We have in this City and State long suffered from this apparently inherent vice, and are constantly meeting with illustrations of it in other directions. For instance, there is Maryland, which presents one of the strongest possible cases in point.

The whole expenditures of Maryland during the six years 1861 to 1866, inclusive, during which period the State was in Republican hands, were $12,787,660, including war expenses, which amounted to $4,212,479, reducing the net expenditures to $8,575,190. In the Fall of 1866, the Democracy gained control of the State finances, and very soon made an exhibit of a new character. The first session of the new Legislature, that of 1867, appropriated $3,704,526, beside absorbing a considerable balance left in the Treasury, and the second session, that of 1868, the enormous sum of $8,618,890. Thus the Maryland Democratic Legislature wrung from the State in less than two years more than the total amount called for during six years, a period, moreover, when the State had to bear her share of the expenses of the war. But this is not the worst, for in August, 1867, the State Comptroller and Treasurer announced that, in consequence of the repeal of the laws authorizing the issue of bonds, all payments on any account were suspended, thus declaring the State to be bankrupt.

The sum total of appropriations for 1868 consists largely of special appropriations, under which head appears for bounties $4,000,000. Whatever benefactions are meant by the term, it cannot be that the bounties so lavishly appropriated are to soldiers. The State record proves this beyond question. Governor SWANN's message of 1867 distinctly stated that the whole amount of bounties remaining unprovided for was $450,000. So that to call for an appropriation of four millions in 1868 under that head implies fraud. The Republicans in the State openly declare, in fact, that the money is intended for the compensation of Western Maryland slave-owners, whose slaves deserted them and joined General GRANT'S army, and aided in the suppression of the rebellion. The charge may be true or not, but the main fact remains that the Maryland Democrats are taking from the people of the State four millions under false pretences, and are running a career of extravagance for which there is no parallel save perhaps in New-York City. The people have the remedy in their own hands in both cases, and if they fail to apply it, the fault and the penalty will be their own.

If General BUTTERFIELD's resignation were intended to avert close scrutiny into the transactions with which he is alleged to have been connected, it should be unavailing. The Treasury owes to itself and to the business community the most searching inquiry into his operations during his term of office. Rightly or wrongly, suspicion attaches to them, and from this suspicion the whole public service suffers. Let us have the whole truth so far as it can be reached by an official investigation.

The "Ides of October" have come and gone, and still LOUIS NAPOLEON is Emperor of the French. Predictions of fatal days for his dynasty have a habit of turning out mere moonshine. A little while ago the Orleanists scattered their gold with a liberal hand, and a successful rising was confidently anticipated. The hour came, but not the man. Once more those who went out into the streets of Paris to see a revolution have returned disappointed. The bulk of the people, the classes possessing property of any kind, the workingmen not out of employment, are not dissatisfied with a rule which has given them security and prosperity, such as they had not enjoyed for some years before NAPOLEON was crowned, and which a revolution certainly would not tend to consolidate. How many prophets of evil the Emperor has already outlived! Every disease which flesh is heir to has been ascribed to him—and still he wears the purple. He has seen kingdoms pass away which no one deemed in danger, and still he can afford to bid defiance to his enemies. We shall not believe in another French revolution until we see it.

The English journalists mount their pulpits and deliver solemn discourses concerning the recent gold panic in this City. It is always pleasant to point the moral which does not tell against ourselves. We need not say that our English contemporaries do not say a word about the colossal frauds in their own community which have brought thousands of innocent persons to ruin within the last few years—the failure of the British Bank, of OVEREND, GURNEY & Co., and of insurance offices innumerable. They discreetly draw a vail over these little accidents. The *Saturday Review* is very appropriately the loudest of all the Pharisees. "If we can keep the contagion of the pestilence separated from us by the breadth of the Atlantic," it says, "we must, perforce, endure the lesser evils patiently." Touching resignation! But the gold panic, with all its iniquities, did not make thousands of widows and orphans beggars, as the failure of OVEREND & Co., of the Agra Bank, of the Albert Insurance Office, of innumerable other "solid British concerns," most certainly did. What about the great Bombay speculative panic, and the consequent collapse of the "Bank of Bombay," for which English directors, many of them Government officers, were solely responsible? It is like "Satan rebuking sin" for English writers to preach to New-York about its commercial morality. More fraud and wrongdoing have been perpetrated in England during the last ten years than in all the other nations on the earth's surface put together.

Mr. BERGH was lately challenged to put an end to pigeon shooting if he dared, and his "humanity" was made, as usual, the theme of many feeble witticisms. Yet the ideas which he is trying to instill into the community are rapidly gaining force in England. Mr. E. A. FREEMAN, a squire who lives in the heart of a fox-hunting country, has ventured on the bold experiment of attacking all sports which have for their object the death of dumb animals, and the chief papers take up his side of the question. "People," says one, "will learn to value the pleasures of the country and of natural history for their own sake, and to dispense with the bribe of killing some of their humble fellow creatures." Fancy calling a fox, a hare, or a bird a "fellow creature." It is enough to make every "truly British sportsman" turn his back upon a country which is becoming too humane and virtuous to live in.

The concrete pavement in Twenty-second-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, has been put down since that in Fifth-avenue, and has been subjected to much less wear, but it already rivals that in the more-used thoroughfare in raggedness. In scores of places it is worn through to the cobble stones, and that single block is conclusive evidence that the concrete with which the City authorities are thinly plastering so many up-town streets answers admirably for swindling the City treasury, but is otherwise useless. If there should be no wind to raise dust, no rain to make mud, and no travel to wear them, the concrete pavements might possibly endure and be endured, but as it is we expect them to wear out the patience of our citizens as rapidly as themselves. They will, of course, be taken up at about the same expense as they were put down, and will thus fulfill their real purpose of dissipating the money appropriated by the last Legislature.

A correspondent writes to a contemporary to relate a remarkable evidence of "practical Christianity." He went to church on a wet Sunday, and upon coming out, with the prospect of getting wet through, was offered an umbrella by a lady whom he had never seen before. "She had carried two to church, thinking somebody might be unprovided with one." This was a surprising fruit of good works. The correspondent mentions the church—consequently it is likely to be very crowded on other rainy Sundays. There are many benighted beings in this world who do not possess umbrellas of their own, but it is not usually necessary to invite them to help themselves to other people's. The benevolent lady referred to is perhaps the first person in a civilized land who has used the umbrella as a means of conversion, just as a missionary gives a row of beads or a brass button to the heathen. It is much to be feared that the bread she casts upon the waters will never return to her.

The Bohemians are at a discount in Lausanne also—being slighted by the body of cosmopolite Congressmen who lately met in that city, and who, in resolving that the Polish and Oriental Democracy should be brought into fraternity with that of the West, left out the Czechs by a marked vote. Of course the Congressmen disliked the centralization of North Germany and did not wish to hurt the counterbalancing influence of Austrian Germany in which the Bohemians are at home and grumbling, along with the Moravians. Those Czechs are as ill-humored as the "Fenians," and as little encouraged, apparently, by the general sentiment, as the men of Lausanne interpret it. But the Bohemians are resolved to persist, as they do everywhere, and look for help from the large family of their kindred, the Czechs of Poland and the Sclavonian race at large.

There may be a sort of fanciful propriety—if nothing else—in sending as English Minister to Madrid the famous Mr. LAYARD, who has had so much experience in grubbing and guessing among the ruins of some other ancient monarchies of the older continent. After Birs Nimroud and the cuneiform inscriptions, it is thought he will be quite at home in Madrid, and be able to find out, in some degree, what SERRANO and PRIM are supposed to be driving at, and also contrive to see through any dispatches from the Archimage of Paris which may come before him in the way of diplomatic business. LAYARD is by no means one of Mr. GLADSTONE's worst appointments.

The coolie trade has long been carried on with many of the tragic incidents which used to characterize the traffic in slaves. The horrors of the "middle passage" are renewed again and again in the transportation of these unfortunate emigrants. The latest instance which has come to light is that of a French bark, *Tamaris*, which left Macao on the 6th of February with 300 coolies on board. There was a mutiny, and the Captain was murdered. The crew escaped in boats. A Dutch man-of-war was sent from Java in pursuit of the bark, and when the coolies found that they would be obliged to proceed on their voyage scores of them jumped overboard, others took poison, and when the vessel arrived in port only seventy-five of the emigrants were alive. All attempts to regulate this traffic have hitherto failed, but one would suppose that a lesson like this would be enough to cause ship-owners to be more cautious for the future how they embark in it.

One of the recommendations of the Committee of the Lausanne Congress of Peace and Liberty was the establishment of syndics, to arbitrate between employers and workmen—a good idea, and one that comes home to the business and bosoms of a great many. It is an old idea, too; for, in the middle of the fifteenth century, the fishermen of Marseilles and the manufacturers of Lyons put it into practice, under the management of *Prudhommes*, who in all cases settled the differences between employers and workers. The traditions of its happy results still preserve it in France, where those *Prudhommes*, as in Paris and elsewhere, do the business of law courts in civil cases. Common sense must recommend such a system, and the value of it would be seen just now, if it existed, to regulate those differences and troubles on the Erie Railroad, and in so many other places.

The Social Science Association—Proceedings To-Day.

The papers read at the opening session of the Social Science Congress yesterday were all of a high order. The programme for to-day's session in the lecture room of the Historical Society, is even of a more interesting character than that of yesterday. Mr. FRIEDERICH KAPP, than whom there is no higher authority on the subject in this country, will read a paper on "Immigration" at 3 P. M. He will be followed by Professor FRANCIS BACON, of Yale College, with a paper on "Vaccination." CHAS. FRANCIS ADAMS, Jr., will present a paper on "Presidential Elections." At 8 P. M. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS will bring before the Association, in his wonted eloquent way, the results of a careful inquiry into the "Civil Service Reform Question," and General JAMES A. GARFIELD, of the Congressional Census Committee, will read a paper on "The National Census of 1870."

Amusements.

GERMAN OPERA TO-NIGHT.

The series of four performances of German opera at the French Theatre will be commenced this evening. "Faust" will be sung by Mme. FREDERICI and Herren HIMMER and HERMANNS, the orchestra being led by Mr. CARL ANSCHUTZ.

COMEDY AT THE FIFTH-AVENUE.

"She Would and She Would Not" will be acted at the Fifth-avenue Theatre to-night for the first time in eleven years.

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

CUBA.

The Religious Liberty Decree—Opinions of the Press—Spanish Policy in Colonial Reforms.

HAVANA, Oct. 26.—The *Voz de Cuba*, a Liberal journal, lauds the decree establishing religious freedom. It expects the most beneficial results for the country from this great measure, believing that under it the Catholic religion will revive, and that Atheism, now so prevalent, will be annihilated. The *Diario* makes a brief reference to the decree, but indulges in no comments for or against it. The *Prensa* expresses its dissatisfaction, while it accepts the decree because it is now a law.

The Colonial Minister at Madrid, in answer to a telegraphic dispatch from Havana, says the Ministry is resolved to take no important action touching social or political reforms in the Colonies until the parties interested in these matters are heard.

Exchange heavy and declining.

The Case of the Privateer Cuba—Testimony of the Officers to be Taken.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 26.—The case of the officers of the *Cuba* was resumed before the Commissioner to-day. Mr. DAVIS, for the defence, wanted to introduce some of the officers as witnesses. Mr. PHELPS, for the Government, objected. After some discussion, the Commissioner decided that the officers were competent as witnesses. After the examination of two witnesses, by which nothing of importance was elicited, the Court adjourned over until to-morrow.

CHINA.

The Burlingame Embassy Returning from Northern Europe.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 26.—The Chinese Embassy, after having visited the capitals of Denmark, Norway and Sweden, left to-day for the Netherlands.

A SNOW STORM.

A Depth of Two Feet on the Great Western Railroad—Severe Storm at Buffalo—Snow at Scranton, Penn.

TORONTO, Ontario, Oct. 26.—About four inches of snow fell here this morning. At Walkerton, Port Elgin, and at other points north and west, about two feet of snow have fallen, and it is still snowing along the lines of the Great Western and the Grand Trunk Railways. The fall is very light and railway communication uninterrupted.

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—Snow began to fall here last night. This morning the ground was covered. A severe snow storm now prevails.

SCRANTON, Penn., Oct. 26—11 P. M.—It has just commenced snowing here for the second time this season.

Free Trade Meeting in Rochester—Opposition to the Coal Duty.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 26.—A very successful free trade meeting was held this evening. It was addressed by G. G. CLARKSON, President of the Rochester Reform League; Professor PERRY, Rev. Dr. SHAW and MAHLON SANDS, Secretary of the New-York Free Trade League. A resolution was passed by the meeting condemning protective duties, and calling on Hon. NOAH DAVIS, the representative of the district in Congress, to vote for a repeal of the coal duty. A petition to Congress, favoring the abolition of the coal duty, has been signed by two thousand voters. The petition is fifty-six feet long.

The Tobacco Crop—Damage by the Frost.

EVANSVILLE, Oct. 26.—Advices received to-day by the tobacco warehouse men, from Indiana, Illinois, and Northern Kentucky, state that all the tobacco housed and not cured or protected by fires, has been badly damaged by freezing. It is impossible to state what amount of damage has been sustained, but it will be great.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 26.—Advices from Owen, Mason, Brocken and other tobacco-growing counties state that the recent frost has seriously injured the uncured crop. Other crops have been correspondingly effected.

The Amendment to the Constitution—The Action of Nebraska.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 26.—An Omaha dispatch says: "The extensively-published statement that the Nebraska Legislature ratified the Fifteenth Amendment last March, is incorrect, that body having adjourned in February without action on the subject. Governor BUTLER will probably call an extra session of the Legislature this Winter."

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 26.—The store in which was the Post Office, the barn and carpenter shop of GEORGE ELLIOTT, in the town of Bow, were destroyed by fire last night. Two hundred pounds of gunpowder and a barrel of kerosene in the store exploded. No person was injured. The loss is $1,200.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 26.—CYRUS W. FIELD reached Omaha from Denver yesterday.

AUGUSTA, Me., Oct. 26.—The Governor left here to-day without having made any appointment of United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Senator FESSENDEN.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—General BELKNAP, the new Secretary of War, left Keokuk this morning to assume the duties of his office in Washington. Governor PALMER to-day issued a proclamation making Thursday, Nov. 18, a day of Thanksgiving.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 26.—The Grand Lodge of I. O. of O. F., of Kentucky, met this morning. The attendance of delegates is greater than it has ever been in the history of the Lodge. The election of Grand Officers will take place to-morrow. The session will be of unusual importance.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 26.—EDWARD CODY, a citizen of Warrenton, Warren County, was taken from his house last night by a party of United States soldiers. While being carried out of the town CODY escaped, receiving two gunshot wounds. The Sheriff reported the outrage to the military authorities. The affair has created much ill feeling.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.—The new Masonic Hall in Allegheny City was dedicated this afternoon with Masonic ceremonies.

CURRENT NOTES.

All but four counties in Ohio have been heard from officially. Governor HAYES' majority will be about 8,000. The temperance candidate for Governor did not receive more than 700 votes in the entire State.

The distillers in Kentucky are to hold a Convention in Lexington on the 3d of November.

The Republican State Central Committee of Massachusetts have issued a brief address showing that the Republican Party is not hostile to the interests of labor, and that the Democratic Party is not only incapable of settling the liquor question on any sound and permanent basis, but it has no desire to do so, its settled policy being to keep this question open.

The Dayton (Ohio) *Ledger* gravely announces that VALLANDIGHAM is not in the ring for the Democratic nomination for President in 1872, and that it is useless, in this connection, to discuss his merits.

Judge JOHN D. CATON, who declined a Democratic nomination for the Illinois Constitutional Convention, has accepted a nomination as an independent, non-partisan candidate.

The Mississippi Democrats held a small State Convention in Canton last week, and passed resolutions avowing themselves Democrats, denying the right of the 135 citizens in their address to dictate to the Democratic Party, and recommending that Democrats have nothing to do with either ALCORN or DENT. They found it inexpedient to nominate a State ticket, and will endeavor to maintain a position of "strict neutrality" in the canvass.

Two young men named FAIRFIELD and EMMENS arrived at the White House on Monday, who said they had walked from Boston to Washington for the purpose of paying their respects to President GRANT.

At Montreal on Saturday morning, His Royal Highness Prince ARTHUR, Lieutenant of D Company, First Battalion Prince Consort's Own Rifles, paraded as officer of the day, and mustered with the relief detachment, for guard duty, at 9 o'clock.

The four-oared race between the Neptune Club of Boston and the Stephen Salisbury, Jr., crew of Worcester, for the championship of the United States, is to take place on Lake Quinsigamond, Nov. 4.

The Masons of Connecticut intend to erect in Hartford a monument to the memory of the late Ex-Governor THOMAS H. SEYMOUR.

A Nashville paper reports that the caucus which concocted the defeat of Ex-President JOHNSON, tendered their nomination for United States Senator to Hon. DORSEY B. THOMAS, Speaker of the Senate, but he refused the proffered honor, saying that he was a Johnson man.

Nov. 18 has been designated as Thanksgiving Day in Pennsylvania, Maine, Maryland, Kentucky and North Carolina.

The Boston *Post* thinks there is something "very queer" about the result of the Coliseum lottery.

At the Springfield Armory there are now about 200 breech-loaders turned out daily, combining the best points of various inventions. The Enfield rifles are being cleaned up for sale to whoever wants them; the Sublime Porte lately bought 125,000.

The Montreal *Minerve* says the Dominion Cabinet is now made up as follows: Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, Minister of Justice; Sir G. E. CARTIER, Minister of Militia; Sir F. HINCKS, Minister of Finance; Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN, formerly Secretary of State, now Minister of Public Works; Hon. Mr. HOWE, formerly President of the Council, now Secretary of State; Hon. Mr. MITCHELL, Minister of Marine; Hon. Mr. TILLEY, Minister of Customs; Hon. Mr. DUNKIN, Minister of Inland Revenue; Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS, formerly Minister of Agriculture, President of the Council; Hon. Mr. BENSON, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. Mr. MORRIS, Secretary of the Provinces; Hon. Mr. KENNY, Receiver-General; Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, Postmaster-General.

PERSONAL.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Daily News*, writing on Oct. 14, says: "SAINTE BEUVE, the well-known critic, publicist and poet, lies dead in the little room that served him for bed-chamber and study in his modest lodging hard by the Luxembourg. He may be said to have died with harness on his back, for though he has been suffering atrociously for the past four years from the disease under which the Emperor labors, he had the pen in his hand almost to the last moment. Three surgical operations were performed on him this week; he succumbed to the third, and sighed his last in the arms of one of his friends, Dr. VEYNE, a little after midday on Wednesday. No minister of religion was present at the scene; the interment, by his special directions, will be also conducted 'civilly,' without the attendance of priest or acolyte. In one of the spasms of agony that preceded dissolution he murmured, 'physicians should have poison for their friends!' He was thinking of the death of SOCRATES."

Hon. L. S. HUNTINGTON, a member of the Canadian Legislature, and formerly Solicitor-General, is at the Hoffman House. He is one of the boldest, most capable and most eloquent advocates of Canadian Independence.

Among the passengers by the *Scotia*, yesterday, were Mme. DE BRIOL and Signor LEFRANC, the prima donna and first tenor of MARETZEK's Italian Opera Company.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Address to Irish Voters.

The Committee appointed by the Irish Republican Horace Greeley Campaign Club issued an address yesterday to the Irishmen of New-York City and State, in which they say: "Countrymen! who still linger in the Democratic ranks, we appeal to you no longer to deserve the reproach which these words, from a man who never bowed to Democratic dictation, conveys. The State ticket of the Republican Party is worthy of your support. Stand by it, and work for it. See to it that locally as well as generally it will be successful. On this ticket are men whose ideas of liberty are as broad as God's love. They embrace all nations and peoples. The Republican Party has been charged with narrow prejudices against the foreign-born citizens. They have rebuked their slanderers and illustrated their liberality by nominating a foreign-born citizen for the first place. The name of SIGEL heads the ticket. SIGEL is to the German nationality what our illustrious THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER was to the Irish nationality. We are anxious that our people should give General SIGEL a hearty support. A soldier of freedom in Germany—a soldier of freedom in America. A generous gentleman worthy to represent the great State of New-York. Let us give him a thorough support, as though we were part of the German people, and thereby prove our devotion to liberty and its friends. In conclusion, we solemnly call on you, our countrymen, from the highest to the humblest, to give this subject your serious and unbiased consideration, and we feel sure that if you do so, as citizens, as men, and as exiled Irishmen, that your voice shall be joined to ours, and your suffrages cast with the Republican Party. We call on you to support the entire State ticket, holding such men as FRANZ SIGEL and MARTIN I. TOWNSEND. But above all party considerations and in the name of truth, justice and humanity, we appeal to all Irishmen to prove to the world that we can remember our friends. To those who feel convinced of the truth of our arguments, we say a thousand welcomes to you in the ranks of freedom; to those who, stifling their better judgment, still stubbornly resolve to cling to the heartless Democracy, we say: Let no consideration induce you to poll a single vote against the tried friend of the Irish race—HORACE GREELEY. Let all vote for him. We shall thus earn that right to a prouder self respect, and we shall place a good and great man at the post which his sterling worth demands.

James Haggerty, Michael Scanlan, Thomas J. Kelly, Daniel R. Lyddy, Walter M. O'Dwyer, Joseph I. C. Clarke.

Westchester County Nominations.

The Democrats and Republicans of Westchester County have made their nominations for the approaching political contest in this State, as follows:

Senator, Ninth District—*William Cauldwell, Dem.; David S. Rowe, Rep.

County Treasurer—*M. Holmes Odell, Dem.; John Berrvan, Rep.

Superintendent of Poor—George Cooper, Dem.; Wm. H. Sparks, Rep.

Coroner—*Thomas Smith, Dem.; Charles J. Nordquist, Rep.

Justice of Sessions—Stephen Billings, Dem.; *Myrona B. Silkman, Rep.

Member of Assembly, First District—James J. Mooney, Dem.; Edward Haight, Rep.

Member of Assembly, Second District—*Edward D. Lawrence, Dem.; Howard C. Cady, Rep.

Member of Assembly, Third District—Wm. E. Lawrence, Dem.; *Jas. W. Husted, Rep.

School Commissioner, First District—*Francis W. Gilley, Dem.; Geo. R. Tremper, Rep.

School Commissioner, Second District—*Geo. W. Smith, Dem.; H. C. Judson, Rep.

School Commissioner, Third District—Wm. B. Skinner, Dem.; *Joseph Barrett, Rep.

Those marked with the asterisk (*) are present incumbents. Two Justices of Sessions, one Democrat and one Republican; consequently a nomination is equivalent to an election.

German Veteran Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting of the German Veterans of this City, including the German division of the Boys in Blue and the German Veteran Singing Society of this City, was held at Turner Hall, in Orchard-street, last night, when about six hundred persons were present. The Hall was handsomely decorated with American and German flags, and a band of music was present which, beside the Singing Society, enlivened the pauses between the addresses made. The meeting was called to order by General MAX WEBER, who stated the object of the meeting to be to pledge support to General FRANZ SIGEL, the Republican candidate for Secretary of State at the coming election. He proposed General JULIUS STAHEL for Chairman of the meeting, who was appointed, as were also a number of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. Captain CHAS. A. FISCHER, one of the Secretaries, then read the resolutions passed at the last meeting of the German Veteran Sigel Campaign Club, indorsing the nomination of General SIGEL, which were approved by the mass meeting. Several letters of invited speakers who excused their absence having been read, the meeting was addressed by Mr. CHARLES GOEPP, the Republican candidate for Judge of the Superior Court. Other spirited addresses were made by Messrs. P. F. STEFFEN, EDWARD FROMME and Dr. STEWARDS, the President of the Turner Society. It having been resolved to participate in the German Republican mass meeting at the Cooper Institute to-night, three hearty cheers were given for General SIGEL, and the meeting then adjourned.

Republican Ratification Meeting—Seventeenth Assembly District.

The Republicans of the Seventeenth Assembly District held a ratification meeting last evening at the Wigwam in Forty-sixth-street, near Eighth-avenue. The gathering was large and the proceedings were highly enthusiastic. Mr. JOHN R. RUSSELL presided. Adresses were delivered by General JOHN L. SWIFT, of Massachusetts, Hon. RUFUS F. ANDREWS, Mr. CHARLES A. FLAMMER, Republican candidate for Assembly in this district, and Mr. DAVID B. MELLISH, of this City. The exercises were also enlivened with singing by Messrs. CHARLES ANDERSON and E. L. BULLOCK, and recitations ("Barbara Freitchie" and "The Dying soldier,") by Mr. WM. H. POPE.

General SWIFT offered many sound arguments going to show why Republican principles should be placed in the ascendant in this State, and was followed by Hon. RUFUS F. ANDREWS, who contended that the Republican Party would not have finished its mission until every man, white or black, who helped to put down the rebellion had a right to the ballot; not until the national debt be paid according to the terms on which it was agreed payment should be made when the debt was contracted. As showing the importance of the pending election, he said let the State of New-York go into the hands of the Democratic Party and the Government bonds held in Europe will not be worth as much by several per cent. as they will be when their holders shall feel satisfied by the success of the Republican ticket in this State, that the people are determined to liquidate them, honestly and to the full, in coin.

At the close of the exercises the audience sang "Rally Round the Flag," and the meeting adjourned with three cheers for the State ticket.

Eighth Assembly District Republican Nomination.

The Eighth Assembly District Union Republican Association met at Runk's Hotel, No. 274 Grand-street last evening. Mr. WM. WIEGANDT received the unanimous nomination for Assembly, after which the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Political Brevities.

Mr. IVERSON W. KNAPP has received the united Republican nomination for Senator in the Sixth Senatorial District. Mr. KNAPP was formerly a hardware merchant.

JOHN ROGERS has been nominated for Assemblyman by the Republicans of the Second District of Hudson County, N. J.

Mr. JOSEPH SANXAY has been nominated for Assemblyman by the Republicans of the First District of Essex County, N. J.

The Eleventh District Democratic Union (Waterbury) Convention met last evening at Milleman's Hall, Twenty-sixth-street and Seventh-avenue. No nomination was made, the report of the Conference Committee not being presented.

The Fourth Assembly Democratic Union (Smith Ely) Convention met last evening and nominated JOHN J. BLAIR.

The Workingmen's Independent Democratic Association met at No. 161 Avenue B last evening, and resolved to support THEODORE TUCKER for Assemblyman of the Twelfth District.

At a meeting of the Seventh Ward Independent Political Club, held at their rooms in East Broadway, last evening, it was unanimously resolved to support Hon. HORACE GREELEY for Comptroller, and Mr. JOHN FOLEY for Supervisor.

The Democrats of the Sixth Assembly District in Newark, met at the Belmont Hotel last evening, and nominated FREDRICK VOLZ for the Assembly.

Ocean Navigation.

It is announced that the tiny craft *Constitution*, Captain JENKS, will depart for Europe this afternoon. Londonderry is the first port she will call at. The Captain is a "down Easter" of the most ultra-adventurous type, and, withal, a skillful navigator. The craft takes five people, all told—Captain, officers, crew and passengers—and, in imitation of the *Red, White and Blue*, but, "going one better," she takes two Newfoundland dogs. The diminutive vessel has already seen good service, is built of iron and is ship rigged. Her length from stem to stern is twenty-three feet, and she is of eight tons burden. She is now mounted on a wagon in Greenwich-street, near the Battery. This morning her stores will be put on board. This afternoon she will be launched, and start on her voyage, escorted by a steamer as far as Sandy Hook, where the friends of the intrepid, not to say rash, voyagers will wish them God-speed on their perilous journey.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

Results of the Present Administration—Comparative Statement of Total Collections in Leading Districts for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year—Gain over First Quarter of Last Year 8 6-10 Per Cent.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Oct. 25, 1869.

The accompanying statement, prepared at the request of your correspondent by Mr. J. B. TAYLOR, Chief of the Division of Statistics, under the authority of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, gives a most interesting and gratifying illustration of the results of the present administration of the Revenue Bureau. The comparison is made with the months of July, August and September, for the reason that it is fairer on the whole for the year 1868, as the revised tax on whisky and tobacco went into effect in July of last year, and the comparison is therefore one of results achieved on the same basis of law at similar periods under the different Administrations. The comparison is for three months in thirty-eight districts, and for two months (July and August) in nineteen districts. These are given not by any means as comprising all the districts which show gains, but as showing the results achieved in those localities where the greatest dereliction in the collection of the revenue existed in 1868. These, it will be seen, comprise nearly all the leading cities of the Union in which fraud and corruption have been most notorious.

It is proper to add, in further explanation, that there are a number of districts in these same localities which show a considerable falling off in the aggregate return for this period as compared with 1868. Thus, for instance, the Second Ohio, in the above table, shows a large increase. Its adjoining district, the First Ohio, shows a considerable decrease. This is explained by the fact that the Second is a large whisky-producing district; in 1868 the whisky it produced went into bond and paid its tax in the *First* District, which *made* no whisky. *Now*, the whisky pays tax where made; hence the business has resumed its legitimate shape, and the Second District gets credit for what went into the First last year. These are only exceptional instances, however, for the gain is very general. By reference to Kentucky, it will be seen that the Fourth, Sixth and Seventh Districts, the natural region of whisky production, show an enormous increase, which is additional evidence that the business is resuming its legitimate channels, and that whisky is being made honestly, where the grain is produced, instead of dishonestly by distillation in large cities.

At the present time, as will be seen, the larger part of the gain comes from the tobacco tax. The quarter just closed is the lowest period in the year for the whisky tax; the distilleries are now resuming operations, and a large increase will be apparent soon. Last year, at the same period, the large amount of whisky in bond, being favorably affected by the reduction of the tax in July, 1868, served to swell the revenue from that source largely above what it would have been from spirits actually manufactured during that quarter.

CYMON.

Comparative Statement showing the total Collections returned from several leading Collection Districts in the United States for the first quarter of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1869 and 1870, with the gain and gain per cent. of those in the latter over those in the former period; also the gain from Spirits, Tobacco and all other sources:

NOTE.—The collections in this Statement are given in the nearest hundreds of dollars. The amounts under the head of Spirits, Tobacco and other sources, prefixed with a *, show a loss instead of gain.

COLLECTION DISTRICTS.	Chief Town, City or part of City in District.	COLLECTIONS in July, August and September. 1868.	1869.	Total gain.	Total gain ℔ cent.	GAIN On Spirits	On Tob'co.	F'm all other sourc's
Second Alamaba	Montgomery	$70,300	$92,600	$22,300	32	*$4,000	*$300	$26,600
First Connecticut	Hartford	197,000	223,500	26,500	13	2,700	4,600	19,200
Second Connecticut	New-Haven	158,700	210,700	52,000	33	6,400	7,900	37,700
*First Illinois	Chicago	1,402,000	1,725,900	323,900	23	37,000	87,800	*160,900
Fourth Indiana	Aurora	140,100	261,400	121,300	87	24,000	100	*2,800
Fifth Kentucky	Louisville	488,500	523,600	35,100	7	*71,700	93,700	13,100
Sixth Kentucky	Covington	158,900	435,000	276,100	174	219,100	25,900	31,100
First Louisiana	New-Orleans	281,600	411,100	129,500	46	*42,800	123,000	49,300
Third Maryland	Baltimore	706,200	988,300	282,100	40	*29,200	216,400	94,900
†Third Massachusetts	Boston	789,600	1,367,200	577,600	73	*26,100	*36,500	640,200
Fourth Massachusetts	Boston	207,000	357,000	150,000	72	89,400	54,700	25,900
‡Tenth Massachusetts	Springfield	118,900	309,000	190,100	160	2,900	12,300	174,900
First Missouri	St. Louis	916,500	1,259,100	342,600	37	206,300	110,900	25,400
Second New-Hampshire	Concord	63,600	69,800	6,200	10	2,000	1,200	3,000
Fourth New-York	New-York	751,200	960,300	209,100	28	31,400	93,800	83,900
Seventh New-York	New-York	327,500	376,200	48,700	15	*2,700	103,800	*52,400
§Ninth New-York	New-York	577,200	808,600	231,400	40	*12,500	3,400	240,500
Fourteenth New-York	Albany	509,100	632,000	122,900	24	*8,200	6,700	124,400
Twenty-first New-York	Utica	101,300	120,700	19,400	19	4,600	46,300	*31,500
Twenty-third New-York	Syracuse	91,200	135,400	44,200	48	49,100	6,200	*11,100
Thirtieth New-York	Buffalo	476,000	689,200	213,200	45	179,800	22,900	10,500
Fourth North Carolina	Raleigh	33,600	105,900	72,300	215	3,600	68,400	300
Sixth North Carolina	Salisbury	21,000	68,900	47,900	228	400	48,400	*900
Second Ohio	Cincinnati	356,900	895,100	538,200	151	497,000	6,700	34,500
Tenth Ohio	Toledo	172,300	199,700	27,400	16	800	27,600	*1,000
¶Third Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	189,200	420,900	231,700	122	31,900	8,400	191,400
Fourth Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	691,700	759,800	68,100	10	*6,300	9,000	65,400
Ninth Pennsylvania	Lancaster	130,800	190,500	59,700	46	14,400	12,500	32,800
Twenty-first Pennsylvania	Uniontown	182,100	190,100	8,000	4	2,300	2,300	3,400
‖Twenty-second Pennsylvania	Pittsburg	271,700	491,500	219,800	81	44,200	18,800	156,800
Second South Carolina	Charleston	28,400	30,500	2,100	7	1,400	1,800	*1,100
Fourth Tennessee	Shelbyville	26,500	29,900	3,400	13	9,400	*100	*5,900
Fifth Tennessee	Nashville	118,700	127,700	9,000	8	17,600	2,200	*10,800
Third Virginia	Richmond	172,800	624,200	451,400	261	*57,600	497,800	11,200
Fourth Virginia	Manchester	14,500	21,600	7,100	49	8,400	*2,300	1,000
Fifth Virginia	Lynchburg	36,000	439,600	403,600	1,121	4,900	394,400	4,300
Sixth Virginia	Staunton	30,200	43,300	13,100	43	11,800	3,900	*2,600
Seventh Virginia	Alexandria	30,700	34,100	3,400	11	4,600	500	*1,700

REMARKS.

*Apparent loss on the annual list, $156,600.
†Apparent gain on the annual list, $608,900.
‡Apparent gain on the annual list, $162,400.
§Apparent gain on the annual list, $210,000, and on fermented liquors, $14,200.
¶Apparent gain on the annual list, $206,900.
‖Apparent gain on the annual list, $137,000.

NOTE.—The returns for September, 1869, not having been received from the following districts, the comparison is made on the collections for July and August only in the two years.

COLLECTION DISTRICTS.	Chief Town, City or part of City in District.	COLLECTIONS in July and August. 1868.	1869.	Total gain.	Total gain ℔ cent.	GAIN On Spirits	On Tob'co.	F'm all other sourc's
Fourth Illinois	Quincy	$140,900	$242,100	$101,200	72	$59,400	$36,400	$5,400
Fifth Illinois	Peoria	111,900	223,300	111,400	100	105,400	1,800	4,200
Fourth Kentucky	Lebanon	24,800	178,300	153,500	619	137,000	1,200	15,300
Seventh Kentucky	Lexington	130,700	293,000	162,300	124	141,300	7,100	13,900
First Maine	Portland	56,900	88,200	31,300	55	8,600	3,100	19,600
Seventh Massachusetts	Lowell	45,100	58,000	12,900	29	*900	900	12,900
First Michigan	Detroit	374,600	535,600	161,000	43	13,800	47,500	99,700
Fifth New-Jersey	Newark	247,000	253,200	6,200	3	*6,100	13,000	*700
Second New-York	Brooklyn	335,700	365,700	30,000	9	*10,300	112,600	*72,300
Third New-York	Brooklyn	176,000	281,400	105,400	60	53,400	6,700	45,300
*Eighth New-York	New-York	1,898,400	2,140,400	242,000	13	*134,100	8,500	367,600
Fifth North Carolina	Greensboro'	33,400	113,100	79,700	239	*2,800	90,900	*8,400
Third Ohio	Dayton	213,900	248,700	34,800	16	20,400	5,000	9,400
Seventh Ohio	Columbus	37,400	60,000	22,600	60	15,000	3,900	3,700
Sixth Pennsylvania	Allentown	151,200	170,300	19,100	13	1,600	12,100	5,400
Twenty-third Pennsylvania	Allegheny City	98,900	133,400	34,500	35	6,700	3,800	24,000
Second Virginia	Norfolk	35,200	214,100	178,900	508	*1,600	185,300	*4,800
First West Virginia	Wheeling	48,600	60,700	12,100	25	1,300	14,400	*1,000
First Wisconsin	Milwaukee	183,100	214,000	31,500	17	12,100	18,900	*200

REMARKS.

*Apparent gain on the annual list, $358,900.

The following is a statement showing the net receipts from Revenue Stamps:

	1868.	1869.
July	$1,094,189 15	$1,208,977 61
August	1,133,769 34	1,228,156 84
September	1,165,513 24	1,250,543 74
Total	$3,393,471 73	$3,685,678 19

Gain in the first quarter of the present over the first quarter of the last fiscal year, $292,206 46, or 8 6-10 per cent.

The Erie Railway Strike Renewed—The Demands of the Men Acceded to.

The workmen at the Erie Railway shops in Jersey City struck again at noon yesterday, but returned to work at 2 o'clock, upon the conclusion of negotiations with Mr. GOULD. The strike was occasioned by the arrival of committees from Port Jervis, Susquehanna and Buffalo, and its object was to have all the men reinstated in work at the shops in Susquehanna and Port Jervis upon the same agreement as that under which work had been resumed in Jersey City. A meeting was held at No. 7 Engine House, in North First-street, at 1 o'clock, Mr. FINDLAY, of Buffalo, presiding, and before it adjourned a paper was presented, signed by Mr. GOULD, acceding to the demands of the men, and promising to reinstate all the workmen at the shops along the line of the road. In the evening another meeting was held, at which the proposition was discussed of forming a more perfect union among the employes of the Company.

Bold Daylight Robbery at Flushing.

Yesterday afternoon one of the boldest burglaries committed in Queens County for a long time was perpetrated in the dwelling of JOHN ROBINSON, of Flushing. While the family was at dinner a bold thief entered their apartments. By the use of duplicate keys he succeeded in forcing open the bureau drawers and taking therefrom diamond ear rings and breast-pin, diamond finger rings, gold watches and chains, gold bracelets and trinkets of various descriptions. The miscreant escaped. A man in the employ of Mr. ROBINSON can identify the individual if he sees him. The loss will amount to about $4,000.

The New-York and Hudson River Conference of Unitarian Churches.

This body will meet to-day at the First Unitarian Church, Pierrepont-street, corner of Monroe-place, Brooklyn. The opening services were held at the church last evening, Rev. Dr. BELLOWS and Rev. Mr. HEPWORTH, of New-York, assisting. The latter gentleman preached the sermon, which was an outspoken discourse concerning the errors of Romanism and the failures of Protestantism, and confidently predicted a much greater success for the Unitarian denomination than has hitherto attended it.

Another Serious Accident on the Erie Railroad.

At 3:45 P. M., yesterday, six cars of the passenger train on the Erie Railroad, on its way from New-York to Buffalo, ran off the track two miles east of Susquehanna. The whole train is a complete wreck. It is reported that none of the passengers were injured, but the news reaches us at so late an hour that it is impossible to ascertain whether this statement is true. The cause of the accident was a broken rail.

HOME AGAIN.—Our citizens will be pleased to know that Dr. B. C. PERRY, the skillful and well-known Dermatologist, has closed his Boston office, and can now be consulted at his New-York office, No. 49 Bond-st., for diseased scalps, loss of hair, premature grayness, unnatural redness of the nose, pimples, black worms, moth patches, freckles, moles, wens, and all cutaneous eruptions. No charge for consultations. Send for an interrogatory circular.—*Advertisement.*

WALTHAM WATCHES.—The best watches to buy and the best place to buy is at FULLER & CO.'S, No. 25 John-street, New-York. A complete assortment always on hand.—*Advertisement.*

MILHAU'S COD LIVER, GOLDEN BRAND, unsurpassed by any yet produced. Cod Liver Oil, with hypophosphite of lime, a great improvement. J. MILHAU'S SONS, No. 183 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

VERMONT SPRING WATER.—The great remedy for Cancer, Scrofula, Kidney Diseases, &c. "Get the best." W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO., No. 170 William-st.—*Advertisement.*

"MY WIFE will burn none but PRATT'S *Astral Oil*, with which we are perfectly charmed," says one correspondent.—*Advertisement.*

Kalliston.

To restore and retain the bloom and freshness of beauty unimpaired, ladies should use BURNETT'S KALLISTON. For chafing of infants, and for any roughness of the skin, it has no equal. Unlike other cosmetics, it produces a healthy action of the capillaries.—*Advertisement.*

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NEW-YORK TIMES FOR EUROPE.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

It will contain a full digest of news from all parts of the United States up to the latest moment, with such selections from the editorials and correspondence of the TIMES as may have interest for Americans residing abroad and for European subscribers.

Among other features of interest are presented the following:

Political Affairs of the Country, Domestic Correspondence, General Telegraphic News, Scientific Notes, Religious Affairs, Temperance Items, Local News, Washington Advices, General News, &c.

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Removal.

THE ASBURY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has removed to No. 805 Broadway, corner of 11th-st.

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Prepare for Winter.—PATENT WEATHER STRIPS. ROEBUCK BROS., No. 58 Fulton-st., New-York.

A. Morton, 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.
MORTON'S GOLD PENS.

MARRIED.

ARNOLD—BLEECKER.—At the Church of the Transfiguration, on Tuesday, Oct. 26, by Rev. Samuel D. Dennison, D. D., JOHN WILLIAM SCHMIDT ARNOLD to ADELINE CLINTON, daughter of the late John Rhinelander Bleecker, all of this City.

CUMMING—SWEETLAND.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 26, by Rev. D. J. Patterson, of the United Presbyterian Church, JAMES P. CUMMING, of Glenwood, (Yonkers,) to ELIZABETH M. SWEETLAND, of the former place.

EMERSON—MERRILL.—At the Church of the Divine Paternity, on Tuesday, Oct. 26, by Rev. E. H. Chapin, D. D., HENRY EMERSON to ANNIE M. H. MERRILL, both of this City.

DIED.

BOORMAN.—On Tuesday morning, Oct. 26, Mrs. MARY WELLES BOORMAN, widow of the late James Boorman, in the 85th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CARPENTER.—HATTIE CECELIA, only daughter of Abram and Harriet Carpenter, aged 3 years and 7 months.

Funeral services at the house this evening, at 8 o'clock, No. 26 Charles-st. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

CHAPMAN.—At Bridgeport, Conn., on Sunday, Oct. 24, TIMOTHY P. CHAPMAN, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place at his late residence, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

DYCKMAN.—At North Orange, N. J., on Sunday morning, Oct. 24, in the 78th year of her age, MARY PRESWICK, widow of the late Jacob G. Dyckman.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 27th inst., at 10½ A. M., at the residence of her son, William H. Dyckman, in Day-st., Orange. The Morris and Essex Railway train leaves at 9½ A. M., from Barclay-st. Ferry. The remains will be interred in Green-Wood.

DURYEE.—In Harlem, on Saturday, Oct. 23, ABRAHAM R. DURYEE, in the 53d year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at the R. D. Church, corner of 121st-st. and 3d-av., on Wednesday, Oct. 27, at 3 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. The remains will be taken to Newark, N. J., for interment, on Thursday morning.

DODD.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 26, ISAAC D. DODD, M. D., aged 70 years.

Funeral on Friday, 29th inst., from the Presbyterian Church, at 2 P. M. Friends desirous of seeing the remains can do so at his late residence, on that day, previous to the hour of the funeral service.

FITZGERALD.—At the residence of her grandparents, on Saturday, Oct. 23, at 11 o'clock A. M., ELEANOR ANNIN, only daughter of Rev. James N. and Mary Eliza Fitzgerald, of Newton, N. J., and granddaughter of Dr. J. D. and Eleanor T. Annin, aged 3 years, 9 months and 15 days.

Funeral on Tuesday, 26th inst., from her grandfather's residence, No. 219 Market-st., Newark, N. J. Our darling rests in the arms of Jesus.

GILMAN.—In New-Haven, Conn., on Monday evening, Oct. 25, MARY KETCHAM, wife of Daniel C. Gilman, aged 81 years.

Funeral in New-Haven on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

LANE.—At Bound Brook, N. J., on Sunday evening, Oct. 24, JOHN LANE, aged 81 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, 27th inst., at 2 P. M.

MARSHALL.—On Monday, Oct. 25, ANN, widow of the late William Marshall, of Columbia, S. C.

The funeral will take place from St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th-st., at 10 o'clock, on Thursday, 28th inst., when a requiem mass will be said for the repose of her soul. Her friends, and those of her brother, Felix E. O'Rourke, and of her uncle, Felix Ingoldsby, are respectfully invited to attend.

POST.—On Monday evening, Oct. 25, CATHARINE POST, aged 72 years.

Funeral services at the house of her brother-in-law, William E. Whiting, No. 185 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, the 27th inst.

PIERCE.—At West Farms, on Sunday, Oct. 24, SUSAN J., wife of Lemuel Pierce, Jr., aged 38 years, 4 months and 5 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 27th inst., at 2 o'clock, from her late residence.

SPERRY.—On Monday morning, Oct. 25, HENRY C. SPERRY, aged 69 years.

The funeral will take place at the residence of his son-in-law, T. E. Hanson, No. 22 West 129th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning, Oct. 27. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice. The steam cars leave Harlem Depot at 10 o'clock.

ROCKWELL.—At Pleasantville, on Monday, Oct. 25, 1869, Mrs. HANNAH ROCKWELL, wife of Hevey Rockwell.

Her friends are invited, without further notice, to her funeral, on Thursday, 28th inst., at Pleasantville, Westchester County. Cars leave by Harlem Road, 26th-st. and 4th-av., at 8:30 A. M.

THORNE.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Oct. 25, DAVID C. THORNE, aged 29 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the North Reformed Church, Clermont-av., (between Myrtle and Willoughby avs.,) on Thursday, 28th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

WESSELLS.—On Friday, Oct. 22, WESSEL WESSELLS, of Paramus, N. J., in the 74th year of his age.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENT OFFICES.

MUNN & CO., Editors *Scientific American*, No. 37 Park-row, New-York, have had nearly twenty-five years' experience in obtaining AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS. Opinions no charge. A pamphlet 108 pages of law and information free. Address as above.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, 1869, will close at this office at 9 A. M., and at the Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 7:55 A. M.; C and O, 7:40 A. M.; D and E, 7:25 A. M.; F and G, 7:05 A. M.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—MANY HAVE been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilbor's Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime." Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diphtheria and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston. Sold by druggists generally.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ASTOR House beg leave to inform the business community and the public at large that they have established a Stock and Gold telegraphic report in the Exchange of the hotel for their convenience.
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This is a republication, with important additions, of an article that appeared in the *North American Review*, for July, 1869, and attracted general notice. The author has introduced into the notes "some extracts from the sworn evidence in the case which seemed peculiarly illustrative of the manners of the time, and of the *modus operandi* of certain of its Courts, Legislatures and Exchanges." The recent history of the Erie Railway is of so striking a character, and the manœuvres of its managers have so immediate and intense an interest to nearly all classes of American citizens, that Mr. Adams' graphic and reliable sketch of them will attract and richly reward general attention.

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> I have examined the sheets of the Ballads, and I find that, in truthfulness of illustration, and in beauty and delicacy of execution, the pictures are all that could be desired. In the illustrations to Cobbler Keezar's Vision, the Wreck of Rivermouth, My Playmate, and the Countess, especially, I recognize the scenery familiar from boyhood, and which I have endeavored to associate in the mind of the reader of my Ballads with the character and incidents of local traditions. JOHN G. WHITTIER.

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POLITICAL.

THE OFFICE OF SUPERVISOR.
RECOMMENDATION OF MR. JOHN FOLEY.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

The undersigned, merchants, bankers and others, respectfully and earnestly recommend their fellow-citizens of all parties to support Mr. JOHN FOLEY, gold pen manufacturer, for the office of Supervisor. He is a young man whom most of us have known many years. Honest and reliable in his dealings, enterprising and prosperous in his business, and energetic and upright in the discharge of his public duties, he is just the man the people should elect to the Board of Supervisors. The vigor and efficiency he has manifested in aid of the reform movement in the Twelfth and Nineteenth Wards sufficiently indicate the character of the man, and show that in the Board of Supervisors he would be found a protector of the best interests of both property owners and rent payers. Having the powerful support of the Democratic Union and other influential organizations, and the active sympathy of all good citizens opposed to the corrupt Tammany Ring, his election will be made certain if all who are in favor of reform give him their active support, as we sincerely hope they will:

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IVERSON W. KNAPP.

UNITED REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
For Assembly, 9th District,
JOHN H. COSTA.

MASS MEETING OF THE GERMAN Republicans at the Cooper Institute, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, at 8 o'clock P. M. The following speakers will address the meeting:
MAJOR-GENERAL FRANZ SIGEL,
Hon. Fred. Kapp, Wm. Weber, Esq., Major W. Glaubensklee, Chas. Goepp, Esq., Dr. Herman [illegible] [illegible]. Seats reserved for ladies.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Yesterday was a very busy day at the Exchange Salesroom. A larger crowd assembled than have been gathered together within its walls for several months. It seemed, indeed, very much like the old enthusiastic days of last Winter, when the room was filled with earnest, anxious buyers. The active interest in City sales seems to have commenced earlier this year than is usual. It is scarcely probable that we shall have the same excitement, the same extravagant prices or the same absurd furor that characterized the last market, but the prospects for an active Winter season with ready sales at fair, sensible prices, seems good. The auctioneers' books already contain the particulars of a number of interesting sales, and many more will undoubtedly be added within the coming month. The country sales meanwhile hold their own, and, for the present at least, command the attention of the greater number of buyers.

To-day Messrs. JOHNSON & MILLER have quite an extensive sale at Cresswell, N. J., on the line of the Northern Railroad. The property consists of the old homestead and 250 choice lots, all within five minutes' walk of the depot. As has been announced, an entirely new feature will be introduced. Five of the best lots will be given to the five largest purchasers. The special train will start from the foot of Chambers-street at 10:30 A. M., sharp. Maps, passes and full particulars may be had at the auctioneers' office, No. 25 Nassau-street.

To-morrow Messrs. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., have an extensive sale at Orange, N. J. The property consists of the well-known estate of A. P. PILLOT, Esq., and has long been known as one of the most elegant in the vicinity of New-York. It comprises 140 acres, situated one mile from the North Orange Station, on the slope of the famous Orange Mountain, in the immediate vicinity of the handsome residences of General MCCLELLAN, DR. MARCY, GEORGE HECKER, FRANCIS TOMES, and many other prominent New-York families. The location is unsurpassed. From any part of the property most magnificent and extended views are obtained. The mansion is very spacious, 70x90, and contains over thirty rooms, and is peculiarly adapted for a Summer hotel, an institution or a home for gentlemen of taste. It is perfect in all its appointments, having every modern convenience. The grounds about the house are beautifully improved, and have been well cared for; drives and walks, beautiful lawns, lakes, fountains and cascades, rustic bridges, ornamented trees and shrubs, a large stable and coachhouse, hothouses, graperies, &c. The famous orange iron and sulphur springs is near the mansion, and will be sold with it. This property is to be absolutely sold, divided into attractive villa sites of from one to five acres. The residence will be sold with fifteen acres of land and upward. Maps and full particulars may be had at the auctioneer's office, No. 6 Pine-street.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEW-YORK.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co.

4-story brown-stone house and lot No. 121 5th-av., e. s., lot 21.6x100	$80,000

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

1 lot s. s. of 58th-st., and 1 lot n. s. of 57th-st., 299 ft. w. of 5th-av., each 26x100.5	$34,000
10 lots s. s. of 105th-st., commencing corner of 4th-av., each 25x100.11	17,250
4 lots adjoining, each 25x100.11	7,000
1 lot s. s. of 57th-st., 229.2 ft. w. of 9th-av., 20.10x100.5	7,500
3-story brown-stone house and lot, s. s. of 78th-st., 39.6 ft. w. of 2d-av., lot 16.4x76.8	11,800
3-story brown-stone house and lot adjoining, lot 16.4x76.8	11,850
3-story brown-stone house and lot adjoining, lot 14.4x76.8	11,500

BROOKLYN.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co.

3-story brown-stone house and lot No. 555 Pacific-st., 260 ft. from Flatbush-av., lot 20x100	$11,600
3-story brown-stone house and lot No. 567 Pacific-st., 100 ft. from the above, lot 20x100	11,400
3-story, 2-story frame building and lot No. 111 Raymond-st., 50 ft. n. of Bolivar-st., lot 25x100.8	4,400
3 story, 2-story brick building and lot, No. 112 Raymond-st., n. e. cor. Bolivar-st., lot 25x84	9,000
2 2-story frame buildings and lot, No. 110 Raymond-st., adjoining the above, lot 25x31.11	3,000
3 buildings and lot, No. 161 Tillary, cor. Prince-st., lot 32x75	5,500
2-story frame house and lot s. e. cor. Columbia and Mill sts., lot 20x100	3,000
2-story frame house and lot e. s. Houston-st., between Park and Myrtle avs., lot 20x100	5,450
3-story frame house and lot n. s. of Gates-av., 40 ft. from Yates-av., lot 20x100	5,950
2-story frame house and lot s. s. of Quincy-st., 260 ft. e. of Yates-av., lot 25x100	4,500
3-story brick house and lot s. s. of Ewen-st., 140 ft. from Van Brunt-av., lot 25x100	4,750
2-story brick building and lot, adjoining the above, lot 25x100	2,200

Flatbush.

8 lots on n. s. of Diamond-st., 290 ft. from Bedford-place, each 25x100	$2,640

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Charles-st., n. s., 80 ft. w. of 4th-st., 20x94.6	$22,500
Forsyth-st., w.s., lot No. 273, J. Delancey's map, 25x100 / Madison-st., s. s., 97.7 ft. w. of James-st., 27.6x139	120
7th-st., s. s., 105.8 ft. e. of Avenue C, h. and l., 22.8x90.10	10,000
Same property	15,000
12th-st., n. s., 135 ft. w. of 2d-av., h. and l., 25x103.3	30,000
16th-st., n. s., 425 ft. w. of 5th-av., h. and l., 33.4x92	52,500
17th-st., n. s., 312 ft. e. of 2d-av., h. and l., 23.2x92	17,000
28th-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of 10th-av., 25x98.9	7,000
38th-st., s. s., 20 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 20x24.9	14,000
41st and 42d sts., 70 ft. e. of 2d-av., 30x74, centre of block	1,400
46th-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of 10th-av., 37.6x100.5	7,350
52d-st., s. s., 313 ft. e. of 2d-av., h. and l., 19x100.5	15,000
76th-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x102.2	4,500
119th-st., s. s., 158.10 ft. w. of 2d-av., 21.2x100.11	8,000
124th-st., s. s., 105.7 ft. w. of 1st-av., 325x100.11x319.5x96x75	45,500
124th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 2d-av., h. and l., 18.9x100.11	13,000
Avenue A, w. s., 49.9 ft. n. of 1st-st., h. and l., 18.10x80	16,100
Lexington-av., e. s., 59.5 ft. s. of 41st-st., h. and l., 19.8x75	27,000
Lexington-av. and 53d-st., s. e. corner, h. and l., 20.5x80	34,500

Leases Recorded.

Broadway, No. 392, 3 years, per year	$14,000
Thompson-st., No. 204½, 1½ years, per year	800
34th-st., West, Nos. 508, 510, and 512, 5 years, per year	4,250
2d-av. and 70th-st., n. e. corner, 5 years, per year—1 year $600, 2 years $720, and 2 years	780

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Atlantic-st., s. s., 430 ft. e. of Powers-st., 20x90	$6,500
Bergen-st., s. s., 50 ft. e. of Ralph-av., 102.9x25	300
Bond and Douglass sts., n. w. corner, 25x100	10,000
Broadway, s. s., 50 ft. e. of Van Siden-av., 50x100	800
Elliott-place, e. s., 316.8 ft. s. of Hanson-place, 20.10x100	8,500
Jay-st., w. s., 125 ft. n. of Willoughby-st., 102.9x24.8	9,000
Macomb-st. and 4th-av., s. e. cor., 100x74.6x102.10x49.3	5,000
Newell-st., w. s., 325 ft. n. of Nassau-st., 25x100	900
Oakland-st., e. s., 325 ft. s. of Meserole-st., h. and l., 25x100	3,500
President-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Hicks-st., 26.6x68.11x29.10x25x100	1,500
Sackett-st., n. s., 317 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 100x108	6,000
Sackett-st., n. s., 280 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 37x100	3,000
South 8th-st., 50 ft. w. of 3d-st., 22x75	5,500
Dekalb-av., n. s., 50 ft. e. of Marcy-av., h. and l., 75x100	24,000
Flushing-av., s. s., 400 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 50x100	7,000
Lewis-av., e. s., 60 ft. s. of Pulaski-st., 20x100	7,500
Rochester-av., e. s., n. of Atlantic-av., 21x98, (June, 1866)	250
Tompkins-av., e. s., 25 ft. s. of Witherspoon-st., 80x100	6,000
Vermont-av., centre line, 255 ft. e. of New-Jersey-av., 38x—	750
3d-av. and 22d-st., s. e. corner, 20x100	2,125

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Castleton.

Broadway, 50 ft. n. of Franklin-st., 25x190	nom.

Northfield.

Bay-av., e. s., adjoining William Lake's, 50x100	$200
Richmond to Tompkinsville road, near Richmond Henderson's, 27 92-100 acres	2,500
Simonson-av., A. C. Simonson's to A. Miller's, 100x114	200
Simonson-av., Wm. H. Vanderbilt's to same	400
Road dividing Northfield and Castleton, Abigal Hutchinson to Geo. Canady, 21 7-10 acres	25,000
Indefinite locality, Ellen M. Smith's guardian to James Weir, 17 acres	60

Southfield.

Tompkins, corner of Willow-av., H. A. Darrins, 150x280	$6,500
New-York-av., adjoining Eliza C. Teisseire's, 840x350	30,000

New-Brighton.

York-av., Smith Ely's to Cornelius Driscoll's, 25x90	$350
York-av., J. O. Hoevenberg's to W. Wilkes', 64x—	1,200

Westfield.

Princess Bay to Richmond Valley, Post Office road, 5 62-100 acres / Princess Bay to Richmond Valley, Post Office road, h. and l., 60x90 / Thaddeus Fowler's to Danl. Mahan's	$8,000
Gifford's-lane, w. s., adjoining Daniel Moore's, guardian sale, 19 acres	3,115
Same property, guardian sale on behalf of other wards	4,384
Plot near Kreischerville, adjoining T. B. Dubois', 5 acres	1,000

QUEENS COUNTY.

Great Neck.

Lots Nos. 430 to 442, inclusive, Wood's farm, 638.9x192x111x693.9	$2,610
Lots Nos. 456 to 471, inclusive, Wood's farm, 150x200x180x110x214	1,350
Lots Nos. 403 to 424, inclusive, Wood's farm, 100x150	836
Lots Nos. 393 to 397, inclusive, Wood's farm, 100x125	175
Lots Nos. 383 to 387, inclusive, Wood's farm, 100x125	175
Lots Nos. 343 to 362, inclusive, Wood's farm, 480x[illegible]	[illegible]
Lots Nos. 455, 457, 459, 462, Wood's farm, 178x290x192x402x201	[illegible]
Lot No. 473, Wood's farm, 141x55x185.6x55.3	[illegible]
Lot No. 465, Wood's farm, 98x200x104.8x200	[illegible]

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

Academy-st., 55 ft. from south line of, 25 ft. front	[illegible]
Adams-st., w. s., indefinite, 25x108	[illegible]
Bedford-av., s. s., 385 ft. e. of Elizabeth-av., 50x100	[illegible]
Broad-st., e. s., indefinite, 24x159	[illegible]
Broad-st., w. s., indefinite, 35 ft. front	[illegible]
Delancey-st., n. s., 2 lots, (Tenth Ward,) 25x208	[illegible]
Jay-st., w. s., indefinite, 50x100	[illegible]
Kinney-st., n. s., indefinite, 40x70	[illegible]
Lemon-st., s. s., 271 ft. e. of Nesbit-st., 25x101	[illegible]
Lock-st., e. s., 350 ft. n. of Orange-av., 20x96	[illegible]
Parkhurst, corner Broad-st., 28x110	[illegible]
Sussex-av., n. s., 30 ft. e. of Chatam-st., 28x100	[illegible]
Waverley-place, n. s., 79 ft. w. of Barclay-st., 25x30	[illegible]
Wright-st., s. s., 126 ft. from Pennsylvania-av., 25x100	4,400
Indefinite locality, 13 lots in Tenth Ward	[illegible]

Belleville.

Spring Garden road, w. s., indefinite, 71x613	$1,000
Silas C. Hays' property, 2 lots, 10 62-100 acres	30,000

Clinton.

Newark and Springfield road, n. s., indefinite, 5 50-100 acres	[illegible]

East Orange.

Central-av., n. s., 550 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 150x161	[illegible]

Irvington.

Smith-st. and Springfield-av., 50x130	[illegible]

Livingston.

Joseph H. Reeves' property, 9 50-100 acres	$400

Montclair.

Grove-st., e. s., 275 ft. on line Newark and Bloomfield Railroad	$1,680
Valley road, indefinite plot, 1 acre	500

West Orange.

Mitchell-st., n. s., indefinite, 50 ft. front	$300

Jersey City.

Railroad-av., s. s., 85 ft. from Wayne-st., 25x80	$1,275

Bergen.

Pine and Lafayette sts., s. w. corner, 25x84	$6,000
Wallabout-st., s. w. s., 25 ft. n. w. of Whiton-st., 25x100	2,000
Yale-av., lots Nos. 13 to 25, block No. 28; lots Nos. 28 to 33, block No. 13; lots Nos. 50 to 56, block No. 12, property at West Bergen	2,000
Lots Nos. 93, 95, 97, map Sherwood, 75x100	1,950

North Bergen.

Morgan-st., s.s., lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, Becker's Map	$2,100
Bergenwood-av., w. s., near Hoboken-st., 25x100 / Hoboken-st., s. s., 209.8 ft. e. of Grand-st., 25x100	900

West Hoboken.

Lake-st., s. s., w. of Spring-st., 100x100	$2,400

Harrison.

John-st., e. s., 300 ft. s. of Smith-st., 25x98, (deed 1864)	$200
Same property, deed 1869	300
Jersey-st., s. s., 125 ft. from 2d-st., 25x100	1,200
Warren-st., n. s., 100 ft. from 1st-st., 75x80	650

Union Township.

Lot No. 532, block No. 25, lot No. 902, block No. 16, lot No. 1053, block No. 13, lots Nos. 1,190 and 1,196, block No. 6, Map Guttenberg	$450

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

at a great bargain,

A VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY

ON WEST-ST., NEAR FULTON.

A great opportunity for investment, either for mercantile or hotel purposes.

Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—The executors of Thomas C. Morton, deceased, offer for sale, with possession May 1, 1870, the large corner store and lot in fee No. 92 William-st., to east corner of Platt-st., 32.5 1-7 feet front, 36 feet rear by about 72.6 feet in depth. This is one of the most eligible corners for investment, improvement and large rent roll in the market.

Also, the first-class store and lot in fee No. 74 John-st., about 25x95, four stories in height; possession May 1. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN 31ST-ST., NEAR AND WEST of 6th-av., a very desirable three-story marble house, 21x60 feet; is well arranged and in perfect order throughout. Price low. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 15 WEST 20th-st., 28x100; four stories, brown stone, high stoop. Price $65,000; terms easy; immediate possession.

SEE ADVERTISEMENT OF EXEcutor's sale of houses and lots at Elizabethport on THURSDAY, under head of real estate at auction.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st., call attention to their descriptive lists of New-Jersey property just issued, in which may be found every variety of desirable building lots, as well as improved and eligible homesteads to suit the means of all buyers. These books are handsomely illustrated and contain the time tables and commutation rates of all New-Jersey railroads leading to the City, and are furnished free of charge.

SOMETHING NEW,
STARTLING AND TRUE,
AT JOHNSON & MILLER'S
GREAT CRESSKILL, N. J., SALE,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27,
FIVE SPLENDID LOTS OF GROUND,
FREE AND CLEAR OF INCUMBRANCES,
WILL BE GIVEN AWAY TO THE
FIVE LARGEST PURCHASERS.

Cresskill is the second Station above Englewood. The lots are at and near the depot, splendidly situated. Secure your railroad tickets at once before they are gone. For further particulars see auction advertisement, and call for maps and railroad passes at the office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE,

THE MONCLAIR HOTEL.

This is without doubt one of the best, and still growing every day, hotel stand in New-Jersey; two fortunes have been made and the present owner wishes to retire, therefore will sell on very easy terms; this is a chance not found every day. E. E. WRIGHT, Montclair Hotel, Montclair, N. J.

THE BERKSHIRE HOUSE FOR SALE.—This first-class hotel and popular Summer boarding house, centrally situated in Great Barrington, Mass., one of the pleasantest villages of Berkshire, is offered for sale. It is a three-story stone building, in excellent repair and enjoys a liberal patronage, which may be largely increased by enlarging its accommodations. Apply to or address Mrs. E. PIXLEY, Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass.

FARM OR COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE AT WEST ISLIP.—A property of about 100 acres, a large part in wood, good fair buildings, and three trout ponds, at West Islip, is offered for sale for $35,000; bounded by the South Side Railroad on the north, and the South Side turnpike on the south, and about 2½ miles east of Babylon Depot. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

SEE ADVERTISEMENT OF EXECUtor's sale of houses and lots at Elizabethport on THURSDAY, under head of real estate at auction.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED, TO A PRIVATE family only, for one year, possession immediately, a three-story and attic high-stoop house, in most perfect order, with every convenience, desirably located at No. 114 Congress-st., between Henry and Clinton, Brooklyn; to a family with unexceptionable reference the terms will be satisfactory. House can be seen at any time, or call on T. B. STARR, No. 22 John-st., New-York.

TO LET—NO. *684 LEXINGTON-AV., A handsome four-story brown-stone house, between 56th and 57th sts.; is in complete order, and has all the modern improvements; can be seen at any time without permit. For terms apply to B. BLANCO, No. 13 South William-st.

AT DEPAU-PLACE—FURNISHED rooms, with a French family, for single gentlemen, or gentlemen and wives; accommodation for housekeeping or partial board if required. J. J. BURNIER, agent, No. 173 Thompson-st.

TO LET, UNFURNISHED—A HANDsome three-story high-stoop brick house, No. 506 7th-av., corner 41st-st., unfurnished; $1,650; all improvements; possession at once. Apply on the premises or to owner, No. 149 West 46th-st.

A PART OF THE HOUSE NO. 45 West 26th-st., newly furnished and well adapted to housekeeping, to let to a small family of adults. Best reference required.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICE TO LET.—TWO FRONT ROOMS on the second floor of No. 2 New Chambers-st. Inquire on the premises of LEXOW & VOIGT, or of W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

PRIVATE STABLE TO RENT—5TH-av., between 31st and 32d sts. Inquire at 309 5th-av.

STEAM POWER TO LET—THREE floors, 50x60 feet each, corner 11th-av. and 21st-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—HALF OF A PRIVATE STABLE in the vicinity of 42d-st. and 5th-av. Any gentleman desiring to let half of his stable can procure an acceptable tenant by addressing STABLE, Box No. 530 New-York Post Office.

STABLE.—WANTED TO HIRE PART OF A stable, for three horses and two light carriages, in vicinity of Lexington-av. and 40th-st. Reply, stating rent, location, C., Box No. 3,645 Post Office.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

LARGE AND IMPORTANT SALE OF
VALUABLE TIMBER AND FARM LANDS,
BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT.
Under the direction of J. L. Lefferts, Referee.
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION BY
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., ON THURSDAY, NOV. 4,
AT 12 O'CLOCK,
AT THE COURT HOUSE, POUGHKEEPSIE,
BEING PART OF THE ESTATE OF ELIZABETH LUDLOW,

312 acres of farm and timber lands, situated about two miles from Bangall Station, on Dutchess and Columbia Railroad, consisting of chestnut, oak and maple of the best quality. Also, at same time and place, 24 lots in the City of Poughkeepsie.

Book maps at the auctioneers' office No. 3 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE BY EXECUTORS
OF
COTTAGES, HOUSES, STORES,
AND
100 VACANT LOTS OUT OF 540,
AT
ELIZABETHPORT, N. J.,
Belonging to
THE ESTATE OF EDWARD KELLOGG,
ON THURSDAY, OCT. 28, 1869,
at 12 o'clock noon, on the premises,
RAIN OR SHINE.
FIFTY TRAINS DAILY.

ACTUAL TIME from NEW-YORK, 30 to 39 minutes. COMMUTATION RATE, less than 20 cents per day. Special train leaves foot of Liberty-st., N. R., by Central Railroad of New-Jersey at 11 A. M.

FREE TICKETS TO AND FROM THE SALE.

REFRESHMENTS FREE ON THE GROUND, BUT NO LIQUOR.

TERMS OF SALE ON LOTS WITH HOUSES.

Ten per cent. on day of sale, the balance payable in installments of [illegible] per month, with semi-annual interest on deferred payments. (Exact amount of monthly payment on each house will be stated at the time of sale.) Customary executor's contract for deed given; or,

Ten per cent. on day of sale, thirty per cent. in thirty days, and sixty per cent. on bond and mortgage for three or five years, with semi-annual interest, and privilege to pay at any time during that period.

ON VACANT LOTS.

Ten per cent. on day of sale, the balance payable in installments of $10 or more, per month, with semi-annual interest on deferred payments. Customary executor's contract for deed given.

If purchase amounts to $800, purchasers may pay as above, or may pay ten per cent. on day of sale, twenty per cent. in thirty days, and seventy per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage, for three years, with semi-annual interest, having privilege to pay at any time during that period.

NO CHARGE FOR AUCTIONEER'S FEES.

Persons desiring different terms will be accommodated, if possible, by applying before the day of sale, to

E. R. KELLOGG, Executor,
No. 3 Broadway, New-York,
or 2d-st., Elizabethport.

For map of property and free tickets, apply as above.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

THURSDAY, Oct. 28,
at 12½ P. M.,
on the premises,
PEREMPTORY SALE
of the elegant and well-known estate of
A. P. PILLOT, Esq.,
at
ORANGE, N. J.

This property has long been known as one of the most elegant in the vicinity of New-York; it comprises 140 acres, situated one mile from the North Orange Station, on the slope of the famous Orange Mountain, in the immediate vicinity of the handsome residences of Dr. Marcy, General McClellan, George Hecker, Francis Tomes, and many other prominent New-York gentlemen.

THE LOCATION IS UNSURPASSED.

From any part of the property most magnificent and extended views are obtained, acknowledged to be among the finest in the United States, embracing the lovely Orange Valley, Newark, New-York City and Bay and the Narrows, and all the intervening country.

The property has been improved for the past 30 years, and is in fine condition, with a surface well diversified, embracing deep ravines, brooks of the purest spring water, and magnificent trees.

The mansion is very spacious, 70x90, and contains over thirty rooms, and is peculiarly adapted for a Summer hotel, an institution, or a home for gentlemen of taste; it is perfect in all its appointments, having every modern convenience.

The grounds about the house are beautifully improved, and have been well cared for; drives and walks, beautiful lawns, lakes, fountains and cascades, rustic bridges, ornamental trees and shrubs, a large stable and coachhouse, hothouses, graperies, &c. Spring water from the mountain top is thrown over all parts of the grounds; everything pertaining to the house and grounds is of the most substantial description.

The famous orange iron and sulphur spring is near the mansion and will be sold with it.

THE PROPERTY IS TO BE ABSOLUTELY SOLD,
DIVIDED INTO
ATTRACTIVE VILLA SITES
OF FROM
ONE TO FIVE ACRES.

The residence will be sold with 15 acres of land.

This is a rare opportunity to buy elegant property in small parcels.

For passes and maps apply to COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st., and to A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BROTHER, No. 6 Pine-st.

SALE OF THE UNITED STATES ARMORY AND OTHER GROUNDS AT HARPER'S FERRY, WEST VA., AND VICINITY.

ORDNANCE OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 25, 1869.

In pursuance of the act approved Dec. 15, 1868, and by direction of the Secretary of War, the property of the United States at Harper's Ferry, West Va., and vicinity, will be sold by public auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of November, 1869, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. and continuing from day to day until all is sold.

The value of this property for manufacturing purposes is too well known to render it necessary to describe it herein, but a description of the same is being prepared, and will be sent to persons who may wish it, as soon as it is printed, upon their applying by letter to this office.

The property will be sold in lots. The first will include the Musket Factory, embracing a strip of land running to the western boundary, on the Potomac, the Armory Canal, and water power of the river. The walls of two large buildings are standing on this ground, and the foundations of several others; and the water wheels, with gearing, and the flumes are in almost perfect order. Three of them are turbines, of the most approved kind, and the others are mostly cast iron with wooden buckets.

The second will be the site of the Rifle Factory and water power on the Shenandoah, the buildings upon which have been destroyed, but the canal is in good order.

The third will be the Shenandoah Ferry, with a tract of 68 acres of land on the south, and a lot on the Harper's Ferry shore opposite.

The fourth will be the perpetual right to cut and remove wood from a tract of 1,395 acres mountain land across the Shenandoah.

The fifth will be the right to dig iron ore from a tract of about 1,400 acres of land known as Friend's Ore Bank, acquired by deed from Henry Lee and others.

The remainder, consisting of houses and lots in the town, will be sold lot by lot.

The Government will convey to the purchasers, after payment shall have been made in full, all its right and title to the property, which is believed to be perfect in every case.

The terms of sale, prescribed by law, are a credit of one and two years, the purchasers to give bond and security for the payment of the purchase money; and these terms must be complied with within ten days after the sale.

A map, showing the metes and bounds of the Harper's Ferry property, will be exhibited at the time of sale.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any or all lots offered, if the bids are not satisfactory.

A. B. DYER,
Brevet Major-General, Chief Ordnance.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENTS.

Persons who purchased lots in 1852, and have not fully paid for them, are notified that if they pay what is due before the day of sale, the lots will be deeded to them, otherwise they will be resold.

A. B. DYER,
Brevet Major-General, Chief Ordnance.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SALE IN PARTITION, BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF J. L. LEFFERTS, ESQ., REFEREE.—VALUABLE PROPERTY ON PROSPECT PARK, JORALEMON-ST., GRACE-COURT AND BERGEN-ST., BROOKLYN; FLATBUSH TURNPIKE, VERNON-AV., LOTT AND PROSPECT STS., FLATBUSH; BEING A PART OF THE ESTATE OF ELIZABETH LUDLOW, DECEASED.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Nov. 11, 1869, at 12 o'clock, at the City Salesroom, Phœnix Building, No. 16 Court-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn:

PROSPECT PARK.—Valuable plot, comprising over twelve lots, and having a front of 316 feet on the Park, adjoining the land of John A. Willink, deceased.

JORALEMON-ST.—Four lots, with the frame dwellings and brick stables thereon, situate on the north side of Joralemon-st., 120.8 feet westerly from Clinton-st., each lot being 25 by about 117 feet, with right of alley in the rear. Also, small gore adjoining one of said lots on rear, and fronting on alley.

GRACE-COURT.—One lot on the northerly side of Grace-court, 402 feet westerly from Hicks-st., 30x80 feet.

BERGEN-ST.—Eight lots and gores on the southerly side of Bergen-st., between Carlton and Vanderbilt avs., together having a frontage of 201.9 feet on Bergen-st.

FLATBUSH.

FLATBUSH TURNPIKE.—Plot of ground, containing about sixty-five city lots, bounded by Flatbush turnpike, Vernon-av. and Lott-st. These lots will be sold in parcels. There is in the plot corner of Flatbush turnpike and Vernon-av., a LARGE AND HANDSOME TWO-STORY AND ATTIC HOTEL AND EXCELLENT OUTBUILDINGS.

PROSPECT-ST.—Small lot, 16x33 feet, easterly side of Prospect-st., 150 feet from Union-st.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York; A. & J. Z. Lott, attorneys, No. 13 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON & MILLER, NO. 25 Nassau-st., New-York,

THIRD GRAND EXCURSION
And
FREE COLLATION SALE,
NORTHERN RAILROAD,
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES,
CRESSKILL, N. J.,
TWO STATIONS ABOVE ENGLEWOOD.
ON THIS OCCASION, AN ENTIRELY NEW FEATURE
IN REAL ESTATE SALES WILL BE INTRODUCED.
FIVE SPLENDID LOTS, FREE AND CLEAR
OF ALL INCUMBRANCES, WILL BE
GIVEN AWAY TO THE
FIVE LARGEST PURCHASERS.

The property to be sold consists of the homestead and other buildings, together with 250 choice lots, all within five minutes' walk of the station. The sale will be absolute in every particular. Each lot will be put up and sold on its merits to the highest bidder.

The property is splendidly situated. The title is perfect, having been held by one family twenty-three years.

Special train over Northern Railroad will leave foot of Chambers-st., by the Pavonia Ferry, at 10½ o'clock on the morning of sale.

Maps and free railroad passes now ready at the office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANtels, &c.—The largest stock of the latest design on hand, ready to ship or to put up at a few hours' notice. A. KLABER, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED marble and marble mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. [illegible] 6th-av., between 38th and 39th sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON & MILLER,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 3,
at 12 o'clock, at the
TRUSTEES' HALL,
Fulton-st., near Perrot-av.,
ASTORIA, L. I.
ABSOLUTE SALE, WITHOUT LIMIT OR RESERVATION, RAIN OR SHINE,
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES
OF THE VILLAGE OF ASTORIA, OF
SIXTY-ONE VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

finely located within two blocks of the Hunter's Point and Astoria Horse Car Railroad; five minutes' walk from steamboat landing; ten minutes' walk from the ferry to 92d-st., New-York. Situate in the heart of the

VILLAGE OF ASTORIA,

on high ground, commanding magnificent views of New-York City and surrounding country, and in the immediate vicinity where splendid improvements are now being made. Accessible by railroad, Harlem boat, and ferry to 92d-st., New-York.

This property, located in one of the most thriving villages on Long Island, and of such convenient access from New-York and Brooklyn by railroad, ferry and steamboat, (being only a few minutes from either City,) will be sold to the highest bidder, regardless of price and on easy terms.

Maps and full particulars are now ready at the office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan woman, a stranger in the City, as seamstress; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; would assist in housekeeping or take care of an invalid; good reference given; a place in the country preferred. Address MARIA HALL, Station D., New-York City.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL AGED 15, lately arrived in this country, a situation to take care of a baby, or to assist in housework, and will make herself useful in any way; a good home is more desired than wages. Apply at the house of her sister's employer, No. 30 West 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation as infant's nurse; will take the entire charge of a baby from its birth, or would care for grown children; would assist in chamberwork; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A TIDY young woman as cook in a private family; understands her business in cooking and baking; no objection to assisting in the washing. Call at No. 221 East 21st-st., Room No. 10, two flights up, in the rear, between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WELSH GIRL, Protestant, a situation as nurse and chambermaid, or to do plain sewing; would like to travel with a family to Europe or any part of the country; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, as waitress; can furnish the best of reference from her last situation. Call at or address No. 312 East 11th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A SMART YOUNG WOMAN, capable of doing anything she undertakes and not afraid of work, a situation as chambermaid and laundress; best of City references. Call at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as first-class waitress in a private family; no objection to assist with the chamberwork; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 148 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, WITH four years' City reference, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; understands all kinds of English cooking. Call at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SERVANT, a situation in a first-class family as chambermaid and laundress; has good City reference. Call at No. 302 West 44th-st., corner of 8th-av., over dry goods store.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED PROTestant woman, a situation as cook in a private family; is a first-class hand at bread and pastry; has one year's good reference, and can be seen for two days. Address No. 141 Duane-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT young Protestant woman as laundress or chambermaid, to do fine washing; is a perfect laundress, understanding fluting, &c.; has the best City references. Apply at No. 30 4th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress; understands her business to perfection; no objection to City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., first floor front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, to go out by the day or week; can furnish the best of reference from her last situations. Call or address No. 312 East 11th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; would take care of grown children. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 503 5th-av., corner 42d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; is a good baker, and understands her business in all its branches; has the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 33 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class meat and pastry cook; understands pastry, soups and game; no objection to a first-class boarding house or the country; best of reference. Call at No. 149 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a small private family as chambermaid; has no objection to assist in the waiting; has the best of reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 161 West 7th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as chambermaid and to assist with the washing, or to do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 141 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD girl, with City references from her last employer, as chambermaid and waitress; willing to make herself useful; would do the general housework of a small family. Can be seen at No. 228 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERIcan girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking the entire charge of an infant or growing children; no objection to go in the country. Can be seen at No. 139 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman, a baby to care in her own house; has no family of her own; would be a mother to the child; has best of reference. Call at No. 588 3d-av., top floor back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced laundress; would do the chamberwork or fine washing; five years' reference from her last place. Call or address No. 387 9th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; good operator on Grover & Baker's and Wheeler & Wilson's machines; or would take a nurse's situation for grown children. Call at No. 102 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl to do cooking and assist in the washing; is a good plain cook; best City reference. Call at No. 132 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; capable of doing all kind of needlework; best of City reference. Call at No. 239 Henry-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant girl a situation as chambermaid, or to do chamberwork and waiting in a small private family; has five years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 242 1st-av., third floor, between 14th and 15th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, SOBER, steady girl, a situation as cook and good baker; has the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 216 East 36th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a respectable English girl, (Protestant;) has good recommendations from last place. Apply at No. 342 4th-av., corner of 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress, a situation with a private family, or would go by the day; the very best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 145 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a steady Protestant woman, who perfectly understands her business; is a good baker. Call at No. 322 East 22d-st., rear building, first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-class laundress; has got the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 804 6th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer; has the best City reference. Call at No. 100 West 46th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as first-class laundress, or would assist with the chamberwork. Can be seen for two days at No. 115 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; good reference. Call at No. 344 West 36th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as laundress; can do fluting; no objection to assist with chamberwork or go to the country; City reference. Call at No. 340 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman as good cook; is an excellent baker; would assist in washing; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class cook or chambermaid or fine washer and ironer. Address No. 205 West 26th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young woman as cook; understands her business thoroughly; is willing to help in the washing and ironing. Inquire at 300 East 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK, A SITUAtion; has good City reference. Can be seen at the New-York College, corner 23d-st. and Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a place as cook in a private family; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 161 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as waitress; has good references; will go to the country. Call at No. 308 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class colored cook; has best City reference. Call for two days at No. 206 Waverley-place.

AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV.—On hand a large number of recommended professed cooks, cook, wash and ironers, experienced nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chambermaids, laundresses, houseworkers, young girls, and those lately landed.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, FRENCH AND Protestant help the specialty, and always on hand at the magnificent Office, No. 738 6th-av., above 39th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a private family; understands soups, meats, poultry and game, and all kinds of desserts; also boning and larding; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 340 West 25th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced first-class chambermaid and good plain sewer in a private family; is willing and obliging, neat and tidy in her habits; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 40 West 13th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A respectable girl in a private family; is an excellent baker; would assist with the coarse washing if required; has the best City reference where she has lived four years; can be seen for two days at No. 406 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN and her daughter, situations in one family; one as cook or laundress, and the other as chambermaid or waitress; can procure the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 29 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as waitress and chambermaid, or as waitress and assist with the washing and ironing; is capable and of good habits; five years' good City reference from her previous employer. Call at No. 252 West 20th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and Wheeler & Wilson's machine, is willing to do chamberwork; good City reference. Call or address No. 217 East 25th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as laundress, by a young woman who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; can produce good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 222 West 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON a situation as seamstress; understands family sewing and dressmaking, and is a competent operator on Wheeler & Wilson machine. Can be seen at No. 206 East 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl a situation as waitress; understands her business thoroughly; two years' reference from her last place. Apply at No. 195 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S AND FAMIlies' washing by an experienced laundress; understands fine washing and French fluting; does up lace curtains equal to new; best of City reference. Call at or address No. 140 West 26th-st., rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family; country prefered; understands all kinds of meats, pastries, jellies, bread, biscuit, &c.; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 139 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as dressmaker and seamstress; is an operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; has no objection to go in the country; has City reference. Apply at No. 57 West 44th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman, a situation to take care of an invalid lady; is a good plain sewer; kind and attentive; good City references. Apply at No. 149 West 4th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMstress, a few more engagements by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing, and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Address Mrs. HUGHTON, No. 423 West 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as first-class laundress; understands French fluting and fine washing and ironing; has the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 144 East 15th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN MIDDLE-aged woman, a situation as seamstress and to assist in chamberwork, or would wait upon an elderly lady or grown up children; six years in her last place. Can be seen at No. 244 West 16th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young Protestant woman as first-class laundress; can do French fluting, &c.; has five years' City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 139 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl for chamberwork and sewing or waiting and sewing; has the best of City references. Apply at No. 241 West 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl a situation as chambermaid and assist with the washing or plain sewing in a private family; best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 157 Thompson-st., corner of Houston.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON A situation as seamstress; thoroughly understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson machine; has good reference. Call at No. 217 East 26th-st., third floor.

WASHING WANTED—BY A RESPECTable woman; the washing of ladies, or families' washing; can do fluting in the neatest manner; can give the best of City reference. Call or address Mrs. M., No. 116 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and assist in the washing and ironing; has the best City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 145 West 35th-st., between 7th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman in a private family as laundress; has three years' reference from her last place. Apply at No. 120 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., front basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook; willing to assist with washing and ironing in a small private family; best City reference from last place. Address No. 328 East 22d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations; one as chambermaid or to do housework; good washer and ironer, and the other as seamstress; can cut and fit and work a machine. Call at No. 232 East 46th-st., from 12 to 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young woman as seamstress and to assist with the chamberwork. Call or address for two days at No. 45 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman, as waitress or chambermaid, or to take care of children. Best City references. Call at No. 265 7th-av., between 25th and 26th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; has five years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 126 West 35th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as good cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; good reference. Call for two days at No. 344 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS wishes to get at her own residence, No. 232 East 46th-st., a private family's washing, or would wash for three or four gentlemen; second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS and chambermaid; can do fine washing; City reference. Can be seen at No. 115 West 46th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; has City reference. Call at No. 316 37th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as baby nurse or nurse and seamstress; has the best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 36 12th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced woman as first-class cook; can give good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 206 East 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant as nurse; can take entire charge of a baby from its birth; has the very best of City references. Can be seen for two days at 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, TIDY WOMAN, A situation to do the cooking and assist with the washing; good City reference. Call at No. 321 West 20th-st., rear building, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress; has City references. Can be seen at No. 548 3d-av., between 36th and 37th sts., second bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELlent girl as chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and nurse. Call at her present employer's, 382 Pacific-st., between Bond and Nevins, Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress, a situation; would assist in the chamberwork; has City reference. Call at No. 241 East 28th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress; three years' reference. Call at her present employer's, No. 211 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERienced nurse; is capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; would take care of a sick lady; best City reference. Call at No. 218 West 17th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUation as waitress or chambermaid; the best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 204 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as maid or nurse; understands the management of children; can be well recommended. Call at No. 158 West 18th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as cook; is a good washer and ironer; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 134 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress, ladies' and gentlemen's washing or family washing. Call at or address LAUNDRY, No. 420 East 15th-st., Room No. 2.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress, and would assist with chamberwork if required; best of City reference. Call at No. 222 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A DRESSMAKER WHO IS a perfect fitter and trimmer, to make engagements in families. Call or address No. 246 East 10th-st. for three days.

WANTED—WASHING BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress; all kinds of washing done; also, fluting done on the most reasonable terms. Call on or address ELIZA, No. 135 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN girl, a situation; can dress ladies' hair in every style; would assist in chamberwork; good City reference. Apply at No. 259 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl as first-class waitress; has the highest recommendations. Call at No. 64 West 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-class laundress; best City reference can be given. Call at No. 313 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; ONE who understands her business. Can be seen for two days at No. 404 East 59th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Call at No. 111 Essex-st., between Rivington and Delancey sts.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CAPABLE and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, 1 First-st., cor. Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THORoughly competent young woman as seamstress or ladies' maid; understands housekeeping or chamberwork; has best City references; from five to seven years in situations; desirous of a permanent home. Call for two days at No. 416 West 47th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as cook in an American family; understands cooking in all its branches; best City and country reference; three years in her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 152 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable young woman, as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant; or as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; has no objections to the country; has excellent references. Apply at No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST competent woman as thorough seamstress and lady's maid; understands a good deal about dressmaking; can cut and fit all kinds of children's clothing; the best of reference given. Call at No. 17 5th-st., near the Bowery.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH Protestant woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist with the washing and ironing, or wait on an invalid lady; no objection to the country; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 225 West 16th-st., first floor, back.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEWING-machine operator, work by the day or week; or would take home ladies' and infants' outfits and make them up in the neatest manner on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; ladies' and children's fancy Swiss dresses made in the latest style. Call at No. 232 West 18th-st.

WANTED—WASHING BY A RESPECTAble woman; a few ladies' or gentlemen's washing; can produce the best of reference; all kinds of fine muslins; fluting done by machine; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. MOORE, No. 311 West 44th-st., top floor, front building.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND economical woman, a situation in a private family as cook; the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen at No. 156 West 41st-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN who has taken care of a home for a lady while in Europe, the same position or a similar one; or the care of an invalid or an aged person; best City reference. Apply at No. 156 West 41st-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and to do fine washing; is an excellent laundress; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 151 East 32d-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A small private family; willing to assist in washing and ironing; has first-class City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 343 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant Scotch woman as chambermaid; can do plain sewing, if required; understands her duties thoroughly. Can be seen at her present situation, No. 25 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as parlor or chambermaid; is willing to assist at table; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at her last place No. 12 East Washington-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation in a small private family at chamberwork or waiting, or waiting alone; has good City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 200 East 20th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and plain sewer; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; or would do chamberwork and waiting; good City reference. Call at No. 93 10th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTestant girls, one as chambermaid and plain sewer, or nurse; the other as chambermaid and laundress; has lived ten years in her last place. Call for two days at No. 427 West 17th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as waitress; understands her business; would assist with chamberwork; two years' reference from last place. Call at No. 159 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-rate plain cook; is willing to do some washing and ironing in a small private family, and is a good baker; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 218 West 17th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A competent woman, who thoroughly understands her business, in a small private family; would assist in washing, if required; has good reference. Call for two days at No. 145 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, FULLY COMPEtent, a place in a respectable family as chambermaid and seamstress; fully understands sewing of all descriptions; six years in her last place. Call at No. 42 East 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as first-class laundress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 208 East 20th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, one who understands her business thoroughly, a situation as cook in a private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 311 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NUESR IN A gentleman's family; can take the entire charge of a baby, and is a neat sewer; two years' City reference. Call at No. 210 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman; is an excellent plain cook; no objection to do coarse washing; three years' City reference. Apply at No. 383 1st-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW WOMAN, A SITuation as child's nurse; is competent to take care of a baby from its birth; can give good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 346 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a private family as cook, washer and ironer; best City reference. Call at No. 680 2d-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as nurse, who thoroughly understands children from birth. Call at present employers, No. 136 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A WOMAN WHO CAN GIVE good reference for work and character, the washing of gentlemen or families to do at her own house. Apply at No. 123 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to assist with the washing; good City reference. Call at No. 226 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a young girl as nurse or chambermaid; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 588 3d-av., top floor front.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as seamstress; can cut and fit; best City reference. Can be seen until suited at her present employer's, No. 21 West 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young man as coachman and groom; best of City reference. Call or addres R. JOHNSON, No. 109 West 15th-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl to assist in housework and take care of children; make herself useful; willing and obliging. Call at No. 338 West 37th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as nurse and to do light chamberwork; can give good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 419 East 16th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, washing for families at her own home; understands all kinds of fluting, and will go out to do fluting by the day. Call at No. 212 West 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation in a small private family as general servant; with good reference from her last place. Inquire at No. 119 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Canadian girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or to take care of growing children and sew. Call at No. 169 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as seamstress; is willing to assist with upstairs work; has the best of reference from her last place. Call or address No. 219 East 37th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO HOUSEwork in a small private family; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 444 West 32d-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young man; Protestant; has the best of City references. Call on or address COACHMAN, harness store, No. 1,325 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 418 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young girl as chambermaid or plain sewer, or as first-class waitress in a private family. Call at No. 342 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE LAUNdress a situation in a private family; good City reference. Can be seen for two two days at No. 53 West 18th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; good City reference. Call at No. 424 7th-av., between 33d and 34th-sts.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, A SITUAtion; is a first-class dressmaker. Call at No. 351 West 39th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as nurse and seamstress. Call at No. 156 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a private family; best of City reference. Call at No. 128 West 18th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable young man in a private family; one who thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver; will be found willing and obliging; good City reference from his last employer. Call or address T. F. C., 23 East 12th-st., Mr. McNicol's stable.

WANTED—BY AN HONEST, RESPECTAble man, a situation as coachman and gardener; willing to make himself generally useful; good recommendations. For reference apply at No. 4 Dey-st., Office No. 2.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman; thoroughly understands his business; will come highly recommended as a strictly honest, faithful and temperate man; is willing and obliging. Address J., Box No. 196 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family; can be highly recommended; has lived in first-class families, and can produce the best of references. Address J. N., Box No. 216 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a man who understands his business and laying out new places; is of middle age; can milk, take care of horses, and be useful; best reference. Address M. H., Box No. 213 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; six years' reference. Apply at No. 10 West 28th-st., in the harness store.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, a situation as coachman and groom; has four years' excellent City reference from last employer; a splendid opportunity for a gentleman or private family to engage a very temperate, industrious and obliging man; has no objections to Brooklyn or country. Apply at harness store, 29th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., until engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS USEFUL man by a steady, industrious man; is a good groom and careful driver; understands plain gardening, farming, milking and general work on a gentleman's place; is responsible, willing and trustworthy, and will hire for moderate wages. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young man, a situation as coachman in a private family; is a good groom and driver; has thorough knowledge in all its branches; best City reference from his last employer. Call or address W. SWEET, No. 228 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A PROTestant, with one child, a situation as first-class gardener; understands graperies, hot and cold; flowers, fruits and vegetables; can be well recommended from his last place. Address GARDENER, Box No. 199 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGlishman as coachman; understands the care of horses and harness; can milk and is willing to make himself generally useful around a gentleman's place; references. Address H. TAILOR, Box No. 197 Times Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, (PROTestant,) aged 34 years, married, no family, a situation to take charge of a gentleman's farm; first class farmer and gardener; his wife to take charge of dairy and poultry. Address W. B., care of his present employer, Judge NEWTON, No. 74 Wall-st., N. Y.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman or groom in City or country; thoroughly understands the care of fast or family horses; can milk and will be useful in general; can clip if required; two years' City reference from last situation. Address J. H., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCHman as farmer, who will be disengaged by the 1st of November, who has a thorough knowledge of stock and crops as practiced in Scotland; also seven years' practice in this country; wife will take charge of dairy if required. Address or call on R. R., 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY THE 1ST OF November by a first-class coachman, Protestant, married, one child; apartments over a stable preferred; good City references. Address ADVERTISER, No. 225 East 22d-st., Room No. 6.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COLORED young man as waiter in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 139 West 33d-st., on G. D., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant Swiss man; best of reference from his last place. Address G., Box No. 204 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG single man as coachman; well understands the care of horses; can milk and make himself generally useful. Address E. W., Box No. 212 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a single Englishman; can milk and be generally useful; is willing and obliging; City reference. Address JOHN, Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN A SITUAtion as coachman in a private family; has the best City reference; thirteen years with last employer. Address for two days R. P., Box No. 195 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and waiter in a private family; has the best of references. Address C. G., Box No. 217 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a Protestant man; can be highly recommended for honesty and sobriety. Address D. B., Box No. 217 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN WHO thoroughly understands gardening, the care of greenhouse and grapery; no objection to the care of a cow and horse. Address J. H., Box 205 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a thoroughly competent man; will be generally useful; can produce best City reference. Address K., Box No. 220 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family; no objection to the country; is competent and has best City references. Call at No. 44 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, an American, a situation as coachman; good City reference. Inquire at the Union Stable, opposite the Girard Hotel, No. 1,241 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITuation as coachman in the City or country; has good reference from his last place. Address JAMES, Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as waiter; thoroughly understands his business; good references, unmarried, and a Protestant. Address G. G., Box No. 201 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITUation as watchman; can give good security. Address CREAL, Box No. 100 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, of American parents, who has been brought up on a farm; understands driving oxen, plowing, good milker; references required. Address Mr. M. A. B., New-York Post Office, for one week.

ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT AND REspectable parties wanted by an A 1 Life Insurance Company to canvass in New-York and vicinity. Address GENERAL AGENT, Box No. 118 Times Office.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE FOR young children; also a chambermaid and waitress with City reference. Apply at No. 70 West 11th-st., between 9 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE FOR young children; good references required. Apply at No. 34 West 30th-st.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN, 16 TO 18 YEARS, to learn the retail dry goods trade.
LORD & TAYLOR, Grand and Chrystie sts.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID LARGE BAY horse, suitable for a coupe or Victoria. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock, at private stable, No. 232 West 40th-st.

FOR SALE—A CLOSE CARRIAGE, IN GOOD order, made by Lawrence & Co. Can be seen at private stable, No. 18 East 38th-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALBERT H. HOVEY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Albert H. Hovey, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of November, 1869, at 12 M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 44 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 26th day of October, 1869.

oc27law3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMON LANDSBERG, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by Simon Landsberg, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of November, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 26th day of October, 1869. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

oc27-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EPHRAIM H. CUSHMAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaac Dayton, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of assignee of Ephraim H. Cushman, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 18th day of October, 1869.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
oc20-1aw3w* No. 137 Broadway, New-York.

MEDICAL

$20.000 IN GOLD CANNOT PURchase the recipes of Dr. HUNTER'S Remedies, with which he cures old chronic cases of private diseases, such as mercurial or syphilitic rheumatism, ulcers in the throat, nose, or any other part of the human system; secondary, tertiary or hereditary syphilis, gleet, strictures, fistula, impotence. Although he can cure venereal disease, however virulent, he will agree to "make no charge if unsuccessful," but must be insured his fee when he effects the cure. Physicians instructed and supplied as usual. Dr. HUNTER, No. 58 Bond-st., late of and nearly forty years at No. 3 Division-st.

LOSS OF MANHOOD, OR IMPOtence, resulting from the follies of youth, or other cause; young, middle-aged, or even old men, permanently restored to manly vigor. Those afflicted should be careful and find the right place. Dr. LEWIS has given his special attention to the cure of private diseases without mercury for the last forty years in New-York City. Office No. 7 Beach-st.

IRRITABLE BLADDER CAUSED by piles; stricture—its instant curability; frequent identity of symptoms of the two diseases; a lecture to his surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the Scalpel. See No. 46. Inclose 50 cents to Box No. 3,121. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

DR. R. CORBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at 6 City Hall-place.

DR. E. B. FOOTE, AUTHOR OF "Medical Common Sense," may be consulted in person or by letter at his office, No. 120 Lexington-av., corner of East 28th-st. Office hours from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. Consultation free.

RADICAL CURE, WITHOUT KNIFE, caustic or detention from business, for stricture, fistula, piles, diseases of the pelvic viscera, diseases of the eye, nose, face and person. HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., No. 144 Lexington-av.

A CURE FOR COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION.—Dr. WHITE, No. 20 West 28th-st., devotes his attention exclusively to Lung diseases. Consultation free. Hours 10 to 3.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, Oct. 30
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, Nov. 13
ST. LAURENT	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, Nov. 27
LAFAYETTE	ROUSSAU	SATURDAY, Dec. 11

Rates of passage payable in gold, (including wine.) TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.

TO PARIS, including railway ticket, $145 and $78.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Java, Wednesday, Oct. 27	Aleppo, Thursday, Nov. 11
Samaria, Thursday, Oct. 28	China, Wednesday, Nov. 17
Scotia, Wednesday, Nov. 3	Malta, Thursday, Nov. 18
Palmyra, Thursday, Nov. 4	Russia, Wednesday, Nov. 24
Cuba, Wednesday, Nov. 10	Tarifa, Thursday, Nov. 25

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage.
First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold.
First Cabin, to Paris....................$145, gold.

By the Thursday Steamers.
First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BRUSSELS......Saturday, Oct. 30, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, (via Halifax,) Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1 P. M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, Nov. 6, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, Nov. 13, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	43

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE.

Favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers, are intended to sail as follows:

EUROPA.........Oct. 30	IOWA.........Nov. 20
INDIA.........Nov. 6	BRITANNIA.........Nov. 27
CAMBRIA.........Nov. 13	COLUMBIA.........Dec. 4

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

From Pier No. 46 North River. WEDNESDAY.

MINNESOTA,	2,965 tons	Oct. 27, at 10½ A. M.
NEVADA,	3,015 tons	Nov. 3, at 2½ P. M.
COLORADO,	3,015 tons	Nov. 10, at 11 A. M.
NEBRASKA,	3,392 tons	Nov. 17, at 2½ P. M.
MANHATTAN,	2,965 tons	Nov. 24, at 9½ A. M.
IDAHO,	3,132 tons	Dec. 1, at 2 P. M.

CABIN PASSAGE..........(Gold)...$80.
STEERAGE..........(Currency)...$30.

Saloon and State Rooms all on Deck.
Steerage Passage Office, No. 29 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.

DENMARK, FORBES, Saturday, Oct. 30, at 12 M.
VIRGINIA, THOMAS, Saturday, Nov. 6, 7½ A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100 and $80; Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

EAGLE, Captain M. R. GREENE..........Oct. 28
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, (Via Nassau,)..Nov. 4
COLUMBIA, Captain E. VAN SICE..........Nov. 11

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 M.

The splendid new steamers
CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, Wednesday, Nov. 10.
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. DEAKEN, Thursday, Nov. 25.

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MORRO CASTLE, Captain R. ADAMS, THURSDAY, Nov. 4, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President.
No. 5 Bowling-green.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. $140 to $180, according to location of berth. Steerage. $65.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 1ST AND 16TH OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday; then the day previous.

One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

NOV. 1—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Captain MAURY, connecting with MONTANA, Captain FARNSWORTH.

Steamer JAPAN will leave San Francisco Dec. 4 for China and Japan.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

For reduced rates of freight apply on wharf. Freight for steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY received until 4 P. M. on SATURDAY, Oct. 30. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAY,
THURSDAY
AND SATURDAY,

THE STEAMSHIPS

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Captain CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 28, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Captain NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Oct. 30, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Captain FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Oct. 30, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

LEO, Captain DEARBORN, TUESDAY, Nov. 2, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.

Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:

GEO. CROMWELL.......CLAPP....Saturday, Oct. 30
CORTES..................NELSON...Saturday, Nov. 6

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates. For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST—REGULAR LINE.—The popular steamship MINNETONKA, GEO. F. CARPENTER, Commander, will sail THURSDAY, Oct. 28, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 8 North River, foot of Rector-st.

Cabin passage reduced to $15.

Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (Ravenel & Co.) forward all goods free of commission.

ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, No. 73 William-st.

The steamship SARAGOSSA will sail Nov. 4.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—OLD Line—Low freight.—The well-known first-class sidewheel steamship BIENVILLE, J. B. BAKER, Commander, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 30, at 3 P. M. Freight taken at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

The LODONA will follow from Pier No. 20 East River. C. H. MALLORY & CO.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from a multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, and in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

FOR MOBILE

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.

THE FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIP MERCEDITA, Captain STARKEY,

On SATURDAY, Oct. 30, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.

Is now receiving. Has superior passage accommodations.

Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.

Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other line.

For Freight or Passage apply to
J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st.,
or to R. H. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 94 Wall-st.
Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, Jan. 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BOSTON

VIA

FALL RIVER, TOUCHING AT NEWPORT.

The world renowned steamers
BRISTOL AND PROVIDENCE,
Commander BRAYTON, Commander SIMMONS,
will leave (alternate days) DAILY
from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st.,
AT FOUR P. M.

D. C. HALL'S CELEBRATED GOLD BUGLE, BRASS, STRING AND REED BANDS. GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT EVERY EVENING.

This is the only line running a
SUNDAY NIGHT BOAT.

JAMES FISK, Jr., President,
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent,
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent,
Narragansett Steamship Company

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.

Fare always as low as by any other line.

The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River,
at 4 P. M.,
Arriving ahead of all other lines.

Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway.
D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.

One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River EVERY AFTERNOON (Sunday's excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK, AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVES NEW-YORK.	LEAVES RED BANK.
Wednesday, 20...2:30 P. M.	Wednesday, 20.. 7:00 A. M.
Thursday, 21....3:00 P. M.	Thursday, 21,.. 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, 23....9:00 A. M.	Friday, 22.......8:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 26.....7:00 A. M.	Monday, 25.......8:00 A. M.
Wednesday, 27...8:00 A. M.	Tuesday, 26.....11:00 A. M.
Thursday, 28....1:00 P. M.	Wednesday, 27...12:00 M.
Saturday, 30.....2.30 P. M.	Friday, 29.......12:00 M.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, near Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock P. M. Fare only $1 50, being $1 75 less than rail, and 75c. cheaper than any other line, and like reductions to all points Northwest and East. Tickets and rooms at Dodd's Express, Nos. 429 and 944 Broadway, New-York; No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and No. 308 West-st.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN, FOR Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4 P. M. from Pier No. 14 East River, first below Wall-st., touching at 37th-st. at 4:15. Fare to 37th-st. 10c., to all other landings 50c. Barney & Searing's Huntington and Oyster Bay Express on board.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF staterooms, and low fare by Troy Line, for Albany and Troy, on and after TUESDAY, Sept. 28, inst., from Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock.
J. W. HANCOX & SONS.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37 East River at 2:45 o'clock daily, and foot of 37th-st. at 3 P. M.

D. D. & T. SMITH'S STEAMBOAT LINE for Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, and all landings daily, at 3:15 and 3:30 P. M., from Harrison-st., Pier 34 N. R. On Pier. E. LANE, Agent.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND ALL points on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

FOR NEW HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1 25. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Trains leave 30th-st. depot as follows:
6:45 A. M., way train for Albany.
8:00 A. M., Buffalo express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., Northern and Western express, drawing-room cars attached.
11:00 A. M., special Chicago express, through in 29 hours; elegant drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:30 P. M., Pacific express, with sleeping-cars attached; through to Chicago without change, (daily.)
11:00 P. M., night express, sleeping-cars attached.
2:30 P. M., Hudson train.
5:00 P. M., Poughkeepsie train, (Sundays, 9 A. M.)
10:00 A. M., 4:15 and 7 P. M., Peekskill trains.
5:30 and 6 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:30, 7:10, 9, 9:40 and 11:50 A. M., 2, 4:25, 5:10, 7:10 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
J. M. TOUCEY, Superintendent.
Aug. 30, 1869.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS WILL LEAVE depots, foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express trains, at 8 A. M., 10 A. M., 5:30 P. M. and 6:30 P. M., daily. New and improved drawing room coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent sleeping coaches through to Cleveland. Sleeping coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo; the 5:30 P. M. train to Buffalo, and the 6:30 P. M. train to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An emigrant train leaves daily at 8 P. M.

For Port Jervis and Way, 11:30 A. M., daily, stopping at all stations; and 4:30 P. M., Orange County Express, connecting for Warwick, Shawangunk and Unionville.

For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M.
For Greycourt and Way, at 8:30 A. M., daily.
For Newburg and Way, at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M.
For Suffern and Way, at 5 P. M. and 6 P. M. Theatre train, at 11:30 P. M.
For Paterson and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 6:30 A. M., 10 A. M., 12 M., 1:30 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5 P. M. and 6:30 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 10:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.
For Hackensack and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:30 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.
For Piermont, Monsey and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., *6:30 P. M. and Saturdays only *12 midnight. From Chambers-st. Depot at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 5:15 P. M., *6:30 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight.

Tickets for passage and for apartments in drawing-room and sleeping coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; Depots foot of Chambers-st., and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City, and of the agents at the principal hotels.

* To Piermont only.

L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Winter Arrangement.—On and after Oct. 25 the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand-st. Ferries as follows: 8:45 A. M., mail and passenger for Patchogue; 10 A. M., for Merrick; 3:30 P. M., express to Patchogue; 4:30 P. M., accommodation for Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue; 6:30 P. M., for Merrick, on Saturdays through to Babylon. All trains connect at Valley Stream, except the Merrick late and early trains.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains will leave New-York by the Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., as follows: At 9 A. M., 1, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:30 P. M., and at 12, midnight, on Saturdays. The 9:15 A. M. and 1, 4:15 and 5:15 P. M. trains run through to Monsey.

THE CREAMER SAFETY BRAKE is the most valuable safeguard ever attached to railway trains. It is in use on thousands of cars, and its value proved in hundreds of incontestable demonstrations.

It is now in use on all the lines between New-York, Chicago, St. Louis and St. Paul, via New-York Central and Lake Shore.
WM. G. CREAMER & SON,
No. 19 Platt-st., New-York.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—The fine side-wheel steamboat STAMFORD is in good order and ready for business. Apply at the office of the Bridgeport Steamboat Company, Pier No. 35 East River.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

CALISTOGA COGNAC.

This pure
BRANDY
is now offered to the trade and consumers in quantities to suit the demand. It is highly recommended for its strict purity and delicacy of flavor, being manufactured from the product of selected grapes, and thoroughly refined. The trade and the public are invited to inspect it.
S. BRANNAN & CO.,
Sole Agents, No. 66 Broad-st.,
New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Classical, Commercial, English, French and German, No. 40 Washington-square, (south,) GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal. Fits pupils of all ages for Business or College on reasonable terms.

For references, terms, &c., see circulars to be had at the Institute, which parents are invited to visit.

Students admitted at any time to the classes for which they are prepared. Extra branches optional.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

NOS. 212 AND 214 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., reopens in its Classical, French, English and Primary departments on MONDAY, Sept. 6. The Gymnasium on MONDAY, Oct. 4.

GARDNER INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
NO. 34 WEST 32D-ST.
Rev. DR. GARDNER, } Principals.
Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, }

BOOKKEEPING, WRITING, &c., for business. Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, give private lessons and prepare gentlemen or boys practically for business. Cheap evening class, $5.

DR. F. BERTHET'S FRENCH, English and Classical School commences its fifteenth year on Sept. 20, at 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. Circulars at Lockwood's, 812 Broadway.

"HOME CLASS."

A lady fully qualified, (and at present engaged in one of the first institutes in this City,) intending to form a home class on the 2d of November next, for the study of literature and history, is desirous of obtaining a few more pupils. Unexceptionable references given. Applicants will please address M., Box No. 268 New-York Post Office.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 277 Madison-av., south-east corner of 40th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 21. Letters addressed as above will receive immediate attention. Mrs. MACAULAY will be in town from the 8th of September.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 333 4th-av.—106th year.

English, classical and primary departments; French, German, Drawing; pupils prepared for any college in the country; charge from the date of entrance; corps of thorough teachers. B. H. CAMPBELL, A. B., Principal.

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Nos. 6 and 10 East 46th-st., N. Y., will reopen Oct. 8, 1869. For full information send for circular. Address as above.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S

French and English Boarding and Day School
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 25 East 21st-st.
Was reopened on Tuesday, Sept. 21.
Address, personally or by letter, as above.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'

Boarding and Day School, No. 56 West 11th-st., reopened Sept. 20. The class for boys under 12, connected with this school, reopened same date, at No. 68 West 11th-st. Circulars can be had at Lockwood's, Scribner's and at No. 56 West 11th-st.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 101 East 38th-st., corner of Park-av., Murray Hill, will commence its sixth year the 22d September. Circulars sent on request.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

NORWALK, CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, PRINCIPAL.
The Winter session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 3d of November.

MISS WALSH'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 32 East 28th-st., near Madison-av., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE AND CLAVERACK COLLEGE offers a four years' collegiate course for ladies. Graduates receive the baccalaureate degree. A three years' seminary course for ladies and gentlemen. The best college preparation for young men. Board and tuition in the entire course $300 a year. Address Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Claverack, N. Y.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE, a boarding and day school for young gentlemen, No. 58 Park-av., between 37th and 38th sts., Rev. Joseph D. Hull, Principal, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

Circulars, with full information, sent on application.

WEST BRANCH BOARDING SCHOOL for boys, Jersey shore, Lycoming County, Penn., reopens Sept. 8. Parents and guardians cannot find a more healthy location, with thorough preparation for business or college, and every home comfort. $200 per year. For circulars address
F. DONLEAVY LONG, A. M., Principal.

HOME INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—Young ladies can pursue a thorough course of instruction in English and French, and enjoy the care and comfort of home. Address Miss M. W. METCALF.

MISS WARREN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS in Trenor's Lyric Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., will reopen Sept. 13. English and French taught. Parents wishing a good school for boys under 14 will do well to call.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S SCHOOL FOR Boys will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15 at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st. Circulars at the book store of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 911 Broadway, and at the School. Three boarders will be received.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS" NOW open. Boarding and Day School for girls, 66 W. 36th-st. Boys' School connected with Prof. Farrand's, No. 1,400 Broadway, corner 39th-st. For admission to either apply to Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 66 W. 36th-st.

PREPARATORY FRENCH AND ENGLISH day school for little boys. Mrs. PARROTT, assisted by professors, continues to receive her pupils at No. 50 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. Circulars at Lockwood's.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF NEW-YORK University, Washington-square, East, (Classical, Commercial, Primary,) fits for college, business, Naval Academy, West Point.

MRS. PARKS & MRS. BENEDICT'S English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 153 Madison-av., corner 32d-st., reopens Sept. 23. For circulars apply as above.

ADDRESS REV. T. HANLON, D. D., Pennington, N. J., for details of first-class boarding school. Total cost per year, $410. Pupils received at any time.

MRS. J. J. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their Day School for young ladies, No. 148 Madison-av., one door below 32d-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

AT $2 50—WRITING, TWENTY-FOUR LESSONS; Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Spelling, German, French, $5 each. PAINE'S Business College, No. 62 Bowery, corner Canal-st., day and evening.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE, with Gymnasium and Kindergarten. Reopening TUESDAY, Sept. 14. GERCKE & KOESSLY, 23d-st., near 9th-av.

MRS. PRINCE AND MISS LYON'S French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 204 West 24th-st., will open Sept. 14, 1869. Apply for circulars to above address.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

J. H. MORSE'S ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical School for boys, No. 638 6th-av., near 37th-st., reopens MONDAY, Oct. 4. For circulars apply to J. H. MORSE, A. M., 163 East 83d-st.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Bridgeport, Conn.—For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

SOUTH ORANGE PRIORY, N. J.—French and English boarding and day school. Address Miss GALE.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 203 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 20.

AARON RAND'S CLASSICAL FRENCH and English School reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 14, No. 1,267 Broadway.

MISS M. C. ARBUCKLE'S SELECT class for little girls, now open at No. 260 West 36th-st.

LEGGETT, WM. H.—SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,214 Broadway, next to 30th-st. SEPT. 20.

LEGGETT, MISS M. W.—SCHOOL FOR children, No. 224 East 10th-st., Sept. 20.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI'S SCHOOL, NO. 40 Irving-place, reopened Sept. 21.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. Willis, Ph. D.

TEACHERS.

A GRADUATE OF WILLIAMS COLLEGE, a thorough mathematician, desires a situation as teacher. Address R. P. B., Box No. 1,022 Post Office.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, and an experienced teacher, desires a few additional pupils in German. Address Dr. O., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

AN ENGLISH LADY WITH SEVERAL years' experience in teaching English, French, German and music, desires a reëngagement. Address C. D., care of G. Merritt, Esq., Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A TEACHER of music and French, for a time, in a boarding school in the country. Apply personally or by letter to T. MCALLISTER, No. 49 Nassau-st.

MALE GERMAN TEACHER WANTED for young German boys, from 2 to 3 o'clock, twice a week. Apply at No. 128 East 24th-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

OFFICE OF MORTON, BLISS & CO., New-York, Oct. 1, 1869.—Mr. WALTER H. BURNS retires this day from our New-York and London firms.
MORTON, BLISS & CO.

Mr. WALTER WATSON (late Agent for the Bank of British North America, New-York,) is this day admitted a partner in our firm.
MORTON, BLISS & CO.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1869.

BARTHOLOMEW HOUSE BANK, }
LONDON, Oct. 1, 1869. }

The Hon. JOHN ROSE (late Minister of Finance for the Dominion of Canada) joins our firm this day, which will be continued under the style of MORTON, ROSE & CO.
L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

FIFTH-AV., NO. [illegible], NEAR 23D-ST.—An entire second floor to rent, with unexceptionable board, consisting of six communicating rooms, with bath, handsomely furnished; those desiring all the accessories of an elegant house can be suited in every particular; best reference given and required. Private stable to rent on premises for six months or year.

A YOUNG LADY OF UNDOUBTED respectability wishes the protection of a family going South for the Winter, leaving in November; in compensation for expenses and board she will instruct in the English branches, French and music; can present the highest testimonials. Address F. M., Box No. 131 *Times* Office, New-York, for one week.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO OBTAIN board for himself and widowed sister during the Winter in a desirable location, between Lexington and 7th avs., 23d-st. and Central Park, with a small and respectable private family; unexceptionable references given and required. Address immediately J. D. M., Box No. 4,381.

A FAMILY OF ADULTS WOULD like to rent their second-floor room with board; the room is large, handsome and well furnished; ample closets and every convenience. Terms, to a permanent party, $28 per week, fire and gas included. Location pleasant and central. Address J. W. M., Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

ROOMS—5TH-AV. AND 8TH-ST., OPPOSITE Brevoort House; a few rooms, including one elegant suite on parlor floor and one on second floor, may be had; none need apply save those desiring superior accommodations in most eligible locations and able to give first-class references. Apply at No. 77 Clinton-place, (8th-st.,) first door west of 5th-av.

A LADY WISHES A HOME IN A PRIVATE family, where she can give lessons in drawing and painting, or in music, as an equivalent; she refers to Dr. Rimmer, Director of the School of Design, Cooper Institute. Address S. G. B., Station D., for ten days.

THE ELEGANT RESIDENCE NO. 165 Madison-av., has been rented as a first-class boarding house; the entire parlor and second floors to rent with or without private table; three rooms on fourth floor for gentlemen; best of reference given and required.

WANTED—BY THREE GENTLEMEN, IN a private family, with board, a room with a single and a double bed and a sitting room adjoining, between 12th and 34th sts. and 3d and 7th avs. Address, stating location and terms, which must be moderate, M. R. H., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

NO. 3 NORTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE, between University-place and 5th-av., (the best location in the City,) offers to families and gentlemen the most elegantly furnished and handsomest rooms, comprising all modern improvements, with table and appointment; strictly first class.

TO LET—IN 25TH-ST., TO A FAMILY OR party of gentlemen, handsomely furnished apartments, with private table, or without board. For address inquire at RUSHTON'S, corner 25th-st. and Broadway.

A LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED front room, with chandelier, to gentleman and wife; also, two connecting rooms on third floor, all modern improvements, at No. 50 East 29th-st. Only carpeted if preferred.

NO. 336 6TH-AV., NEAR 21ST-ST., east side.—To let, to a respectable family, parlors on first floor and rooms on second and third floors, with kitchen, range, bath, gas, &c. Rent moderate; possession immediately.

A PARLOR AND SLEEPING ROOM, newly furnished, to let, with board, to first-class parties; also, room suitable for two single gentlemen. Apply at No. 21 West 18th-st.
MRS. M. M. BRAINARD.

A WIDOW LADY WITH AMPLE means, wishes to hire the entire second floor of a house in a good neighborhood, with board for herself and maid only. Address by letter J. C. J., No. 36 Howard-st.

NORTHEAST CORNER OF 13TH-ST. AND 7TH-AV.—Desirable furnished rooms en suite or otherwise, with first-class board; families or gentlemen.

EIGHTEENTH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Gentlemen accommodated with board; rooms handsomely furnished; table unexceptionable. Apply at Everett Library, No. 72 West 34th-st.

TWO FRONT PARLORS, ON SECOND and third floors, furnished, with board, for gentlemen and wives or single gentlemen, at No. 215 East 10th-st., short distance from Broadway.

A FRONT PARLOR AND TWO CONNECTING bedrooms, also other rooms, with first-class board, in brown-stone house No. 235 West 38th-st., one block from Broadway.

NO. 53 WEST 15TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—Desirable furnished rooms on first and second floors, with first-class board; families or gentlemen.

NO. 22 WEST 9TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Fine rooms en suite or otherwise, with superior table and attendance, at moderate rates to first-class parties.

NO. 139 LEXINGTON-AV., BETWEEN 28th and 29th sts.—Two pleasant large rooms on second floor to let with board; small family; references exchanged.

NO. 33 WEST 31ST-ST.—LARGE AND desirable rooms, with private table, to a family or small party of adults, who are willing to pay for a pleasant home.

A.—PARK-AVENUE HOTEL—PARK-AV., 41st and 42d sts., new and magnificently furnished rooms, in suites or singly, at liberal rates for permanent parties. Madison-av. stage to Park-av.

BOARD—ONLY $20 PER WEEK FOR FRONT room and alcove on the first floor, with fire, gas, &c., thrown in, in a house with all the modern improvements and quiet family, at 428 Pacific-st., Brooklyn.

NO. 44 WEST 23D-ST.—DESIRABLE rooms to let, with first-class board; also reception room, suitable for a physician. References required.

NO. 134 WEST 34TH-ST., NEAR Broadway.—Handsomely furnished rooms with first-class board.

NO. 143 WEST 15TH-ST. — SECOND story furnished room to let to one or two gentlemen, without board.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A nicely furnished room. Inquire at No. 112 East 17th-st.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with board, at No. 50 West 24th-st.; table and attendance first class. References exchanged.

NO. 159 WEST 15TH-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, without board, to gentlemen only; family strictly private. Reference given and required.

NO. 349 5TH-ST., BETWEEN NORTH 6th and North 7th sts., Williamsburg. A respectable person has board for two ladies.

AT NO. 271 WEST 11TH-ST.—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms, en suite or singly, with excellent board for families or single gentlemen; references.

NO. 13 WASHINGTON-PLACE, FIVE doors from New-York Hotel.—To let, a handsome suite of rooms on third floor, with or without board.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 297, NEAR 31ST-ST.—A suite of four communicating rooms, with bath-room, to let, with private table; references required.

HALL BEDROOM TO LET TO A gentleman, without board. Call at No. 100 East 29th-st., corner of 4th-av.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ROOMS WITHOUT board to gentlemen only. Apply at No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST., ONE DOOR from 5th-av., fine suite of rooms to let, "with private table only," to a small family.

TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN, A FURNISHED room with gas and fireplace. Apply at No. 730 3d-av.

ROOMS, WITH GOOD BOARD, IN A New-England family, near Madison-av. No. 28 East 28th-st.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN FURNISHED rooms in the house of a private family, No. 98 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

NO. 9 WEST 21ST-ST.—ELEGANTLY furnished rooms to let in suits or floors, with or without private table; also two single rooms.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST-ST.—HANDSOME rooms, en suite or singly, with board; references exchanged.

HANDSOME ROOM, ALL CONVENIENCES, with board, in a private family; also, a hall room. Apply at No. 216 West 15th-st.

NO. 36 WEST 10TH-ST.—HANDSOME rooms, furnished with excellent table, can be had for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

FIRST-CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD for gentlemen, at No. 97 Clinton-place; bed and sitting room on second floor.

A SUITE OF ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR, also a back parlor, with first-class board, can now be secured at 20 West 33d-st.; private table if desired.

NO. 29 WEST 26TH-ST.—ROOM TO let with board, to one or two gentlemen. References exchanged.

NO. 29 WEST 18TH-ST.—TWO LARGE well furnished rooms, with board, may be had by a gentleman and wife.

COUNTRY BOARD.

FALL AND WINTER BOARD IN THE country.—Two gentlemen and wives, or four ladies, can find a pleasant home on a farm; terms, fuel and light, $7 per week. Address H. E., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TWO DOUBLE GLUE KETTLES FOR sale; capacity about 80 gallons each. To be seen at No. 304 Pearl-st., up stairs.

CHLORODYNE.

The most wonderful remedy ever discovered. Caution and advice to invalids: Beware of spurious imitations of

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, the original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, CRAMP, NEURALGIA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered.

To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp, with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65c., $1 40 and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New-York—J. ASPINWALL, William-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 192 Fulton-st.

HEATING.—CULVERS & SIMONDS' IMPROVED hot air hot water furnaces, the best, cheapest and most thoroughly tested in use. Registers and ventilators manufactured, put up and warranted by SIMONDS MFG. CO., successors to CULVER, SIMONDS & CO., No. 52 Cliff-st., N.Y. Established 1845.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL THOUSAND YARDS of stone, suitable for filling bulkheads, &c., delivered on pier near Harlem Railroad bridge. Inquire of CHURCH E. GATES & CO., lumber dealers, Mott Haven, Westchester County, N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.—FAUST.

TO-NIGHT, GRAND GERMAN OPERA.

Manager, H. Grau.....Musical Director, C. Anschutz.

The Manager respectfully announces, before his departure for Philadelphia and principal cities, FOUR NIGHTS OF GRAND GERMAN OPERA, commencing THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Oct. 27, with Gounod's FAUST.

MARIE FRIEDERICI, in her original role of MARGUERITE.

FRANZ HIMMER, in his renowned role of FAUST, and JOSEF HERMANNS, in his creation of MEPHISTOPHELES, together with the entire strength of the Company. FULL CHORUS and ORCHESTRA, under the direction of CARL ANSCHUTZ. Admission, $1; reserved seats in orchestra and private boxes, 50 cents extra; dress circle, 50 cents; family circle, 30 cents; proscenium boxes, $10. Seats secured THIS MORNING at Schirmer's No. 701, Theatre Ticket Office No. 114 Broadway and Theatre Francais. Thursday, "Martha;" Friday, "The Magic Flute;" Saturday—last night, "Robert le Diable."

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
SEASON OF 1869-1870.
OPENING NIGHT,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 3.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Subscriptions for the First Series will be for TWENTY NIGHTS.

The Regular Opera Nights will be MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

PRICES AS USUAL.

BOX BOOK FOR SUBSCRIPTION NOW OPEN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MONDAY NEXT.

TALENT, VARIETY, REFINEMENT.

Benefit Ladies' Aid Society, German Hospital. Mace the Artiste, Taylor the Comedian, Tony Pastor, Joseph Emmett, Leopold and Geraldine, Leggett and Allen, Hutchinson, Abner S. Brady, Sedgwick, will all appear. Living Statues, Delineations of Character, Popular Songs, Foreign Personations, Aerial Performances, Double Dance. Seats for this choicest of performances at Academy now. Particulars in Sunday papers.

WOOD'S MUSEUM, successor to BARNUM'S, Broadway, corner 30th-st.

OPEN EVERY DAY from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
LAST DAYS OF CHANG AND WIFE.
Grand Collection of Wonders and Curiosities.
Matinee EVERY DAY at 2. THE DRUNKARD.
At 8 Every Evening, FLICK FLOCK, Rita Sangalli.
Saturday next, SANGALLI. Flick Flock Matinee.

MEETINGS.

FRENCH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the members of the French Benevolent Society for the election of the officers for the ensuing year, will take place on FRIDAY, the 29th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., at Delmonico's, corner 14th-st. and 5th-av.
C. FRANCOIS,
Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CANVASSERS OF ELECTION.

IN BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, Sept. 18, 1869.

Resolved, That the County of New-York be and is hereby divided for the next election into twelve return districts, viz.:

First District—First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Henry Smith, at New Court-house.

Second District—Fourth and Sixth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Walter Roche, No. 514 Pearl-street.

Third District—Seventh and Thirteenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor William M. Tweed, No. 197 Henry-street.

Fourth District—Tenth and Fourteenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor James Hayes, No. 206 Elm-street.

Fifth District—Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Gerson N. Herrman, No. 297 East Tenth-street.

Sixth District—Eighth and Ninth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Andrew Bleakley, New Court-house.

Seventh District—Fifteenth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor Orison Blunt, No. 118 Ninth-street.

Eighth District—Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Isaac J. Oliver, No. 234 West Thirty-eighth-street.

Ninth District—Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Andreas Willmann, No. 207 East Twenty-first street.

Tenth District—Twenty-second Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor John Brice, No. 422 West Thirty-third-street.

Eleventh District—Twelfth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor Smith Ely, Jr., No. 103 Gold-street.

Twelfth District—Nineteenth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor John Fox, New Court-house.

—and that the Chairman of each Board of Canvassers of the several election districts in each return district shall return the original statements, together with a copy of the poll-list at the General Election to be held in November, and deliver the same to the Supervisor who is herein designated for receiving the same.

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors Sept. 17, 1869.
Approved by the Mayor Sept. 18, 1869.
JOSEPH B. YOUNG, Clerk.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Commissioners of the Central Park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York relative to opening Seventieth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Tenth-avenue, in the City of New-York.

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing duly verified, to William H. Tracy, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in this City, on or before the twenty-seventh day of October, 1869, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said twenty-seventh day of October, 1869, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 2 o'clock P. M.

That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the eighth day of November, 1869.

That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, lying and being on Seventieth-street, in the City of New-York, between the Eighth-avenue and a point distant four hundred feet westerly from the westerly side of Tenth-avenue, and extending on either side of Seventieth-street half the distance to the next street thereto; and

That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the seventeenth day of November, 1869, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1869.
WILLIAM H. TRACY, }
J. TOWNSEND CONNOLLY, } Commissioners.
J. J. MARRIN, }

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For building sewer in Tenth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first-streets, with branches in Sixtieth and Sixty-first-streets.

Second—For laying Belgian pavement in Thomas-street, from Church to Hudson-street.

Third—For laying Belgian pavement in One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.

Fourth—For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones and flagging Sixty-sixth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

Fifth—For flagging Morton-street, from Washington to West-street.

Sixth—For setting curb and gutter stones in Fifty sixth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Tenth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first streets, and both sides of Sixtieth and Sixty-first streets, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Second—Both sides of Thomas-street, between Church and Hudson streets, and the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block.

Third—Both sides One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block.

Fourth—Both sides of Sixty-sixth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues, and the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block.

Fifth—The southerly side of Morton-street, between Washington and West streets.

Sixth—Both sides of Fifty-sixth-street, between Third and Sixth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Emanuel B. Hart, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chatham-street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

EMANUEL B. HART,
RICHARD TWEED,
THOMAS B. ASTEN,
RICHARD M. HENRY,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York relative to the widening and straightening of Broadway, between Thirty-fourth-street and Fifty-ninth-street; and also the making of that part of Broadway, between Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth streets, and that part between Forty-second and Forty-seventh streets, of a greater width than one hundred feet, in the City of New-York.—Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice that, in compliance with the act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act to alter the map or plan of the City of New-York, and to carry the alterations into effect," passed May 17, 1869, three-fifths being present, they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held before the Honorable Albert Cardozo, Justice, in Room No. 13, second story, in the new Court House, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of November, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the widening of Broadway to the width of one hundred feet, and the straightening of the same, between Thirty-fourth-street and Fifty-ninth-street, and also the making of that part of Broadway between Thirty-second-street and Thirty-fifth-street, and between Forty-second-street and Forty-seventh-street, of a greater width than one hundred feet, in the City of New-York, in the manner provided by said act of said Legislature.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—PURSUANT to an order of Hon. William H. Onderdonk, Surrogate of the County of Queens, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM B. MILES, late of the town of North Hempstead, in the said County of Queens, deceased, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the place of business of William A. Miles, No. 59 Chrystie-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of January next.—Dated JUNE 12, 1869.
MARTHA M. MILES, Executrix.
WILLIAM A. MILES, }
CHARLES H. BAILEY, } Executors.
1a16-law6mW*

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
SIXTH WEEK
of the engagement of
MISS BATEMAN,
who will appear for the first time in this country on THIS, and every evening EXCEPT Saturday, as
MARY WARNER,
in the domestic drama of that name, and written expressly for her by Mr. TOM TAYLOR.
Supported by
Mr. GEORGE JORDAN,
Miss VIRGINIA FRANCIS,
Mr. THEO. HAMILTON.

MARY WARNER MATINEE ON SATURDAY at 2.

SATURDAY EVENING,
ENOCH ARDEN,
with Miss FANNY MORANT, Miss BLANCHE DE BAR, and Mr. THEO. HAMILTON.

NOTICE.—In order to accommodate those residing in the suburbs and adjacent cities the box sheet for MARY WARNER will be opened TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE at the box office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

Parties can address the box office of the theatre, inclosing the amount, and can rely on having the best disengaged seats reserved for them.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

Under the management of AUGUSTIN DALY.
A WEEK WITH SHAKESPEARE and CIBBER.
WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
for the first time in 11 years,
Colley Cibber's brilliant old Comedy,
entitled
SHE WOULD AND SHE WOULD NOT.

To be given, after careful rehearsals, with Rich and New Scenery, Costumes and Mountings, and cast with Mrs. SCOTT-SIDDONS, Miss AGNES ETHEL, Miss FANNY DAVENPORT, Miss MARIE LONGMORE, Mr. GEO. CLARKE, Mr. D. H. HARKINS, Mr. W. DAVIDGE, Mr. GEORGE HOLLAND and Mr. JAMES LEWIS in the principal parts.

Box sheet now open.

TAMMANY.—TO-MORROW, TO-MORROW, TO-MORROW (Thursday) NIGHT. Great performance at the Tammany TO-MORROW (Thursday) NIGHT. Immense programme. Secure your seats.

No performance will be given to-night, as the Grand Theatre is taken for the Ratification Meeting.

MR. DE CORDOVA'S

ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES
AT STEINWAY HALL.
"OUR NEW CLERGYMAN,"
THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 28.
WHIFFIN vs. SNIFFIN,
A BREACH OF PROMISE OF MARRIAGE,
MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 1.

Reserved seats can be had at Steinway Hall and at the theatre ticket offices.

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NO. 585 BROADWAY.
Glorious reception. Hundreds turned away.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD and BACKUS,
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
WITH NEW FACES,
NEW DECORATIONS,
NEW SONGS,
NEW DANCES,
NEW ACTS, NEW MUSIC, &c.

NEW-YORK PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY—ORCHESTRA OF 100.—Herr CARL BERGMANN, Conductor—At the ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Miss ALIDE TOPP, Mrs. SCOTT-SIDDONS, Herr OLE BULL, Herr CARL ROSA, Mr. S. B. MILLS, Herr F. BERGNER and the ARION SOCIETY, will assist during the twenty-eighth season. Tickets for the six concerts and eighteen rehearsals may be procured at the principal music stores, and at Messrs. Seymour, Kennard & Hay's, No. 89 Liberty-st., and at the Theatre Ticket Office, No. 114 Broadway. Associate members' tickets, $10. Boxes in the body of the house will be offered to associate members for all the concerts and rehearsals on presentation of their tickets at the Academy of Music, Saturday, Nov. 6, at 9 A. M. Price $20 per box. Proscenium boxes will be sold at No. 70 Union-place on and after Oct. 30. Large boxes, $100; small boxes, $50, exclusive of tickets of admission.
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., President.
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AT 75 CENTS, $1, $1 50, $2, $2 50, AND $3.
WE HAVE GOOD CORSETS
AT 50 AND 65 CENTS.

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EVERYTHING NEW.

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No. 6 Brevoort-place, (10th-st., near Broadway,) Will open her latest importation of Paris millinery for the Winter season on THURSDAY, 28th inst. No cards.

1870.—STYLES OF SWISS LACE CURTAINS received in advance at KELTY'S CURTAIN STORE, Broadway, near Grand-st. Also a complete assortment of Nottingham and all other curtains, furniture and slip coverings, at wholesale or retail, at low prices.

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MME. S. COURTEILLE, AT NO. 1½ Clinton-place, does dressmaking in the most fashionable style. Good fitting, prompt execution and moderate prices warranted. She keeps also a choice assortment of Parisian lingerie.

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UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM.
EDMUND FALCONER
in his new successful Irish Military Drama,
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Founded on Lever's Popular Romance,
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EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.
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Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 P. M.
CONTINUED NOVELTY AND VARIETY.
THIS WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, (fourteenth time,) THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
THURSDAY, Oct. 28, (fourth time,) CASTE.
FRIDAY, Oct. 29, (third time,) THE HEIR AT LAW.
SATURDAY, Oct. 30, (fifth time,) AN UNEQUAL MATCH.
In rehearsal, Tom Taylor's sterling comedy of STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.
A NEW COMEDY, by the author of CASTE, is in course of preparation.
DUE NOTICE will be given of the first appearance of
Mr. LESTER WALLACK,
who will appear, during his engagement, in
TWO ORIGINAL CHARACTERS,
in addition to several of his well-known and favorite impersonations.
Box Office open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

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Lessees and Managers.......JARRETT & PALMER
LAST NIGHT BUT THREE OF
LUCILLE WESTERN
in C. W. Tayleure's adaptation of
EAST LYNNE.
FRIDAY, BENEFIT of LUCILLE WESTERN.
SATURDAY, EAST LYNNE MATINEE.
SATURDAY EVENING, OLIVER TWIST.
Monday, Nov. 1, 1869,
LOTTA.

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TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
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LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
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LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
NOTWITHSTANDING SUCCESS,
LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
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THE MAMMOTH CIRCUS TROUPE
IN BRILLIANT AND VARIED
SCENES OF EQUESTRIANISM
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Admission 50 cents; children under 10, 25 cents. To reserved seats, 75 cents.

LAST WEEK OF THE

AMERICAN INSTITUTE EXHIBITION.

WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE SATURDAY, Oct. 30.
OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.,
On 3d-av., corner 63d-st., near Central Park.
THE MACHINERY IN MOTION
is a grand display. The Exhibition is enlivened WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, and EVERY EVENING by a FINE ORCHESTRA. Refreshments of the best kind at moderate prices in the building. Single admission, 50 cents; children under twelve years, 25 cents. Packages of 25 tickets for shops at 30 cents each. Entrances on 2d and 3d avs. HOW TO GET TO THE FAIR—The 2d and 3d avs. and Belt Line Railroads, with extra cars running, intersecting all the other avenue railroads and ferries, afford ample, cheap, and direct means of access; also in carriages from Central Park by 62d-st.

CARD.—THE HANLON BROTHERS HAVE the honor to announce to the New-York public that they will make their first united appearance in five years on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 1, at one of the principal theatres. They have the further honor to inform the public that they have been during eight months past devoting themselves exclusively to inventing and perfecting several new feats of the gymnasium, and chiefly to one especial performance, to which they have brought their entire combined skill and experience, and which, they confidently assert, is entirely unequaled in all history of either ancient or modern athletic exploits. To this end they secured early in the Spring the Equine Gymnasium of Mr. Easton Stone, at Passaic Bridge, where great space, entire privacy and continued good health have enabled them to achieve that which they sought.

The HANLONS trust to renew the pleasurable memories which a long career of uninterrupted success has always given them of the American public, and to carry still further their fame for excellence in their profession.

Gratefully,
WILLIAM HANLON,
GEORGE HANLON,
ALFRED HANLON,
FREDERICK HANLON,
and the boys
VICTOR, FRANCIS and JULIAN HANLON.

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INSTRUCTION DAILY, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music and the Modern Languages.

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TERMS—REGULAR CLASSES, $10 per quarter.
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FREE ELEMENTARY CLASSES, designed especially for pupils who are deficient in the rudiments of music.

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WARREN WARD & CO.,
Spring-st., corner of Crosby.

SOCIAL SCIENCE.

Meeting of the American Association.

ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT.

Interesting Papers Read—Contested Election Cases—The Public Charities of New-York—The Public Libraries of the United States.

The American Social Science Association, established in 1865, and having for its object "the scientific discussion and practical treatment of all questions relating to education, public health, economy and jurisprudence," commenced its session in this City yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Historical Society in Second-avenue. This is the eighth general meeting of the Association, and the second held in this City. The previous meetings have been held in Boston, (three,) in Albany, in New-Haven, in Hartford, and one in New-York.

The opening session yesterday afternoon was well attended by an intelligent audience of ladies and gentlemen, among whom were GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, Professor JOY, of Columbia College, J. G. BARNARD, of Boston, Rev. Dr. FROTHINGHAM, D. D. FIELD, Esq., HENRY HOLT, and many other prominent gentlemen.

OPENING ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Dr. S. ELIOT, President of the Association, opened the meeting by an address of considerable length, in which he gave a detailed statement of the origin and objects of the Association, its organization and mode of operations, together with a summary of what it had already accomplished. He said he took pleasure in comparing the condition of the Association at present with that in which it first presented itself in New-York two years ago. It had now what it did not have then—the strength of numbers and the maturity of labors, not only promised but performed. The President would not take up time in defining social science, which, however objectionable the name might be in some respects, is now sufficiently understood. The work of the Association was, first, social, in that it aimed to promote the well-being of society; and, second, scientific, in that it based its effects upon thought and method. This scientific character of the Association is, or ought to be, its distinction from other organizations which make social progress a matter of intuition or impulse, rather than of careful and sustained system. One chief function of the Association is to bring men together. The two great classes of earnest workers, those to whom ends are everything, and those to whom means are everything, may be reconciled in such an organization as this. It asks of them to yield nothing essential to their individuality, but to make their separate impulses converge toward a common object. The President then touched upon the work actually before the Association. He stated that a pamphlet concerning the courses at the University of Berlin was to be issued immediately as a contribution to University education in the United States. Another pamphlet would probably go to press before the end of the current year, containing a simple body of rules for the organization and administration of Public Libraries, together with a catalogue of a few thousand volumes adapted for general use, particularly in communities now without a public library. A third publication will follow soon, being the next number of the Journal of the Association, containing papers read at this meeting, with other articles upon matters of social interest. The coming Winter will be fully occupied with carrying various other projects into execution, particularly the preparation of a *Handbook for Emigrants* to this country, with the design of aiding them in finding suitable occupations and settlements. More important, still to the Association, as to the nation, is the reform of the Civil and Foreign Service, for which this body has already done something, and for which it hopes to do something more, identifying itself, as far as possible, with a cause on which not only the political but the social and moral welfare of our people may be said to depend. On the subject of the Civil Service of the country, the Convention had already done much good, and hoped to do much more. The Civil Service, as it was called, of this Republic, was a public burden and a disgrace. It reminded him of the man who discharged an old servant of thirty years' standing, and when asked why he did so, replied that for the first ten years the man was a good servant, for the next ten he was a tolerable friend, but for the last ten he was the hardest master that a man ever had. So was it with the Civil Service of the United States. In the early history of the Republic it was indeed a "Service," but at the present day it was neither an honor, a hope, nor a reliance, but a public burden and a shame. For these and other purposes the Association needs to enlarge its borders, and that this might be the immediate result of the New-York meeting, was dwelt upon in conclusion.

At the conclusion of his address Dr. ELIOT said that owing to the death of the wife of Professor GILMAN, of Yale College, who was to have read the first paper on "Industrial Schools," there would be a break in the programme, which he hoped would be the only one during the sessions. In place of Professor GILMAN's essay a paper furnished by Congressman DAWES, of Massachusetts, would be first read by Dr. WINES, Mr. DAWES not being able to attend.

PROCEDURE IN CONTESTED ELECTION CASES.

Dr. WINES then proceeded to read the paper of Hon. H. L. DAWES, of which the following is an abstract:

The Constitution of the United States makes each House of Congress the supreme judge of elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. There can therefore be no law prescribing a binding mode of procedure in contested elections, and no probability of uniformity in such cases as they arise. This power has no analogy. It concludes the power of determining the political character of each House and the fate of measures and of administrations, and, it may be, of the Government itself. The framers of the Constitution were obliged to vest this power in Congress. No other Department is so constituted that it could discharge this duty; and to have given it to any outside Court would have been to create an element more powerful and prone to destroy than to preserve; one which would be exposed to every influence and partake of every weakness which could be imputed to Congress, and which would be essentially the same. If it were appointed it would be absolute and could dictate to all the other Departments. This was not the result of chance, and the only wonder is that it has been the cause of so little mischief. The Senate has never established any code of procedure, but has investigated each case in the manner which seemed at the time most convenient. The reference was formerly to a Select Committee, but has been of late to the Judiciary Committee, whose reports have elicited very important legal questions. The right of a member of a State Legislature to vote for a Senator can never be questioned, and consequently cases of contest have generally turned more on law than on fact.

In the House of Representatives the procedure has been in constant change and conflict with itself. During the first session of the First Congress a Special Committee took the proofs and reported them to the House; a struggle to recommit them with instructions to report the facts failed, and the House examined the evidence and settled the case itself. The Committee reported the facts of the second case, and an effort to have testimony taken in the place where the election occurred and to introduce counsel failed. At the first session of the Second Congress it was ordered that the proofs be taken under oath by a Judge of the United States or of the State where the contest arose, and that these should be returned to the House for action. At the very next session of Congress the Committee reported the facts, and their conclusion; the parties were then heard at the bar of the House, and the House decided the case. The Committee were authorized in this case to send for papers and documents for their information, and in the next session they were authorized to take depositions of those who could not attend in person, and to prescribe the mode. Seeing the evil of this uncertain and unparalleled mode of procedure, the members endeavored, from time to time, to establish one by law approximating to the rules and forms of ordinary Courts. In 1791, and again in 1796, and the following year, resolutions to this effect were introduced, but were never acted upon. A debate on similar resolutions, offered by Mr. HARPER, of South Carolina, in December of that year, disclosed the constitutional difficulty of passing a law on the subject, when each succeeding Congress could dispense with any part or the whole of it at pleasure. Nevertheless, a limited act "prescribing a uniform mode of taking testimony and compelling the attendance of witnesses" was passed on Jan. 23, 1798, and its virtue extended at the next session of Congress until 1804. From 1804 to 1850 there was no law on the subject, and cases were conducted at will, with very little result, all the testimony being voluntary. In 1810 a bill to remedy this failed, and in 1813 resolutions to appoint a Committee of Elections by lot and a Special Committee to examine the decisions of the House and to report thereon, met a similar fate. The same was the case in 1830. In 1834 it was impossible to ascertain what had been done in election contests without searching all the journals of Congress to that time. In that year a digest of cases was published, and this was revised and enlarged in 1865. During all this time the contests became more and more subservient to the advantages of majorities. In 1839 the celebrated New-Jersey case nearly caused a revolution on account of the partisan character of the contest, and it was in spite of the existing modes of dealing with contested elections that the Government triumphed. In 1851, an act was passed prescribing the mode of obtaining evidence, which is still in force. The contestant must give the holder of a certificate of election his grounds of contest within thirty days after the result of the election is declared, and the latter has thirty days more in which to reply. The testimony on both sides must be taken within sixty days more before Judges and other officers named in the act. The Magistrate seals this up and sends it to the Clerk of Congress; it is referred to the Committee of Elections, who report to the House for final action. This would be an excellent act with a few amendments. It does not provide for compelling witnesses to attend and to testify; nor for reaching witnesses non-resident in the district of contest, nor for taking action on the case when the holder of a certificate is absent and cannot be reached with personal service. Beyond the preparation of the proof, too, it does not go. The paralyzing weakness of all laws upon the subject is the constitutional inability to enforce them. Any Congress may set aside their provisions at pleasure, and their framers only hoped that years and usage would give them the force and sanction of law. For a time this last law did have some strength, but this has given way to necessity or convenience, and sometimes to party requirements. Now it is even thought unnecessary to put these excuses on the record. The Committee of Elections have lately obtained leave of the House to go out into the districts of contest, forgetting that they should be judges only, and to do the work which the law requires to be done by the parties themselves in advance. The result is that each case is coming to be a mere partisan struggle. The Committee dare not resist the exactions of party, and their action is in consequence only worthy of contempt. What one party does can be done by another all the easier for it, and when political ends are to be gained there will be no lack of material or disposition. The prostitution of this tribunal is shown by the increase in the number of cases within the last few years. While there were only sixty cases during the first sixty-five years of the Government, there have been more than that number within the last ten years, over twenty of which are now pending. This explains why the minority never contest. Members are canvassed in favor of the opposite sides, and those who are to judge enlist themselves accordingly in advance. The partisan character of the Committee, coming from its manner of appointment, is responsible for all this. The Speaker appoints it so that it shall consist of a majority of the political party ruling the House. In the British Parliament, under the Granville act, on a given day every member was required to be in attendance, and all the names were placed in six glasses equally divided. Forty-nine names were drawn alternately from each glass for a particular case, and the contestants struck one name after another from the list until these were reduced to thirteen, who were sworn the same as a jury before leaving their seats. They met within twenty-four hours, and completed their judgment without an adjournment of longer than twenty-four hours, unless by permission of the House. Their decision was final. It was found that previous canvassing often made the Committee partial, and the Speaker now appoints a general Committee of Elections, whose names the House approves. This Committee selects a committee to try each case, whose names the House and the contestants must likewise approve of. They are then sworn and try the case as described above, and their decision is final. In Pennsylvania also the Committee of Elections is drawn by lot, and its decision is final. An amendment to the Constitution is necessary to bring about a radical reform, but some improvement may be had by changing the manner of appointing the Committee and by such a public sentiment as would put an end to party exactions. This public sentiment is necessary, as members now content themselves with simply recording their names and leaving the discussion of a case to the parties directly interested, thus making it an engine of political parties, working out their ends and involving the institutions of the country in their purposes and fate.

EVENING SESSION.

At the evening session Professor T. W. DWIGHT, of Columbia College, was introduced by the President, and read a paper entitled:

THE PUBLIC CHARITIES OF NEW-YORK.

He gave a general review of those charities that are in whole or part supported by and under the control of the State of New-York, including asylums for the insane, the deaf and dumb, the blind, the idiotic, &c., with the public hospitals, dispensaries, almshouse, &c. He pointed out some of the defects in their management and in the laws regulating them. So far as the almshouses are concerned, he condemned the whole system in vogue throughout the State, with the exception of the Counties of New-York and Kings. He said the poorhouses of the country districts, under the management of towns or counties, were a disgrace to the State, and should be immediately placed under the supervision of State officers who would see to it that they were improved. He paid a high compliment to the Commissioners of Charities and Correction of this City, and particularly to one of their number, Mr. BOWEN, and said that their management of the City charities was as near perfection as could reasonably be expected.

At the [illegible] of Professor DWIGHT's paper the President introduced A. R. SPOFFORD, Esq., Librarian of Congress, who read a paper on the public libraries of the country, of which the following is an abstract:

THE PUBLIC LIBRARIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

"While no library in America has yet reached 200,000 volumes, there are more than twenty in Europe, if we may put faith in statistics, which have passed that figure. The advantages of these great libraries in their centuries of collection since the invention of printing, are enormous, and, as regards the earlier literature, cannot be overcome. The first books dedicated to a public use in this country were given through the Virginia Company of London, in 1820, to the college established in Virginia. But books and college both perished two years later, and to Harvard College, at Cambridge, belongs the honor of establishing the first American library which has survived. This was in 1738; and though totally destroyed by fire in 1764, the library sprang into renewed life, and now ranks fourth among our most valuable libraries. A great and well-chosen library is a microcosm of the universe, an encyclopedia of all that is known, from the earliest recorded history to the events or discoveries of to-day. Reference was made to the losses to history and literature constantly occurring from the conflagrations of libraries, and the only remedy, structures with fireproof interiors, was pointed out. The complaint rife in some quarters, that we have too many books in libraries, was keenly analyzed, and shown to be unfounded. American scholars and writers are continually driven abroad for materials not furnished in our libraries. Especially is this true of historical and literary investigations.

Interesting sketches were here given of the history and characteristics of the largest American libraries, whose contents stand as follows in 1869:

1.	Library of Congress, Washington	183,000
2.	Boston Public Library	153,000
3.	Astor Library, New-York	138,000
4.	Harvard College Library, Cambridge	118,000
5.	Mercantile Library, New-York	104,500
6.	Athenæum Library, Boston	100,000
7.	Philadelphia Library Company, Philadelphia	85,000
8.	New-York State Library, Albany	76,000
9.	New-York Society Library, New-York	57,000
10.	Yale College Library, New-Haven	50,000

The summary of the condition of the Library of Congress concluded with the suggestion that two things were yet needed to complete its usefulness, both to the National Legislature and to the people, by whose means it has been built up and sustained: First, the completion (now almost accomplished) of its printed catalogue of subjects, which will furnish a complete key to unlock its treasures; and, secondly, to be thrown open to readers during the evening, as well as during the hours of business. Its value to the numerous class employed in the public service would thereby be incalculably increased; and, if Washington is ever to become anything more than an insignificant city, it should present every reasonable privilege and attraction, both to residents and sojourners, which it is in the power of the Government to provide. The history of the Astor Library, founded by bequest made in 1839, although not opened to the public until 1854, had been made too familiar by repeated publication to need repetition. The generous founder gave two per cent. out of his fortune of $20,000,000 to create a public library for the City which had given him all his wealth. The gift was a splendid one—greater than had ever before been given in money to found a library. Moreover, the $4,000,000 of Mr. ASTOR twenty-five years ago appeared to be, and, perhaps, was a larger sum than $4,000,000 in the New-York of to-day. Yet it remains true that the bequest was but one-fiftieth part of the fortune of the donor, and that the growth and even the proper accommodation of the library must have stopped but for the spontaneous supplementary gifts of the principal inheritor of his vast wealth. These, fortunately for New-York, have been neither few nor small. When it is considered how noble a collection of books is here brought together, how many of the costliest works in every department of art and science are opened freely for general consultation, how encyclopædical and yet how select is the library, it may seem invidious to suggest that New-York has not yet realized from the Astor bequest what the terms of the will would seem to demand—"a public library, accessible at all reasonable times and hours, for general use, free of expense, to persons resorting thereto." The fact that the people of this City enjoy in the Cooper Institute, through the wise and liberal endowment of a private citizen, a free reading room, filled with the best periodicals, American and foreign, and open to all comers both day and evening, renders the somewhat stringent regulations of its only free library the more conspicuous. Doubtless there would be some inconvenience and expense in throwing open the doors of the Astor Library during the evening hours, when alone it is possible for most readers to avail themselves of its stores. But there are no difficulties which could not readily be surmounted, certainly none to be compared with the existing loss and deprivation of intellectual aid which is sustained by so many. Is it fitting that this great temple of learning should be permanently isolated from the mass of students as well as of general readers? The public regards with preëminent favor those institutions alone which fulfill the ends of the highest utility; and the just pride which every New-Yorker feels in the Astor Free Library is tempered by the sad reflection that it is deemed necessary to close the gates of knowledge punctually half an hour before the sun goes down. Within a week past the great bequest of Dr. JAMES RUSH to the Philadelphia Library of over $1,000,000, has been accepted by the bare majority of five votes in a poll of over 800 stockholders. This lack of harmony is due to the fact that the bequest is hampered by the donor with many conditions deemed by many friends of the library highly onerous and vexatious. The library is not to provide places for "mind-tainting reviews, controversial politics, nor for those teachers of disjointed thinking, the daily papers." Here is one more example of a broad and liberal bequest narrowly bestowed. The idea of excluding from a great public library, which is to become historical, the representative periodical literature of the times, is very inconsiderate. The greater part of the published literature of our day is in no respect elevated above our best daily journals, whether as regards dignity of subject, breadth of view, elevation of aim or excellence of style. So far from being in any peculiar sense "teachers of disjointed thinkings," the newspapers afford to the authors of many books their sole chance of influencing the world, their thoughts being for the first time reduced to order, condensation and coherence when distilled through the alembic of the daily Press. A first-class daily journal is an epitome of the world, recording the life and the deeds of men, their laws and their literature, their politics and religion, their social and commercial statistics, the progress of invention and of art, the revolutions of empires and the last result of science. The father of the respectable testator, Dr. BENJAMIN RUSH, has left on record many learned speculations concerning the signs and evidence of lunacy. We may now add to the number the vagaries of a ponderous work on the human intellect, who gravely proposes to hand over to posterity an expurgated copy of the nineteenth century with all its newspapers left out. Passing from the great libraries of the country to the public town libraries, the statistics of the school library system were referred to. In eleven States, where the laws authorize the appropriation of taxes to this subject, much progress has been made toward popularizing the advantages of good collections of works. What part of literature should our public libraries embrace is a question of commanding interest. The answer is to be sought in the final aim of each. Be as exclusive as you please with your own private collection; it is your right, your duty to your interest to winnow it with the utmost care; but a great public library has for one of its ends to keep the very books which smaller ones have neither the space, the money nor the inclination for. The only safe rule for a private library is exclusiveness; that of the public one inclusiveness. What is husks and straw to one reader is solid pabulum to another; nay, that which appears trash to you to-day may next year turn out to have a wholly unexpected value. A prominent journal of this city recently proposed what it was pleased to term a "weeding out" of the National Library at Washington, on the suggested need, a few years hence, of more space to accommodate its fast increasing stores. Weeding is a healthful process no doubt, whether viewed agriculturally or intellectually; but it may be pertinent to ask, when it comes to be applied to our great libraries, who is to superintend the process, and what guarantee have we that it will be judiciously performed? Do learned editors ever reflect whether their own works in multitudinous volumes in grand folio, might not perchance be the first to go out, under the "weeding" process? It is easy to stigmatize as "trash" the mass of the books with which our libraries are crowded. It is easy to find self-constituted censors who would undertake the "weeding" of them with alacrity. But who shall censure the censors, who certify to the public the justice of their judgment? Nay, is there any tolerable certainty that they would ever be able to agree with one another? When the priest and the barber in the immortal romance of CERVANTES undertook to weed the library of Don Quixote of those cursed books which had done him so much mischief, they met with some unexpected obstacles. Not every book that the priest condemned to the flames would the barber permit to go out; and not every book that went out was supposed to stay out. I have seen a great scholar kindle into eloquence over a dingy volume of controversy which appeared to me to contain nothing but most dismal platitudes. The world has mourned for twelve centuries the loss of a fabulous Alexandrian library of 700,000 volumes, burned by the Caliph Omar with a fictitious rhetorical dilemma in his mouth. Yet the hyperbole of antiquity is realized in a modern editor, who would apply the torch before our largest library has yet reached two hundred thousand.

If we admit that the intellectual development of any particular period is worth studying, then all books are, or may become useful. The essential falsity of many *ex-cathedra* judgments so often pronounced upon literature is illustrated in the saying which became a proverb with the scholars of the eighteenth century: "If you would know what books are best worth reading, look in the *Index Expurgatorius*." And THOMAS FULLER quaintly tells us that "learning hath gained most by those books by which the printers have lost." No permanent rank in the hierarchy of letters is ever settled by chance any more than by excommunication. By a law as inevitable as gravitation, the books of every period find their ultimate level. Very vain is the endeavor to write down any author.

> "Who writes by fate, the critics shall not kill,
> Nor all the assassins in the great review;
> Who writes by luck, his blood some hack shall spill,
> Some ghost whom a mosquito might run through."

The true question to ask respecting a book is: Has it helped any human soul? We can but conclude, in summing up the results of any inquiry into our American libraries, that, while much has already been done, much the greater part remains to do.

At the conclusion of this paper the Association adjourned until this afternoon.

Police Justice Ledwith.

We are glad to see that THOMAS A. LEDWITH is to stand for a reëlection as Police Justice in the Eighth Judicial District, composed of the Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards. He has an honorable record as a Police Justice, and as he has had an experience of five years, it may be regarded as certain that he is greatly the superior of HARDY, the Tammany candidate. It is important that we should have men of fidelity and experience as Police Justices, and we take pleasure in bearing testimony to the well-doing of Justice LEDWITH.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 26—11 A. M.—Consols open at 93¾ for both money and the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds, 1862, 81⅞; 1865, old, 81⅛; 1867, 82⅝; Ten-forties, 76⅛. Stocks steady; Eries 21¼, Illinois Centrals 97½, Atlantic and Great Western 25.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26—11 A. M.—COTTON—The market opens steady. Middling Uplands, 12; Middling Orleans, 12¼. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 30s. 3d. ₱ quarter, for European.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Sugar, 29s. 3d. ₱ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard, afloat.

PARIS, Oct., 26.—The Bourse opens firm; Rentes 71f. 55c.

ANTWERP, Oct. 26.—Petroleum opens quiet and unchanged.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 26.—United States Five-twenty bonds closed firm at 87¾@88.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—The Bourse closed firm; Rentes, 71f. 52c.

HAVRE, Oct. 26.—COTTON—The market closed quiet, both on the spot and afloat.

ANTWERP, Oct. 26.—Petroleum closed firm at 60½f. for Standard White.

LONDON, Oct. 26—1 P. M.—Consols 93¾ for money, and 93¾@93⅞ for the account. Erie, 21⅛; Illinois Centrals, 97¾.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26—1 P. M.—BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 10s. 6d. ₱ cental for California White, and 9s. 5d.@9s. 6d. for Red Winter.

The receipts of Wheat for three days have been 30,000 quarters, of which 20,000 were American.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 26—1:30 P. M.—United States Five-twenty Bonds opened firm at 87⅞ for the issue of 1862.

HAVRE, Oct. 26.—Cotton opens quiet both on spot and afloat.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 26—2 P. M.—The market for Yarns and Fabrics is steady.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26—2 P. M.—COTTON—The sales of the day are now estimated at 12,000 bales.

LONDON, Oct. 26—4:30 P. M.—Consols closed at 93⅞ for money and the account. Five-twenties, '62s, 81⅞; '65s, 81¼; '67s, 82⅝; Ten-forties, 76¼; Erie Railway Shares, 21¼; Illinois Central Shares, 97¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 24⅞.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 26—4:30 P. M.—Cotton closed steady and unchanged. The sales of the day foot up 12,000 bales, of which 4,000 bales were taken for export and speculation.

Western Flour has declined to 23s. 9d. Refined Petroleum has advanced to 1s. 8½d.

LONDON, Oct. 26—4:30 P. M.—Linseed Oil, £29 12s. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 8d.@1s. 8½d.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—EXCHANGE steady at 1-10 off to par buying, 1-10 premium selling. FLOUR quiet and easier at $4 25@$6 75 for Spring Extra. WHEAT quiet and lower; sales of No. 1 at $1@$1 02½; No. 2, 95c.@95½c.; in the afternoon, inactive at 95c. cash and seller November for No. 2. CORN quiet; No. 2, 65½c. @65¼c.; in the afternoon, inactive at 65c.@65¼c. for No. 2, seller October. OATS quiet and lower; No. 2, 39¼c.@39½c. RYE quiet and lower; No. 1, 75c.; No. 2, 68c. BARLEY dull at $1 cash and seller November for No. 2. HIGHWINES firm at $1 12. PORK inactive and nominally $30@$31 25 for new and old. LARD, 16½c.@17c. Green HAMS, 14½c. Sweet-pickled HAMS, 15½c. @16c. Short RIBS, cured, 16c. Short Clear MIDDLES, cured, 17c. Dry-salted SHOULDERS nominal at 13¾c.@14c. CATTLE dull at $3 62½@$4 75 for common to good Cows; $6 50@$3 75 for good shipping. Live HOGS quiet and lower at $8 40@$9 for common; $9 50@$9 75 for good to choice. FREIGHTS dull at 7c. on Wheat to Buffalo. RECEIPTS—9,500 bbls. Flour, 109,500 bushels Wheat, 58,000 bushels Corn, 75,000 bushels Oats, 6,000 bushels Rye, 45,000 bushels Barley, 3,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—17,000 bbls. Flour, 151,000 bushels Wheat, 51,000 bushels Corn, 56,000 bushels Oats, 3,200 bushels Rye, 5,000 bushels Barley, 1,700 Hogs.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 26.—TOBACCO firm at $8 75 @$9 75 for Lugs; $10@$12 50 for Dark Leaf; no other qualities on the market. COTTON unchanged. FLOUR heavy; Spring and Fall Superfine, $4@$4 75; Extra, $5 10; Double Extra, $5 50@$5 75; Treble Extra, $5 50@$6; Family, $7@$7 75. WHEAT firm; No. 2 Choice Spring, 90c.@97c.; No. 3 Red Fall, $1 05@$1 11; No. 1 Red Fall, $1 12@$1 20; Choice, $1 25@$1 27½; Choice White, $1 35 @$1 40. CORN firm at 82c.@86c. for Mixed; 84c.@87c. for Yellow; 92c.@$1 for White, the latter for Fancy. OATS unchanged. BARLEY dull at $1 25@$1 40 for Prime to Choice Minnesota Spring; $1 85 for Choice Fall. RYE very heavy at 65c.@70c. WHISKY steady at $1 15. PORK dull at $29 50@$30. Dry-salted Clear Sides, 19¾c.@20c. LARD dull and nominal. CATTLE steady at $2 50@$6 50. Live HOGS dull at $8 50@$9. RECEIPTS—Flour, 6,000 bbls.; Wheat, 28,000 bushels; Corn, 13,000 bushels; Oats, 15,000 bushels; Barley, 8,000 bushels; Rye, 2,200 bushels; Hogs, 2,200 head.

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—RECEIPTS—Flour, 4,000 bbls.; Wheat, 22,000 bushels; Corn, 55,000 bushels; Barley, 14,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 28,000 bushels; Oats, 36,000 bushels. FREIGHTS closed firm at 23c. on Wheat, 19½c. on Corn, and 12c. on Oats to New-York. FLOUR inactive. WHEAT dull; sales 15,000 bushels Milwaukee, by sample, at $1 03; 8,000 bushels Green Bay Club at $1 12; 7,500 bushels Western Spring at $1 11; Red Winter, in cars, $1 20. CORN dull and unsettled at 75c.@77c., as to quality and quantity. OATS nominal and held at about 49c. RYE—Sales 10,000 bushels Western at 85c. BARLEY neglected. PORK steady at $[illegible] for heavy Mess. LARD steady at 18c. HIGHWINES dull and nominal.

OSWEGO, Oct. 26.—FLOUR active and unchanged; sales 3,600 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 1 Spring; $6 75 for Amber Winter; $7 25 for White; $7 75 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull; sales 3,600 bushels No. 2 Western Club at $1 15. CORN unchanged; sales 2,500 bushels No. 2, at 85c. BARLEY quiet; sales last night 20,000 bushels Up lake Canada at $1 18; Bay Quinte held at $1 30; CORNMEAL, $1 86 ₱ cwt. MILLFEED steady; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $26; Middlings, $32@$33 ₱ ton. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat 20c., Barley 16½c. to New-York; Lumber, $6 to the Hudson. Railroad FREIGHTS on Flour to Boston, 92c.; to New-York, 82c.; to Albany, 74c. Lake IMPORTS—45,500 bushels Barley, 330,000 feet of Lumber. Canal EXPORTS—31,500 bushels Wheat, 32,500 bushels Barley, 456,000 feet of Lumber.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—WHEAT—Demand slightly improved with moderate supply; sales 12,000 bushels No. 2 Amber State at $1 39, a decline; 400 bushels Dehl at $1 70; White ranges from $1 45@$1 70. RYE dull; State nominally $1 15@$1 17. CORN dull and lower; sales, $1,400 bushels Western Mixed, in lots, at $1 30@$1 40. BARLEY sold freely at yesterday's quotations; sales 80,000 bushels, which includes two-rowed State at $1 18; No. 2 do. at $1 19@$1 20; No. 1 do. at $1 22½; No. 2 six rowed at $1 45@$1 46. OATS in good supply and dull; sales 1,400 bushels No. 2 State at 60c.; for No. 1 do., 61c.@62c. was asked.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT dull; Red, $1 10@$1 15. CORN quiet and unchanged. OATS unchanged. RYE, 90c.@95c. BARLEY dull and nominal. COTTON firm; Middling, 25½c. TOBACCO in moderate demand; sales 102 hhds. at $8 40@$17 25. WHISKY dull at $1 15. PORK dull at $31. LARD dull and declined to 16¾c. BACON—All the stock here is in the hands of one party, who is jobbing it at 16¼c. for Shoulders, 19¾c. for Sides. Green MEATS quiet and firm at 11¼c.@15¼c. EXCHANGE steady at 1-10 off buying and par selling.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—COTTON—Light demand; Middling Uplands, 26¼c.; Middling Gulf, 27c. BARK declined; No. 1 Quercitron $32 50. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT unchanged. RYE steady at $1 05@$1 10. CORN dull; Yellow, $1 03@$1 05; Mixed Western, 94c.@98c. OATS steady at 57c.@58c. BARLEY—Two-rowed New-York, $1 24. PETROLEUM advanced; Crude, 23c.; Refined, 34c. GROCERIES—Very small business. PROVISIONS—Very small business and drooping. WHISKY—Steady and unchanged.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 26.—COTTON closed active at 25c. for Middling; sales, 4,400 bales; receipts, 2,397 bales. FLOUR firm; Superfine, $5 25; Double Extra, $5 50; Treble Extra, $6@$6 25. CORN firmer; New White, $1 12; Old, $1 15. Mess PORK lower at $32@$32 25. WHISKY firmer at $1 26@$1 28. GOLD, 130⅝. Sterling EXCHANGE, 141¼; New-York Sight Exchange, par @⅛ ₱ cent. discount. Other articles are unchanged. It has been raining all day, and but little business was done. Thermometer, 46°.

TOLEDO, Oct. 26.—FLOUR quiet. WHEAT heavy; Regular White Michigan, $1 12; No. 1 Red, $1 15; No. No. 2 Red, $1 11. CORN advancing; No. 1, 81c.; No. 2 80c. OATS advancing; No. 1, 48c.; No. 2, 46c. FREIGHTS unchanged. RECEIPTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 28,000 bushels Wheat, 6,500 bushels Corn, 4,200 bushels Oats, 12,000 bushels Barley. SHIPMENTS—6,500 bbls. Flour, 9,500 bushels Wheat, 14,000 bushels Corn, 13,000 bushels Oats, 3,500 bushels Rye.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 26.—FLOUR more active, but unchanged. WHEAT quiet at $1 for No. 1, and 93½c. for No. 2. CORN steady at 70c. for No. 2. RYE steady at 78c. for No. 1. BARLEY nominal. Grain FREIGHTS firmer at 7½c. to Buffalo, and 15c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 127,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Oats, 4,000 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—8,000 bbls. Flour, 166,000 bushels Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 26.—COTTON quiet; Middling, 25c. FLOUR active; Superfine, $4 50. WHEAT—Red, $1; White, $1 15. CORN, 85c. OATS, 50c. RYE, 90c. TOBACCO more active; sales 57 hhds. at $7 60@$16 for Lugs to Cutting Leaf. PROVISIONS firm. Mess PORK, $31. BACON—Shoulders, 17c.; Clear Rib Sides, 20¼c. LARD, 18¼c. WHISKY steady; Raw, $1 12. HOGS held at $9 75@[illegible].

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 26.—Beef CATTLE—Receipts, 1,647 head; it was the intention of dealers to hold Cattle firm at last week's quotations, but finding buyers backward, yielded a fraction from asking prices; sales extra at $12 75@$13 25; first quality, $12@$12 50. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 14,737 head; market in favor of buyers, the supply being large; sales extra at $3 50@$4.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 26.—WHEAT firmer and advanced 2c.; No. 1 Red, $1 14; No. 2 Red, $1 10. CORN nominally unchanged. OATS steady; held at 47c.@48c. for No. 1. RYE quiet; No. 1 held at 95c.@$1; No. 2 held at 90c. BARLEY quiet; State, $1@$1 25; Canada, $1 20@$1 35.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—COTTON quiet; Middling nominally 26c.; no sales. FLOUR dull and weak; quotations nominally unchanged. WHEAT very dull; Prime to choice Red, $1 40@$1 43. CORN dull; Old, $1 10@$1 18; New, 95c.@$1. RYE, $1 10@$1 12. PROVISIONS unchanged. WHISKY selling at $1 21.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 26.—COTTON quiet at 24½c.; receipts, 1,248 bales; exports, 645 bales. FLOUR declining; Superfine, $4 50@$5. CORN—Old, $1; New, 85c. OATS, 62c. PORK, $32. LARD, 18¼c.@20½c. BACON heavy; Shoulders, 17¼c.; Sides, 21c.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 26.—COTTON opened firm, with a fair demand by a few, and closed easier under unfavorable New-York accounts; sales 850 bales, including a portion of yesterday; Middling, 24½c; receipts, 883 bales; exports, 404 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 26—Spirits of TURPENTINE quiet at 34½c. RESIN quiet at $1 55 for strained. Crude TURPENTINE unchanged. TAR steady. COTTON steady at 24½c. for Low Middling.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—FLOUR firm at $4 25@$5 50, with an upward tendency; Oregon brands of Extra have advanced to $5 62½. WHEAT firm at $1 55 @$1 62½; sales of choice shipping, alongside, at $1 65. Legal Tenders 76½.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 26.—The COTTON market opened active and firmer at 24¼c.@24½c., but closed easier and irregular at 24c.@24¼c. for Middlings; sales 818 bales; receipts, 790 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 26.—There was a good demand for COTTON; sales 800 bales; Middling, 25c.; receipts, 1,789 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,256 bales; coastwise, 1,052 bales.

DETROIT, Oct. 26.—FLOUR steady at $5 50@$6 75. WHEAT firm; Extra White, $1 27; No. 1 White, $1 11½ @$1 12; Regular, $1 07; Amber, $1 07. BARLEY, $2 12 ₱ cwt.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 26.—COTTON—Receipts, 1,150 bales; exports coastwise, 700 bales. The market closed quiet; sales 250 bales; Low Middling, 24½c.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 26.—COTTON closed active; receipts, 3,229 bales; exports, 871 bales; sales 600 bales; Middling, 25c.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State 6s, third issue, 108¾; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 28⅛; Reading Railroad, 48⅛; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55⅞. Gold, 130⅛.

[Advertisement.]

Ask the ladies' maids and they will tell you that PHALON'S VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, is the favorite article for reviving the natural tinge of blanched or fading ringlets. Clear as fluid glass, wholesome to the skin as water, undiscolorable by the light, without any mineral odor and yielding no sediment, it defies competition and courts comparison.

[Advertisement.]

A SHORT NAME BUT A DECIDEDLY BIG LETTER.—KNOX has been and gone and done it. He has had erected on the roof of his building, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, a big sign, 35 feet wide and 40 feet high, on which is inscribed his exclusive trademark, "KNOX, the Hatter"—each letter of which is 18 feet in height. Decidedly, this is a big thing, which is only surpassed by his Fall and Winter style of gentlemen's hat. The sign is worth seeing, but if you want a good hat wear one of KNOX'S.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

America	Oct. 16	Bremen	New-York.

FOR EUROPE.

Holstatia	Oct. 26	New-York	Hamburg.
Minnesota	Oct. 27	New-York	Liverpool.
Java	Oct. 27	New-York	Liverpool.
Samaria	Oct. 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Hansa	Oct. 28	New-York	Bremen.
City of Brussels	Oct. 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Denmark	Oct. 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Pereire	Oct. 30	New-York	Havre.

FOR HAVANA AND ST. DOMINGO.

Eagle	Oct. 28	New-York	Havana.
Tybee	Oct. 30	New-York	St. Domingo.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *Java*, close at the General Post Office at 9 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters on the Pier, Jersey City, to 10 A. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	5 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 6:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

OCT. 26—*In steamship Scotia, from Liverpool.*—G. Rosenean, B. Rembardt, J. M. Ganson and lady, J. B. Haggin, lady, 3 children, nurse and governess, Miss Haggin, Mrs. A. M. Steers, J. H. Irwin and lady, Miss Irwin, L. M. Dobson, Miss Brooks, J. M. Rice and lady, R. Watson and lady, P. Anderson, lady, 2 children and 2 nurses, Mrs. Clark, Miss M. O. Malley, S. M. Condict, lady and 2 children, Miss Condict, J. P. Howard, B. R. Alden and lady, Mr. Alden, Jr., A. D. Oyens, J. Breen, H. J. Tiffin, J. Tiffin and lady, C. W. Hilliard, J. D. Lankenan and lady, J. W. Lankenan, Miss E. C. Lankenan, W. M. Orem and lady, Rev. H. H. Brettargh, Mrs. Embury, L. Embury, R. H. J. Synnott, T. Rankin, J. N. Stewart and servant, P. Sather, C. H. Walker, Count Lewenhaupt, E. H. McNeal, E. L. Winthrop and lady, 3 children and nurse, A. Hargraves and lady, H. Ball and lady, T. B. Musgrave, C. H. Gibson, Mr. Power, Mr. Dohrmann and lady, Mrs. Crowninshields, Mrs. C. Gibson, S. Barlow and lady, R. S. Barlow, Miss A. Barlow and servant, Mrs. Warren, Miss R. Warren, Miss E. Warren, Miss Alden, Miss A. C. Warren, Mrs. G. Hoffman, child and nurse, Mrs. Sprague and child, H. Runge, H. Long, W. King, J. J. Wallis and lady, C. Lefranc and lady, J. H. Dulles, S. Carpenter, Mrs. B. Dorantes and servant, Mrs. Robbins, R. N. Rathbun, lady and child, Mrs. Clark, child and nurse, J. J. Tobias, W. C. Houston, Mrs. R. J. Moses, infant and nurse, Miss Lizzie Houston, F. Abbuceotti, M. A. Micah, H. Geissler, J. Rice, Miss M. B. Rice, J. L Little, Jr., J. W. Rulon, J. H. Ellis and lady, C. J. Bernsteil, G. A. Clark, Mr. Stammuitz, G. Reed, R. Naim, S. H. de C. Andrade, W. W. Swaine, S. Ripley, W. S. Roose, M. [illegible], C. Sharples, C. Muralt, R. Ernst, J. B. [illegible] and lady, Colonel Leighton, lady and child, Miss [illegible], Mr. Kelly and lady, Miss Kelly, T. Gray, J. F. [illegible], E. Haas, H. A. Garrett, J. S. Radcliff, [illegible], J. Watts, Jr., N. D. Wallace and lady, J. [illegible], S. N. Martin, W. Woodbridge, S. Steinhart, Rev. Canon L. S. Vanderhende, Mrs. Seligman and servant, Misses F. and H. Seligman, Mrs. Jackson, [illegible] and H. Jackson, Thos. Rogers, D. Watts and [illegible], J. Gray, Miss Lowell, R. Brooking [illegible], J. S. [illegible] Fields and lady, R. H. Roberts, W. S. Hedges, T. Gallagher and lady, G. M. Hess, lady and child, J. Haviland, C. Cashman and lady, Miss Cashman, R. Planas, W. Watson and lady, Miss Watson, Master Watson, Rev. C. D. Jackson, Captain T. Dick, T. Sellars, George Crocker, H. Vincent, Mr. Spofford, lady and servant, D. Thomas, D. Sanchez, B. Aycrgne, A. Dobell, Mr. Nicolas, lady and servant, Mrs. Steinhart, Mrs. E. A. Day, Rev. C. C. Fiske, E. A. Ahl, Mrs. N. de Hellene.

OCT. 26—*In steamship Holsatia, for Hamburg.*—Arthur Olshausen, lady and children, Mrs. Geo. S. Ross, H. Mason and lady, Hy. Mason, Jr., Robert W. James, Mrs. C. May, S. Rothschild, Miss Fanny E. Rea, Miss Marie E. Dexter, J. W. Austin, lady, children and nurse, F. Oexle, A. Burcke, Mrs. F. H. Momsen, John Benkendorff, Alb. Roelker, Jos. Wever, Geo. O. Glaves, wife and child, N. Fleisch, Joseph Mayer, S. Salomon, Hy. A. Stevens, F. W. Blake, Roloff Spaethmann, Joseph Knapp, wife and child, C. C. Triandafillopulo, Robert Barleben and lady, Mrs. Eva Bruegger, N. Neumann, Mrs. Cath. Schneckenberger, and others in the steerage.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 24 | Sun sets..... 5 03 | Moon rises.10 45

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.12 10 | Gov. Island. 1 09 | Hell Gate.. 2 31

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Oct. 26.

Cleared.

Steamships Java, (Br.,) Cook, Liverpool, Chas. G. Francklyn; Minnesota, (Br.,) Price, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Charleston, Berry, Charleston, H. R. Morgan & Co.; Rebecca Clyde, Chichester, Wilmington, N. C., J. Hand; Louisa Moore, Wallace, Newbern, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Niagara, Blakeman, Richmond, &c., N. L. McCready; Mars, Grumley, Philadelphia; Glaucus, Walden, Boston, W. P. Clyde.

Ships Princeton, Chase, Rotterdam, Boelen & Bierck; Plymouth Rock, Warner, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks Palestrina, (Br.,) McCulloch, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, J. Norton, Jr.; C. E. Jayne, Hawkins, New-Orleans, R. H. Drummond & Co.; Ninfa Tagliaria, (Ital.,) Paratore, Cardiff, Marrin & Co.

Brig Niagara, (Br.,) Goecher, Inagua and a market, Jas. Edmiston & Co.; Alice, (Br.,) Simpson, St. John, N. B., Heney & Parker; Eclipse, (Br.,) Jacobsen, St. Kitts.

Schooners C. C. Warren, Smith, Para, B. J. Wenberg; Kolon, Jasper, Para, Valentia, Estrella & Co.; Billy Butts, (Br.,) Horton, Demerara, B. J. Wenberg; Israel Snow, Keating, Mayaguez, P. R., B. J. Wenberg; Robert Palmer, Clark, Galveston, C. H. Mallory & Co.; S. N. W. Simmons, Williams, Savannah, Bentley, Miller & Thomas; W. A. Vail, Beers, Demerara, E. Rowe & Co.; Annie Bell, Elkins, Arroyo, Burdett & Pont; W. H. Jones, Line, Fernandina, A. Abbott; Kate E. Rich, Doughty, Savannah, Bentley, Miller & Thomas.

Sloop Helen Smith, De Castro, Bridgeport, G. R. Rackett & Bro.

Canal boat Acme, Morrison, Oswego.

Arrived.

Steamship Scotia, (Br.,) Judkins, Liverpool Oct. 16, via Queenstown 17th, with mdse. and 290 passengers to C. G. Francklyn. Oct. 18, lat. 51 12, lon. 12 28, passed steamship City of Brooklyn, hence for Liverpool; 20th, lat. 50 30, lon. 25 46, passed a National steamer, bound E.; 24th, lat. 43 42, lon. 58 51, passed a Cunard steamer, bound E.; 25th, lat. 41 22, lon. 65 20, passed steamship City of Antwerp, hence for Liverpool; same day, lat. 41 03, lon. 66 26, passed a National steamer, bound E.

Steamship Virginia, (Br.,) Forbes, Liverpool Oct. 13, via Queenstown 14th, with mdse. and passengers to National Steamship Co.

Steamship Saratoga, Alexander, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Bark Hunter, (of Portland,) Lee, Sagua, 13 ds., with sugar to Moses Taylor & Co.—vessel to Thompson & Hunter. Has had light winds to Hatteras, since then strong N. W. gales.

Bark Lizzie Cummings, (of Nassau,) Peterson, Sagua Oct. 8, with sugar to Peter V. King & Co.—vessel to J. Cummings. Has had light northerly winds up to Cape Hatteras, and from thence strong westerly gales.

Brig Dundee, (of Cornwallis, N. S.,) Loomer, Windsor, N. S., 11 ds., with 225 tons plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.—vessel to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Curacao, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Lockhart, Curacao 18 ds., with goat skins, wood, &c., to Jos. Foulke's Sons.

Schr. Tangent, (of Tremont, Me.,) Verrill, Hantsport, N. S., Aug. 29, via Portland 8 ds., with 200 tons plaster to order—vessel to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Ella, Montgomery, Jacksonville, Fla., 15 ds., with lumber to R. Nelson—vessel to Thompson & Hunter. Oct. 19, Frederick Montgomery, mate, died.

Schr. Anna E. Leverett, Thompson, Indianola, Texas, 23 ds., with hides and tallow to Brugiere & Theband.

Schr. Evergreen, (of St. John, N. B.,) Tufts, St. John, N. B., [illegible] ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.—vessel to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. John Norris, (Br.,) McConnell, Ship Harbor, N. S., 12 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.—vessel to Steele & Gamble.

Schr. J. & C. Merritt, ——, Gilgo Inlet, L. I., with part of cargo of bark Sarah Elizabeth, recently ashore.

Schr. Fred. Warren, Robinson, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Albert Mason, Rose, Richmond, Va., with flour to Renshaw & Co.

Schr. Joseph, Somers, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. Sarah Wooster, Small, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Caspian, Hawkins, Elizabethport, for Dighton.

Schr. Henrietta, Townsend, South Amboy, for Boston.

Schr. Northern Light, Ireland, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Geo. Pauline, Adams, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. J. Goodspeed, Clark, South Amboy, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Silas Brainerd, Davis, Port Johnson, for Weatherfield.

Schr. Franklin, Pierce, Hodgdon, Port Johnson, for New-Haven.

Schr. Essex, Nickerson, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Josephine, Penny, Philadelphia, for Greenport.

Schr. Salmon Washburn, Staples, Philadelphia, for Taunton.

Schr. New Zealand, Cook, Portland, Me., with lumber to Chase, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Joseph E. Pott, Robbins, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Orion, Harding, Belfast, with lumber to A. McGuire.

Schr. Alvarado, Harrington, Bangor, with lumber to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. J. J. Ward, Inman, Alexandria, for Jersey City.

Schr. Annie E. Cake, Lake, Virginia.

Schr. Mary S. Tibbetts, Shaw, Virginia.

Schr. Thos. G. Benton, Corson, Virginia.

Schr. D. Hastings, Tilden, Virginia.

Schr. Eva, Edwards, Virginia.

Schr. Jas. H. Seguine, French, Virginia.

Schr. Lizzie, Frances, Philadelphia, for New-Haven.

Schr. C. J. Errickson, Smith, Providence.

Schr. Helen May, Richardson, Providence.

Schr. Sallie W. Ponder, Lincoln, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Geo. F. Brown, Hemingway, Norwich.

Schr. Henry Lemuel, Jarvis, New-Haven.

Schr. Uncle Joe, Springer, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Hepzibah, Crowley, Bangor, for Newark.

Schr. Leila, Ross, Belfast, for Newark.

Schr. Wm. S. Camp, Bailey, New-Haven.

Schr. Ceylon, Harding, Bridgeport.

Schr. Geo. Washington, Peck, Stamford.

Schr. Whistle, Kief, Taunton.

Schr. Sea Bird, Battory, Fall River.

Schr. Emma C. Averill, Averill, Branford.

Schr. Pauline, Eaton, New-Haven.

Schr. C. Hadden, Hemingway, New-Haven.

Schr. Eclipse, Sammis, Connecticut River.

Schr. L. Daniels, Smith, Hartford.

Schr. Onwrad, Avery, Bangor, for Jersey City.

Schr. A. Hamlin, Lewis, Bangor, for Newark.

Schr. Doretta Kahn, Stocking, Portland, Conn.

Schr. John Wright, Anderson, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Wm. Gray, Dickenson, Portland, Conn.

Canal boat D. Laurent, Wilson, Montreal 40 ds., with lumber to C. H. Platt.

Canal boat Neversink, Fuller, Mon[illegible] 40 ds., with lumber to C. H. Platt.

Canal boat M. Mosse, Vielle, St. John, Canada, 35 ds., with lumber to master.

Canal boat C. E. Collins, Vielle, St. John, Canada, 35 ds., with lumber to master.

WIND—At sunset, light, S. W., clear.

Sailed.

Steamship Holsatia, for Hamburg; Virgo, for Savannah; Charleston, for Charleston.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 26.—Arr. steamer Oriental, from Savannah; brig Georgense, from St. Michaels.

HOLMES' HOLE, Oct. 24, A. M.—Arr. schrs. Lizzie Carr, Boston, for Woods' Hole, and sailed, Isaac Keen, Providence, for Philadelphia; Mary C. Collins and Rachel Seaman, Boston, for do.; Sarah Ann, Bangor, for Norwich; Lettie Wells, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Sld. steamtug Adelia, with bark Ida F. Taylor in tow; brigs John Welsh, Jr., Bloomer, (Br.,) Arichat West, (Br.,) and J. & H. Crowley; schrs. Tropic Bird, (Br.,) Jefferson Borden, Amos Falkenburg, George H. Bent, Prairie Bird, (Br.,) C. W. May, Richard Vaux, John Johnson, Brandywine, St. Croix, George S. Adams, J. M. Fritzpatrick, James Ponder, Ira Laffrenier, Montrose, Nicola, General Meade, E. B. Wheaton, Sallie B., Isaac Keen, Rachel Seaman, Mary G. Collins, Sarah Ann, Andrew H. Edwards, Elizabeth Magee, and Nettie Cushing.

P. M.—Arr. schr. Annie, (Br.,) New-Bedford, for Bridgewater, N. S.; Starlight, Boston, for Philadelphia; Warrenton, Wareham, for Bangor.

4:30 A. M.—Passing west, steamer Norman.

25th, A. M.—Arr. schrs. Hattie Annah, Elizabethport, for Newburyport; Porto Rico, do., for Boston; Handscrabble, New-York, for do.; John W. Rumsey, Boston, for Georgetown, D. C.; Amanda Powers, Rockland, for New-York; Susan Centre, Thomaston, for do.; Susannah, Rockland, for Norfolk; W. H. Mailler, Wilmington 8 ds., for Portsmouth, N. H.

Sld. schr. Sea Queen.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 26.—Arr. revenue-cutter Northerner, McGowan, from a cruise. She reports passed in for Baltimore, barks Ya-Moydan, from Rio Janeiro; Lapwing, do.; brig St. Alexei, Malaga; schrs. Jennie, St. Domingo; J. B. Knowles, Berbice; Jackson, San Blas.

Passed out, brig Thermuthis, Richmond for Rio Janeiro.

Sld. bark Traveler, for Baltimore.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct 26.—Arr. steamships Champion, from New-York; Prometheus, Philadelphia; Falcon, Baltimore; brig Shamrock, Milbridge; schrs. Ada Ames, New-York; J. A. Griffin, Philadelphia.

Sld. steamship James Adger, for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 26.—Arr. steamships Fannie, from Baltimore; Tonawanda, Philadelphia; schr. Benjamin Gartside, New-York.

Sld. steamship Leo, for New-York.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—Arr. ships Lucerne, for Liverpool, with 19,000 sacks of wheat; Pactolul, for Liverpool, with 35,000 sacks of wheat.

Sld. ship Galatea, for Hong Kong.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 26.—Arr. steamer Volunteer, for New-York.

Marine Disaster.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The U. S. Vice-Consul at Nassau, N. P., reports, under date of Oct. 14, the arrival there on Sept. 24, of the American brig Star Castle in distress. She encountered a severe hurricane Sept. 7, and was dismasted. Her hull was so badly damaged that, on a survey being made, she was abandoned, and will be sold.

Spoken, &c.

Harriet McGilvery—Brig, steering south, was seen Oct. 22, lat. 33, lon. 73.

Foreign Ports.

At Indianola, Texas, Oct. 3, schr. Frank Walters, for New-York, ldg.

At Sagua, Oct. 18, barks Stampede, Triumph, and Crusoe, for New-York, ldg.; brigs A. H. Curtis, Five Brothers, and Alex. Milliken, for do., do.

At Curacao, Oct. 8, bark Thos. Dalton, for New-York, ldg.; bark Wilhelmina Agatha, for do., in 2 ds.; brigs Fred. Bliss, for do., ldg.; La Creole, for do., do.; Sir Robert Peel, just arrived schr. Mary Limeburner, Providence, via Turk's Island.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 26.—The steamship City of Washington, from New-York for Liverpool, arrived at this port at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

BREST, Oct. 26—11 A. M.—The steamship Lafayette, from New-York Oct. 16, arrived at this port to-day.

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 26.—The steamship Peruvian, from Quebec, arrived at this port yesterday.

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

AT

UNION ADAMS & CO.

FOR LADIES.

Patent Merino Vests,
Patent Merino Drawers,
Fleecy Cotton Hosiery,
Kid and Castor Gloves,
Cardigan Jackets,
Roman Sashes, &c.

FOR MISSES.

Patent Merino Vests,
Patent Merino Drawers,
Patent Merino Dresses,
Fleecy Cotton Hosiery,
Fancy Cashmere Hosiery,
Roman and Fancy Sashes.

No. 637 Broadway.

A Choice Security.

SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD,

Free of Government Tax.

NEARLY 10 PER CENT. CURRENCY.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO

MIDLAND RAILROAD.

THESE BONDS CAN BE REGISTERED.

SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS PAID-UP STOCK SUBSCRIPTIONS. No bonds issued on road under construction; issue limited to $20,000 per mile of road built and in running order, BEING ONLY ABOUT HALF THE ACTUAL CASH COST. The road is being built with great economy for cash; 100 miles are done, and in the most thorough manner; 80 miles additional will be finished in November; and the whole line (over 400 miles) it is expected will be completed within the ensuing year. It is one of the most important roads in the State of New-York. It shortens the route from New-York City to Buffalo 70 miles, and to Oswego 45 miles; it traverses a populous district destitute of other railroad facilities, which must furnish it a large and profitable local business; and it will be completed at an aggregate cost far below that of any competing line. These advantages cannot fail to make it one of the best paying roads leading from the metropolis, and its First Mortgage Bonds one of the safest securities ever issued. All mortgage bonds issued on Railroads running from the City of New-York are good, and the interest promptly paid, although some of them are mortgaged for more than double the amount per mile that the Midland is. Among the bonds now offering we know of none equal to these. For the investment of trust or other funds there is nothing better; and in exchange for Government Bonds they give a large increase of income, beside capitalizing the premium. They are meeting with rapid sale, and we have been gratified to find that they are taken chiefly by our most conservative and sagacious capitalists in exchange for Government securities. Price par, and accrued interest in currency. Circulars, pamphlets, &c., on hand for distribution.

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,

Bankers, No. 25 Nassau-st.

WINTER OPENING OF

MILLINERY.

A. T. STEWART & CO.

WILL MAKE ON

THURSDAY, OCT. 28, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

THEIR WINTER OPENING OF

BONNETS AND ROUND HATS,

BOTH OF FRENCH AND THEIR OWN EXCLUSIVE STYLES.

EVERY ARTICLE EXHIBITED ON THAT DAY WILL BE SHOWN FOR THE FIRST TIME.

They specially invite attention to their stock of

UNTRIMMED HATS

and to their very elegant assortment of

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FEATHERS AND FLOWERS,

the former embracing the plumages of the most beautiful

ENGLISH AND ORIENTAL BIRDS, VIZ., OSPREY, BLACK COCK, RAVEN, JAY, GULL, HACKLE, GOLD AND SILVER PHEASANTS, PEACOCK, GREBE, HERON, CORMORANT, JUNGLE FOWL, ARGUS AND IMPYANE,

As well as many other beautiful

TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS

CONNECTED WITH THIS DEPARTMENT.

BROADWAY, 4TH-AV. AND 10TH-ST.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

SEVEN PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE

CONVERTIBLE, SINKING FUND

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Danville, Urbana, Bloomington and Pekin Railroad Company

OF ILLINOIS.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD AT THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, NEW-YORK. COUPONS PAYABLE FIRST OF APRIL AND OCTOBER.

FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

Total Issue....................$2,000,000
Capital Stock.................. 3,000,000

The Bonds are a first mortgage on the railway, its rolling stock, depots, machine shops, lands, and the entire property of the Company.

LENGTH AND TOPOGRAPHY.

The road is 117 5-100 miles in length, the only East and West line connecting the Cities of Danville, Urbana, Bloomington and Pekin on the line of the old Emigrant Road. This section has been justly named the Garden of the West, and is noted for its large agricultural and manufacturing products, also for its valuable mines of coal. The local business will make the line a FIRST-CLASS PAYING ROAD.

VALUABLE CONNECTIONS.

In addition the Company provide for a large through business, having as MANY VALUABLE CONNECTIONS EAST AND WEST AS ANY ROAD now in operation. The line has lately been consolidated with the Indianapolis and Danville Road, making over 200 miles under one management.

At Indianapolis it connects with the Pennsylvania Central, Baltimore and Ohio, also with several other lines at Danville, with the Toledo, Wabash and Western, and at Pekin with Peoria, making a new through direct route in Illinois, connecting Philadelphia, New-York, Boston and Baltimore with Peoria, Keokuk, Burlington, Omaha and the Far West.

COMPLETION OF THE ROAD.

The road is being rapidly constructed, all graded and bridged, the track laying at the rate of one mile per day, all the iron and a large amount of rolling stock provided. The whole road WILL BE COMPLETED BEFORE THE 1ST OF JANUARY NEXT.

PROFIT OF THE INVESTMENT.

The bonds average LESS THAN EIGHTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER MILE, are CONVERTIBE INTO STOCK AT PAR, at the option of the holder, at any time, and may be registered in the name of the owner if desired.

The stocks of several of the principal lines of Illinois are selling at from above par to nearly 200. There is a reasonable prospect of the stock of this road, at no distant day, selling as high as either of them, which makes the convertible clause a valuable option.

We have PERSONALLY EXAMINED THE ROAD, and consider the bonds A CHOICE SECURITY; we therefore take pleasure in recommending them to investors as SAFE, PROFITABLE AND RELIABLE. A large portion of the loan has already been sold.

We are authorized to offer them for the present at 95 and accrued interest in currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price, without notice. At this price THEY PAY TEN PER CENT. in currency—nearly FIFTY PER CENT. MORE THAN THE SAME AMOUNT INVESTED IN GOVERNMENTS. Gold and all marketable securities received in exchange at highest market rates. Bonds forwarded by express free of charge.

TURNER BROTHERS,

BANKERS,

No. 14 Nassau-st., New-York.

FREEMAN & BURR,

CLOTHIERS, NOS. 138 AND 140 FULTON-ST.

OVERCOATS, in Castor & Chinchilla Beavers.
OVERCOATS, in Moscow & Whitney Beavers.
OVERCOATS, in Tricots & Waterproof Cloths.
OVERCOATS, in Silk Mixtures and Meltons.
OVERCOATS—Silk Facings and Velvet Collars.
OVERCOATS, the newest colorings & mixtures.
OVERCOATS, in Sacks, Frocks and Capes.
OVERCOATS, $8, $10, $12, $14, $15, $16, $18, $20.
OVERCOATS, $20, $22, $25, $28, $30 and $35.
OVERCOATS, $36, $40, $42, $45, $48, $50 and $55.

WINTER SUITS, Tricots, Silk Mixt'e, Tweeds.
WINTER SUITS, Meltons, Cheviots & Beavers.
WINTER SUITS, Check and Plaid Cassimeres.
WINTER SUITS, Mix'd & Diago'l Cassimeres.
WINTER SUITS, with doub'e-breast'd Jackets.
WINTER SUITS, with Sack & Paletot Coats.
WINTER SUITS, in all the newest mixtures.
WINTER SUITS—$12, $15, $18, $20 and $25.
WINTER SUITS—$30, $35, $38, $40 and $45.
WINTER SUITS—$50, $55, $60, $65 and $70.

BOYS' SUITS—All the latest Novelties.
BOYS' SUITS—For all ages from 3 to 15 years.
BOYS' SUITS—For Dress, Home and School.
BOYS' SUITS—In Velveteens, emb'd & braided.
BOYS' SUITS—$6, $8, $10, $12 and $14.
BOYS' SUITS—$15, $16, $18, $20, $22 and $24.
BOYS' OVERCOATS, in Castor & Fur Beavers.
BOYS' OVERCOATS, in Velvet's, richly brd'd
BOYS' OVERCOATS—And Walking Jackets.
BOYS' OVERCOATS—$5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 to 20.

A large assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, Cardigan Jackets, and fine Piece Goods, constantly in stock. Any garment made to measure at a few hours' notice.

COUNTRY ORDERS receive special attention. New rules for self-measurement, price list and patterns of goods, sent free on application.

A lot of slightly-damaged CLOTHING for sale at less than half cost.

FREEMAN & BURR,

CLOTHING WAREHOUSES,

NOS. 138 AND 140 FULTON-ST.

TIFFANY & CO.,

NOS. 550 AND 552 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, AND NO. 57 RUE DU CARDINAL FESCH, PARIS,

OFFER A LARGE VARIETY OF

DIAMONDS,
EMERALDS,
PEARLS
AND
SAPPHIRES,

and are constantly receiving from their partner resident in Paris his selections of fine Stones and Diamond and general Jewelry.

A Cure for Rupture

Under the skillful management of Dr. GREGORY, this dangerous disease is now successfully cured. His celebrated HERNIA LOTION for bathing the afflicted parts, while wearing WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS, has cured the most obstinate cases. Special attention is given to this branch of Surgery, and a cure warranted without pain or danger, and will not interfere with labor or business of any kind. Pamphlets sent for 10 cents, giving full explanations. Address C. AUGT. GREGORY, M. D., No. 609 Broadway, New-York.